TODAY'S WEATHER
Partly Cloudy and Cooler; Diminishing Winds.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

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THE WEATHER

Partly cloudy and cooler conditions today and fair and warmer weather for tomorrow is the forecast of the Washington weather observer for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature yesterday was 74 and the minimum 45. The sun rose clear at 6:21 and set cloudy at 5:10 yesterday. The daily report, furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Time.	Baro.	Tem	Hum.	Wind	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.15	48	80	N.	Clear
8 p. m.	29.91	65	42	S. W.	Pt. Cldy

Comparative temperature and precipitation for October 22:

	1902	1901		1902	1901
Maximum	69	76	Mean	54	61
Minimum	48	46	Precipitation	.00	.00
Max. tem., 8 p. m.	74		Exc. since Jan. 1		376
Min. tem., 7 a. m.	45		Nor. precip. 31 yrs.		.68
Mean temperature	60		Precip. for day		.00
Nor. tem. 31 yrs.	52		Dfcy for day		.68
Excess for day	8		Exc. since Oct. 1		1.34
Exc. since Oct. 1	72		Exc. since Jan. 1		4.04

Government Weather Forecast.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Partly cloudy and cooler Friday with showers near the lake. Diminishing northwest winds. Saturday fair and warmer.

Ohio—Fair and cooler Friday. Diminishing northwest winds. Saturday fair and warmer.

West Virginia—Fair Friday and Saturday. Cooler Friday. Warmer Saturday.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 o'clock last night:

St. Louis	84 Clear	Washington	60 Clear
Chicago	48 Clear	Indianapolis	52 Clear
Des Moines	46 Clear	Kansas City	84 Clear
Cairo	62 Pt.Cldy	Bismarck	46 Cloudy
Columbus	60 Clear	New Orleans	70 Clear
Marquette	34 Snow	Denver	56 Clear
St. Paul	44 Clear	Salt L. City	60 Clear
Duluth	42 Pt.Cldy	El Paso	68 Clear
Huron	42 Clear	Nashville	72 Clear

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—Julia Marlowe in "Fools of Nature" 8:15 p. m.

NEW GRAND—New stock company in "On the Quiet," 2 and 8 p. m.

AVENUE—Amelia Summerville and 14 other big vaudeville acts; continuous performance, 1:30 to 10:30 p. m.

DUQUESNE—Hyde's Comedians Company, 8 p. m.

BIJOU—Nellie McHenry in "M'Liss," 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The Village Postmaster," 8 p. m.

ACADEMY—Reilly & Woods' spectacular and vaudeville company, 2 and 8 p. m.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA EXPOSITION Society—Concerts by Walter Damrosch's New York symphony orchestra, 2, 4, 7:30 and 9:30 p. m.

CARNEGIE MUSIC HALL—Col. Henry Watterson lectures on "Society," 8 p. m.

ALLEGHENY CARNEGIE HALL—Bostonia Ladies' Orchestra, 8 p. m.

THUGS BREAK VICTIM'S NOSE AND TAKE $150

Thugs beat Charles Ludekofsky unconscious and robbed him of $150 at Liberty avenue and Twelfth street early this morning. The highwaymen attacked their victim in the dark, and before he could make an outcry he was hit with a handy-billy and fell unconscious to the sidewalk. The thugs kicked and beat him, breaking his nose and lacerating his face and body badly. When Ludekofsky recovered consciousness he went to Central police station and reported the assault. His wounds were dressed and he was later removed to his home in Glenwood.

BANKERS MAKE ASSURANCE DOUBLY SURE BY RAISING A BIG PROTECTIVE FUND

Official Announcement Issued After Clearing House Association Meeting Stating No Banks Here Will Require Help.

WILL INCREASE AMOUNT TO THREE MILLION DOLLARS

Voluntary Liquidation of the First National Bank Following the Suspension by the Federal National Expected and Caused No Stir.

"At a meeting of the Pittsburgh Clearing House association, held this afternoon, the members of the clearing house committee reported that so far as they could ascertain none of the banks in the vicinity of Pittsburgh would require assistance.

"In order to show their confidence in the present situation a fund of $2,500,000, which will probably be increased to $3,000,000, was subscribed by the bankers present to be used to assist banks should necessity require."

The above statement was given out yesterday as the official announcement of the committee of bankers in charge of the affairs of the Pittsburgh Clearing House association. Its purport carries out the announcement made in yesterday's Gazette that the banks of this city stand ready to show with their money their confidence in the stability of Pittsburgh's finances and the conservatism, ability and honesty of those who are charged with the administration of the city's financial institutions.

The announcement of the committee at the association meeting that "none of the banks in the vicinity of Pittsburgh would require assistance" means that those best qualified to know of this matter have made an investigation that has resulted in their entire satisfaction. It is only because of the fact that is always admitted to be true that the confidence of the people is the greatest factor in the successful management of all affairs, that the bankers take the lead in showing their confidence and have subscribed the fund of $2,500,000 and propose to increase it to $3,000,000.

Insures Stability of Banks.

Such a fund, backed as it is by the millions which can be raised to make it still stronger, is the best insurance possible to all concerned that Pittsburgh banks will be maintained as stable as they are and always have been.

Not only the banks in the Clearing House association, but the many other banks which are not members of that association and "clear" through members, have taken part in the raising of this subscription. There has been no assessment. Each bank has volunteered what it would give, and it can be stated positively that when the amount specified in the statement above was given out there was a large number of banks which had not even been approached on the subject. Some will not be seen until today or even tomorrow. The amount which was subscribed is the showing of but part of the institutions. It can be made much larger.

Immense Amounts of Profits.

Pittsburgh banks are notable for the immense surplus and undivided profits which they possess, and which has made them objects of wonder and admiration for the banks of other communities. The official statements made by the national banks of Pittsburgh on September 9 show that they have on hand no less than $20,701,896 of surplus and profits. The trust companies, according to the last report, have $35,118,565 of surplus and profits, while the state banks have $7,461,847. The grand total for the national and state banks and the trust companies of Pittsburgh proper is the immense sum of $73,281,808, which is increased to $76,814,592 by the addition of the $3,532,144 of surplus and profits the examinations show Allegheny's financial institutions possess.

It is from such a fund as this that strength comes in a time when it may be needed. It is therefore possible for the banks to feel thoroughly confident of their standing at this time and this confidence is shown by their willingness to put up the funds mentioned above.

Following the announcement of the closing of the doors of the Federal National bank came the resulting and expected announcement that the First National bank of Allegheny would go into voluntary liquidation. The control of the First National of Allegheny was held by interests identified with the Federal National and it was this knowledge that made the directors of the bank foresee the impossibility of avoiding a run upon the institution. The meeting at which the decision to accept voluntary liquidation was reached was told in the later editions of The Gazette yesterday. The meeting lasted until 4 a. m. yesterday morning, and at its close the following official statement was made:

Allegheny, Pa., Oct. 21, 1903.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the First National Bank of Allegheny, held this evening, October 21, 1903, it was resolved that, although the bank has ample assets to pay all of its depositors in full and have a handsome surplus for the shareholders, yet its supposed connection with the Federal National Bank of Pittsburgh has created wide distrust and caused a run on this bank, to such an extent that we feel it to be our duty to place the bank in voluntary liquidation.

The officers of the bank are directed to make application to the comptroller of the currency to take the necessary steps to accomplish this purpose.

JOHN THOMPSON,
President First National Bank of Allegheny.

Telegram to Comptroller.

To Acting Comptroller of the Currency George Kane was sent the following telegram:

At a meeting of the directors of the bank, held this evening, it was resolved on account of adverse rumors in connection with the failure of the Federal National Bank of Pittsburgh and inability to realize quickly on assets, to go into voluntary liquidation.

Mr. Kane stated that an application for voluntary liquidation cannot be considered until a bank has been officially examined and its condition ascertained.

The secretary of the treasury at once appointed E. J. Vaughan of Cardington, O., to take charge of the affairs of the bank. Mr. Vaughan is a national bank examiner of Ohio and is sent to Allegheny because of his thorough experience with such matters. For a year he was receiver of the City National bank of Buffalo, the tangled affairs of which he handled with great credit. It was stated from Washington last night that the treasury officials have expressed the greatest confidence in the outcome of the whole matter here because of the well-known resources of the great manufacturing center. Acting Comptroller Kane states that he does not expect any further serious trouble here.

Can Pay Every Dollar.

In a statement made yesterday, R. J. Stoney, Jr., vice president of the First National of Allegheny, said that an offer had been made by the clearing house banks to help tide over the demands, but that it was not accepted because the supposed connection with the Federal National was sure to start an overwhelming run. He said that every depositor will be paid every dollar and that a good balance will be left for distribution among the stockholders of the bank.

It is expected that the First National bank of Allegheny will go out of business permanently. Its situation is a peculiar one from the fact that the greater part of its stock was purchased a few months ago by the Federal National bank interests, and that those who have been on the board have in some cases been but small owners of the stock since that time. The bank has been a successful one, but the affairs of the interests controlling it have become complicated and the others interested do not feel like taking up the work of reconstructing the institution after the liquidation.

Stockholders Will Not Suffer.

Considerable progress was made yesterday by Receiver John B. Cunningham in the investigation of the affairs of the Federal National. The belief grows stronger that the outcome will be the repayment to the stockholders of nearly all they have invested in the bank's capital. There has been no doubt from the first as to the outcome for the depositors. Every cent will be returned, as the resources are far beyond the liabilities to depositors.

The capital stock of the bank, $2,000,000, was subscribed at $120 per $100 par value share. One in a position to know said last evening that the shareowners would receive upward of $100, but something less than $120 per share when the entire assets are liquidated.

Newsboy Called Wrong Bank.

A newsboy who was calling out the announcement of the liquidation of the First National bank of Allegheny with the name so garbled as to mean an entirely different institution, was arrested on a downtown corner yesterday afternoon.

The case is a novel one and is an example of the care that is needed to prevent an unwarranted report starting involving a stable bank.

BANK SHOWS STRENGTH.

The First National of Pitcairn Emerges With Flying Colors from the "Run."

The First National bank of Pitcairn has emerged successfully from a "run." At 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the last indications of distrust on the part of depositors had melted away under the influence of the ready money to meet all calls that were made and before the afternoon had ended deposits that had been drawn out on Wednesday and Tuesday were finding their way back to the bank.

The result of the run has not been to weaken the bank materially. Its deposits at the start were $131,000. Of these only $25,000, or less than one-sixth, were withdrawn. The cause of the start of the withdrawals was reports of the bank being implicated in the suspension of the Federal National of Pittsburgh. Dr. J. G. Stewart is president of the Pitcairn bank and A. W. Grifham is cashier.

STILL ANOTHR REDUCTION IN PRICE OF PIG IRON

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A reduction of pig iron prices was noted today and old iron rails and scrap iron was also much lower. The reduction in prices of northern and southern pig iron runs from 25 to 50 cents a ton, while the reduction in old iron runs all the way from 50 cents to $3 a ton. The last previous general reduction in iron prices was on October 6. This last reduction is attributed to the liberal offerings of southern iron at reduced prices, and it is said that private sales have been made at or below the prices now quoted.

No One Escapes the "Hunch."

CHANGE IN HEADS OF TWO LOCAL HOSPITALS

Peter K. Bechtel, Superintendent of Homeopathic Institution in Pittsburgh, to Take Charge of Allegheny General When It Is Completed.

Superintendent Peter K. Bechtel of the Homeopathic hospital has accepted the superintendency of the Allegheny General hospital and will assume charge of that institution when its new buildings are completed. Mr. Bechtel has notified the board of directors of the Homeopathic hospital of his intention to sever his relations with that institution and has signed the contract with the Rev. Dr. Maitland Alexander, president of the board of directors of the Allegheny General hospital, to manage the institution across the river.

Superintendent Bechtel entered into negotiations with President Alexander two weeks ago. The directors of the Allegheny General hospital held a meeting in September and the president was delegated to confer with Superintendent Bechtel about taking charge of the new hospital. President Alexander met Mr. Bechtel and a contract was signed by the latter to take charge of the big hospital. The services of the present superintendent of the Allegheny General hospital, Miss Alice Pierson, will end when the new building is completed. Miss Pierson may accept some subordinate position.

Superintendent Bechtel is well known in both cities. He is a man of wide experience in the management of hospitals. He is a graduate of the Iron City college and was afterward instructor of that institution for seven years. Mr. Bechtel was born in Williamsburg, Blair county. He severed his connections with the Iron City college to take a position as bookkeeper at the West Penn hospital. He served in that capacity for a short time, when he was made superintendent of the institution. Superintendent Bechtel had charge of the West Penn hospital for three years, when he was elected superintendent of the Homeopathic hospital in 1900. Since that time he has had absolute charge of that infirmary. Superintendent Bechtel is well known in both cities and has many friends among the public officials.

ST. LOUIS COUNCILMAN ARRESTED IN MEXICO

Had Jumped $20,000 Bail Bond After Indictment on Charge of Bribery.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

GUADALAJARA, MEXICO, Oct. 22.—Charles Kratz, a member of the St. Louis city council, indicted on a charge of bribery, who jumped a $20,000 bond, was arrested today by the local authorities on orders from the federal government at the City of Mexico. He will be held until officers with requisition papers from the United States arrive.

Kratz was indicted February 5, 1902, by the grand jury on the charge of bribery in connection with the Suburban Street railway franchise deal, in which $135,000 was placed in a safe deposit vault in St. Louis to be used to pay for the passage through council of a franchise asked for by the Suburban company. This money has been recovered and is now in the hands of Circuit Attorney Folk of St. Louis. Kratz was released in bonds of $20,000 and on April 4, 1902, he left St. Louis before his case went to trial. He came to Mexico, where he has remained ever since. On April 7 his bond was forfeited.

The arrest of Kratz was brought about at the request of the state department of the United States after several conferences had by Circuit Attorney Folk with Secretary Hay, in which Mr. Folk endeavored to secure the return of the fugitive under the treaty recently signed by both governments. A heavy reward still stands for Kratz.

CONSUMPTION CASE CURED AT PHIPPS INSTITUTE

Victim of Advanced Stage of the Disease Completely Restored to Health.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—That consumption can be cured even when it has reached an advanced stage, by the open air treatment, the doctors of the Phipps Institute think is proved by some of the cases treated at that hospital during the past year.

One remarkable case is that of a girl 7 years old, who was carried to the hospital on June 18 of this year. She was in an advanced stage of the disease and the case was looked upon by almost hopeless. The child weighed only 18 pounds and could not speak above a whisper. Under the care of the institute she soon began to improve and on August 28 weighed 44 pounds. She was then sent to the home for consumptives at White Haven, where only hopeful cases are received.

The gain in health continued and now the child weighs 54 pounds, goes singing about the place, and as Dr. Flick said yesterday, "runs the whole institution, for every one about the hospital from the president down is devoted to the pretty child.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

MILLIONAIRE DEWEY AND SON ARRESTED

Charged With Fencing Government Land and Intimidating Settlers.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

TOPEKA, KAN., Oct. 22.—A deputy United States marshal went to Riley, Riley county today and placed Millionaire C. P. Dewey and his son Chauncey Dewey, under arrest, on a charge of fencing government land and intimidating the settlers in Cheyenne county. The indictment was returned by the grand jury at Leavenworth and included James McBride, William McBride and William Ratcliff, employes of the Deweys on their western ranch.

Among the principal witnesses for the government will be the Berry boys, whose relatives were murdered some months ago on a ranch near the Dewey home. The Deweys were arraigned today and gave bond until their hearing before the federal court at Topeka at a date to be set later.

LADRONES SURPRISE TOWN.

Killed Relatives of Head Official and Captured Nine Guns.

MANILA, Oct. 22.—The news has just been received here that a band of Ladrones surprised the town of Irigs in the province of Ambos Camarines, Luzon, and killed the wife and uncle of the presidente and three volunteers. Before retiring they captured nine guns.

Ouofre, the leader of the Ladrones, was killed. The presidente says that he was betrayed by the municipal secretary.

MAJ. QUAY APPOINTED TO PHILADELPHIA POST

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—President Roosevelt has appointed Maj. A. G. C. Quay, son of Senator Quay, deputy naval officer at the port of Philadelphia. The place pays $2,500 a year, and was formerly held by Leslie Jeffries, who resigned. Maj. Quay some time ago resigned his commission in the army. His father called at the White House a few days ago to pay his respects to the president, and it was during his social call that the appointment of Maj. Quay was secured.

OPERATING EXPENSES TO BE REDUCED 25 PER CENT

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The United States Steel Corporation will seek for a time to reduce its operating expenses at least 25 per cent. Part of this, probably 15 per cent, will be brought about through economies to be made by closing plants, while the remaining 10 per cent will have to be saved through wage reductions and discharges. The economies will affect chiefly the least skilled of the 190,000 wage-earners.

GLASSWORKERS FAIL TO EFFECT CONSOLIDATION

Phillips Faction Accepts Reduction While Offer of Burns' Workers Is Rejected.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 22.—All hope of an agreement between the Burns and Phillips glass workers was lost today with the official announcement of President C. P. Cole of the Independent Window Glass Company, which has headquarters in this city, that the Phillips men had agreed to accept a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent in wages and that the plants where they are employed will soon be opened.

Mr. Cole said that the furnaces controlled by the Independent company have been fired and that work will begin at the various plants within a very few days. Asked as to the truth of a report that the Burns workers promised to loan the Independent $75,000, an amount similar to that loaned the Federation company, to assure the Burns workers employment, Mr. Cole said: "A proposition of that kind was advanced to us six weeks ago, but we rejected it. Our company does not need to borrow money."

It was ascertained from a wholly reliable source tonight that all hope of combining the two organizations of glass workers has been abandoned and that they propose to fight each other with increased bitterness. The Federation Window Glass Company and the Burns workers will be on one side and the Independent company and the Phillips workers on the other.

Leopold Mambourg, secretary of the Federation Window Glass Company, late tonight gave out the following statement relative to the glass situation: "The starting of the C. P. Cole plants at Lancaster, Ohio, I believe is an individual move and does not represent the attitude of the Independents. It appears that the action was prompted by selfish interests. I don't think any other plant owned by the Independent company will start on the Cole plant basis. I don't believe the workers will submit to any such reduction. It will not help them to get one more day's work."

COMPLAINT AGAINST AN AMERICAN CONSUL

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Lydia M. von Finklestein Mountford, director of exhibits and displays of the Jerusalem Exhibit Company at the Louisiana Purchase exposition, called at the White House today to complain against the treatment accorded her by the United States consul, Selah Merrill, at Jerusalem, whom she declared called her "a Russian Jewess and a British subject." On account of personal jealousy at her success, she declared, he had assailed her character. She intends pressing her charges at the state department.

SAFE BREAKERS USE TOO MUCH EXPLOSIVE

ST. JOSEPH, MICH., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Citizens of Romulus were awakened this morning by an explosion. Cracksmen had wrecked the village bank. The safe blowers inserted a charge of nitro-glycerin and touched it off. The charge was heavier than they anticipated. The walls were blown down and the plate glass front ruined. The safe was blown over with the combination resting on the floor. The burglars ran away without securing a cent and made their escape in a buggy.

ERIE MAN COMMITS SUICIDE IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A well-dressed man about 40 years old committed suicide in Bryant park tonight by taking carbolic acid. From papers found the police believe him to have been Charles Miller of Erie, Pa. A note read: "Notify George H. Miller, Erie, Pa." There was also a card of the Elks saying that Charles F. Miller was an Elk of good standing, and a receipt for $6 signed "H. H. Hill, Erie, Pa." and dated January 9, 1902. On the receipt was printed "Zem Zem Temple, A. A. O. N. Mystic Shrine, Oasis of Erie, Pa."

SMALL HOPE FOR PEACE EXISTS

Negotiations Are About Broken Off Between Russia and Japan.

CHINA THREATENED

Japanese Consul at Honolulu Hears That War Is Already Declared.

FLEETS GATHER IN PACIFIC

[Special Cable to The Gazette.]

Tokio, Oct. 22.—Negotiations are virtually at a standstill. There is an ominous sound of active military preparation throughout the land. Japan is determined to be ready for any emergency. A crisis is probable within a few days. Russia, it is true, is displaying a less elusive and irritating disposition toward Japan's representatives on the Manchurian and Korean questions, but it cannot be stated that the situation is improved. The ultimate source of difficulty is Russia's apparent determination to invade Japan's sphere of vital interests. As long as that is the case any day may bring forth war.

Certain Japanese officials hope and believe that Russia, in view of the international attitude in the far east, which is almost, if not altogether anti-Russian, will stop short of actual hostilities. Nevertheless this feeling is not sufficiently strong to prevent a sense of apprehension amounting in many minds to a conviction that ominous events are close at hand.

It is reported from Peking that M. Lessar, the Russian minister, has addressed a long note to Prince Ching, head of the Chinese foreign office, saying that Japan's interference in the Manchurian question will compel Russia to adopt final measures, and threatening China with severe punishment if she sides with Japan.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 22.—A request of the Associated Press today for a statement from the foreign office indicating Russia's position in connection with the far eastern question elicited only the significant reading of a less reassuring dispatch from Toklo.

The newspapers here say the Russian Pacific squadron consists of 54 warships, including six battleships, eight first-class and five second-class cruisers, seven gunboats, two torpedo cruisers, two torpedo transports and 24 torpedo boat destroyers, having an aggregate of 750 officers and 13,250 men. There are now on the way to the far east two battleships, three first-class cruisers and 11 torpedo boats of various classes, with 164 officers and 3,284 men.

HONOLULU, Oct. 22.—(Special Cable.)—The Japanese consul here has just warned the master of a Japanese mail steamer which was sailing for Yokohama that war has been declared.

The Japanese mate of the Japanese mail steamer Nippon Maru visited the consulate and informed the captain on his return that he had been told war had been declared. The consulate clerks deny receiving the news. The captain credits the report and is worried. He will call at Midway Island for advices.

MOB FIRES FOUR HOMES, DRIVES FAMILIES AWAY

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Indignation over the imposing of a jail sentence for attempted murder led to the driving away of four families from Vernon, Jennings county, last night and the destruction of the house in which the families lived. In August, Lew Bushfield attempted to kill Frank Van Plass, and yesterday Bushfield was given a jail sentence on a plea of guilty. Early this morning a mob visited the homes of the Bushfield families, four in number, ordered them to remove their furniture and when this had been done the houses were set on fire and destroyed.

Carnegie Contributes to Queenstown.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 22.—Andrew Carnegie before embarking today on board the steamer Cedric for New York contributed $5,000 to help purchase an organ for the Catholic cathedral at Queenstown.

ZION CRUSADE FIZZLES OUT

Large Number of Dowie's Army Weary and Homesick.

TRAINLOADS LEAVE

Leaders Whistle to Keep Up Their Courage, but the "Host" Is Discouraged.

"PROPHET" IS GOING ABROAD

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

New York, Oct. 22.—The leaders of Zionism, from "Elijah" himself down to the lowliest deputy overseer, were obliged to look meekly on this afternoon while multitudes of the faithful began to take up the shout "back to Chicago" and to start for the railroad stations. Early in the day large numbers of the host exchanged their hymn books for time tables, and thence forward the greeting, "Peace to thee," was heard more often at the passenger stations than elsewhere in the city.

Weary and footsore with their pilgrimages among the unregenerate, and afflicted with ills that failed to yield to treatment, they decided that Chicago was good enough for them. Following the two special trains which will bear 700 of the "faithful" on the joyous homeward way, smaller parties will embark on various trains, and it is likely that Sunday will dawn on only a few straggling bands of the host in Madison Square garden.

Tomorrow's specials will resemble hospital trains. Nearly 100 of the 750 who return to Zion are sick and will have to be taken to the trains in ambulances or carriages and nursed on the way home. The illness of many of these is declared to be due to improper food and lack of comfortable sleeping quarters.

Dowie Is Disheartened.

It was predicted at the Madison Square garden this afternoon, even among the followers of "Elijah III.," that he would give up his attempt to "restore New York to Zion" before the end of next week and that the entire host would take its departure.

The open revolt came this afternoon, when, after they had been put off by their leaders with excuses, many Zionists demanded to be sent home. To a man they were disgruntled, and they were described by the elders as the weak members."

Hundreds of others besides the ones who were chosen for the exams were equally anxious to go. They flocked about the elders and overseers all day, showing letters from home telling of troubles there that must be attended to and giving all manner of excuses. Those who had enough money to defray their own expenses offered to spend it willingly if they secured the sanction of their overseers. But they were reprimanded sharply and told that those who hate tomorrow would have a special train.

Dowie was not greatly shocked by the revolt. He commanded that those who were the "weakest in faith" be chosen for the home going, and the elders set about accordingly to choose the fortunate crowd. There was no trouble in selecting them, for the "host" was coughing and sneezing mightily all day in the garden, and those who were noticeably afflicted were told to be on hand tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, when the special train will start over the Nickel Plate road.

Accommodations Inadequate.

Mr. Corlett, the eastern representative of the Zion industries, explained this afternoon that the principal cause of discomfort had been the breaking of contracts by lodging house keepers. As a consequence the provisions for housing the "host" were utterly inadequate.

The Zionites have found their invasion one of "all work and no play." The guards have been kept busy on duty at the garden 16 hours a day and have been compelled to sleep in stuffy rooms in the garden in such crowds that President Lederle of the health board had to interfere. Many members of the "host" have been compelled to work all day in the house to house canvass and trust to luck to find a place to sleep.

The following is an actual conversation

Continued on Second Page, Fourth Column.

LEADING BANKERS THINK DEPRESSION TEMPORARY

Sentiment Among Financiers Attending San Francisco Is Generally Hopeful—Bountiful Crops Will Prevent Serious Hard Times.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Prominent members of the American Bankers' association now in San Francisco have been asked whether the remarkable decline in values of Wall street securities is to be followed by a general business depression; also whether the bank and trust company failures in Baltimore and Pittsburgh are signs of an approaching drop in business activity. They expressed various opinions, but none of them think that panicky conditions will obtain.

Within the past six months the shrinkage in stock values has been in excess of $2,000,000,000, and recently out of 100 high-class railroad and industrial stocks listed on the New York exchange only 16 were above par. Some of the visiting bankers assert that this decline is due to squeezing out of water so as to get to a legitimate basis. That the Wall street trouble will affect general business perceptibly is a matter on which they disagree.

Some of the visitors assert that the trouble is due to over-speculation and too much water, and that a return to lower but more honest values is best for Wall street as well as the country at large. They are prepared to admit that there may be a slight reaction in business following the great activity of the past four or five years, and in view of the approaching presidential election.

Nature has been very bountiful with its crops this season. The southern states have 11,000,000 bales of cotton, which, with the ky products, means to the planters some $800,000,000. The corn producing states have in the aggregate over 2,000,000,000 bushels and wheat is a good crop. In Kansas alone the corn and wheat crop this year is 200,000,000 and 100,000,000 bushels respectively, and they are worth to the farmers $250,000,000. These are some of the facts given by the bankers, who insist that the country generally outside of Wall street is too prosperous to be more than slightly affected by the collapse of watered properties. The few and not the general public have been hit by the collapse.

HEALING WITHIN RADIUM'S POWER

William J. Hammer Says the Curing of Dangerous Diseases Is a Possibility.

DISCOVERY IS IN ITS INFANCY

Lecturer Showed Over 1,000 Persons in Carnegie Music Hall a Specimen of the Marvellous New-Found Metal. Radium's Wonderful Power Discussed.

That consumption and other dangerous diseases may be cured by the action of radium is regarded as being within the possibilities of scientific research in the development of the famous new-found metal. William J. Hammer, in his lecture last night at Carnegie Music hall before the Academy of Science, while most conservative in the claims for the element with which he has made notable experiments, declared that radium is but in its infancy, but when science demonstrates its practical uses it will revolutionize many theories and will prove a boon in the commercial world.

One of the largest audiences that ever gathered in the music hall witnessed Mr. Hammer's demonstrations. The people marveled at the radiographs which were shown on the screen and at the close of the lecture more than 1,000 persons walked before the stage and peered through the tiny tubes where the precious stuff was kept.

The lecturer had told his hearers that an infinitesimal quantity of pure radium placed on a sleeper's pillow would result in paralysis of the brain. He said that there was more radium in the case on the stage than in all the United States, and when the crowd passed before the footlights to view the strange metal it was with mingled curiosity and awe. It had been told how the rays given off by radium travel at half the speed of light or and on through ether, through walls, through human bodies—on indefinitely. Those who sat entranced by Mr. Hammer's description could not leave the building without feeling that their bodies were the centers of radio-activity.

Mr. Hammer is a consulting engineer in New York. He uses no funny stories or anecdotes to brighten his description and his lecture would be dull indeed on the popular platform were it not for his absolute sincerity. Radium by Mr. Hammer is regarded almost literally as a miracle. After giving experiments with various phosphorescent substances he told of the possibilities of science in this direction. He said:

Some day we may learn the firefly's secret. Heat may be produced without flame or sensitive heat and by stimulating these substances we may be able to produce the most wonderful illuminating effects. Radium is refined from pitchblende, a quartz rock resembling iron ore, found in Central Europe and in the states of Colorado, Texas and North Carolina. A pound of the metal is worth $2,725,000.

From a ton of the rock but a few grams of the pure article can be extracted, and there is said to be more gold in sea water than the proportion of radium in pitchblende. The expensive process in extracting the metal and the consequent demand for it for experimental purposes will continue to make it the most expensive of minerals.

The pure violet light produced is fatal to micro-organisms which cause consumption, cancer, tumors and other diseases. Medical research along these lines has met with the most encouraging results. As time goes on still more wonderful experiments will be made. When roofers laughed at Benjamin Franklin's experiments with the kite key he would do, the philosopher in turn asked of what use were babies. Radium must be developed just as we have progressed in the science of electricity.

Tonight an informal meeting of the Academy of Science and Art will be held in the lecture room at the Carnegie institute for a discussion of Mr. Hammer's lecture. A long list of topics have been arranged for the discussion during the afternoon. The attendance last night was the greatest the society has ever enjoyed.

MAURICE GRAU'S SECRETARY KILLS HERSELF IN PARIS

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A meager report of the suicide of Miss Martha Sauer, private secretary to Maurice Grau, reached here today. She ended her life by shooting herself in a Paris hotel last week because of the failure of her intended marriage to an officer in the Austrian army. Miss Sauer was engaged by Maurice Grau five years ago. She was not engaged by Mr. Conried when he took up the cares of the Metropolitan opera house, going to Paris early in the summer to be Mr. Grau's secretary.

LITTLE HOPE FOR W. L. ELKINS' RECOVERY

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—It was stated tonight that after a consultation of physicians attending William L. Elkins, the multi-millionaire capitalist of this city, who is seriously ill at his home, the family of the sick man was informed that there is little hope of his recovery.

New Clarion County Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—John W. Baker was today appointed postmaster at Duffeuer, Clarion county, Pa.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived October 22.

New York—Bovic, from Liverpool; Neckar, from Bremen; Teutonic, from Liverpool.

New York—Bohemian, from New York for Liverpool.

Glasgow—Mongolian, from New York.

London—Mesaba, from New York.

Havre—La Savoie, from New York.

Fort Island—Anchoria, from New York for Glasgow.

Naples—Sicilian Prince, from New York via St. Nicholas and Palermo.

Liverpool—Slavonia, from New York; Westernland, from Philadelphia.

Antwerp—Switzerland, from Philadelphia.

Genoa—Perugia, from New York.

Manila—Transport, from Tacoma via Moji and Honskong for Liverpool.

Brow Head—Columbus, from Boston for Queenstown and Liverpool.

Naples—Hohenzollern, from New York via Gibraltar for Genoa and proceeded.

Hamburg—Patricia, from New York.

Sailed October 22.

New York—Augusta Victoria, for Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg; La Bretagne, for Havre; Grosser Kurfurst, for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Laurentian, for Glasgow.

Almeria—Calabria, from Marseilles for New York.

Glasgow—Buenos Ayrean, for Boston.

Queenstown—Friesland, from Liverpool for Philadelphia; Cedric, from Liverpool for New York.

Liverpool—Ionian, for Montreal via Moville; Macedonian, for Boston via Queenstown.

Hongkong—Empress of China, for Vancouver via Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama.

Gravesend—Memphis, from Hamburg and Antwerp for Seattle.

CLOSING TIME OF MAILS AT THE POSTOFFICE

New York—1:30, 2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Philadelphia—1:30, 2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 9:30 p. m.

Baltimore—1:00, 2:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 12:45, 9:00, 9:30, 9:30 p. m.

Atlantic City—1:00, 8:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:00, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

Boston—7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 10:15, 1:30 p. m.

Cleveland—1:30, 7:30, 8:30 a. m.; 3:00, 6:30, 11:00 p. m.

Cincinnati—1:30, 8:10, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 12:30, 7:45, 8:30 p. m.

Chicago—2:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

St. Louis—1:30, 5:10, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

St. Paul—5:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

San Francisco—8:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 7:30, 8:45 p. m.

Denver—1:30, 8:30, 11:30 a. m.; 8:45 p. m.

Boston—1:30, 6:30, 7:30 a. m.; 4:10, 6:30, 8:30, 9:30 p. m.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

FINE PIANO $145.

We have a beautiful upright piano, used a few months, for $145, or a little higher on terms to suit; tone and action perfect; square pianos, $10; organs, $10, etc.

HENRICKS PIANO CO., LTD.,
411-413 Smithfield Street, Lewis Block.
(Established 30 years.)

COULDN'T EXPLAIN $250,000 CHECK

Incident of the Shipbuilding Case Is Mysterious to the Examiner.

SCHWAB WANTS TO TESTIFY

Declares That His Wife Is Desperately Ill and He Is Anxious to Get Back Home — Nixon Continues His Evidence.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Lewis Nixon occupied the witness chair again today at the hearing before an examiner of the United States Shipbuilding case, and gave much testimony covering the finances and general affairs of the corporation. He testified that he had opposed the Sheldon reorganization and had as a counter proposition urged that the stock be assessed in order to raise the amount necessary to save the corporation from default and bankruptcy.

His plan of assessment was opposed by Charles M. Schwab, holder at that time of $20,000,000 of the stock, who, according to Mr. Nixon, declared that the stockholders would pay the assessment. Mr. Schwab, so Mr. Nixon swore, declined to put up any more unless the Bethlehem bonds were given preference as a lien upon the shipbuilding plants to the first mortgage bonds.

Mr. Nixon's testimony also developed the fact that there was a wide discrepancy as to estimated earnings in letters written by Treasurer Gary to members of the reorganization committee, and Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the bondholders, asked if it did not show that there had been an attempt to minimize the value of the shipyards and magnify the value of the Bethlehem plant, but the witness would not say so.

Check's History Unknown.

Much time was taken up with an unsuccessful effort to get at the history of a mysterious check for $250,000 found at the Trust Company of the Republic. It was drawn to "Lewis Nixon or ourselves." Mr. Nixon swore that he had never seen the check before and that he knew nothing of its history. Both sides disclaimed knowledge of its history and the destination of the amount of money for which it was drawn, and the only explanation offered from any source was that it had been made out by mistake and had simply been put through the banks by the Trust Company of the Republic. The effort to get the history of the check will be renewed later in the hearing.

Mr. Nixon testified that he knew as early as last April that unless the combination could get some money from the Bethlehem property or elsewhere it must fail, and warned his associates on the directorate that they must husband resources. It was brought out on cross examination that the share of promotion profits set aside for Mr. Schwab, of which Mr. Nixon told yesterday, had never been paid. None of the commitments on account of promotion were paid, so Mr. Nixon testified.

The hearing will go on tomorrow afternoon and at the close will probably be adjourned for 10 days on account of the engagements of counsels. This adjournment will probably prevent the taking of the testimony of Messrs. Schwab and Pam until some time week after next.

Says Mrs. Schwab Is Ill.

When the time for adjourning the shipbuilding hearing came today the question of postponing the matter until next week was broached by Mr. Untermyer and Henry Wollman, his association counsel, both stating that their presence in court was required in several other cases. Mr. Schwab turned to Mr. Untermyer and said:

"No, I want to go right on. I want to go on the stand. There is illness in my family and I want to go home."

"Mr. Schwab, we have never asked for your presence here while there was any illness in your family, your presence was waived when your counsel said you would be here as soon as we desired it," returned Mr. Untermyer. "Now we cannot devote all our lives to this case; we have neglected other matters and are forced to have ourselves excused in court elsewhere day after day recently, and we must adjourn this for the present."

"Mr. Untermyer, my wife is desperately ill," insisted Mr. Schwab, "and I want to go back to her. When can we go on?"

A compromise was arranged whereby a hearing will be held tomorrow afternoon and then counsel will agree as to which days next week the matter can be resumed. The complainants counsel, it was said, do not seem to want to put Mr. Pam and Mr. Schwab on the stand until they have obtained additional information from James Livingston, John W. Young and one or two others.

MRS. C. M. SCHWAB ILL.

Members of Her Family Deny That Her Condition Is Critical.

A report from New York last night that Mrs. Charles M. Schwab was critically ill at her home in Loretto was denied by members of her family in Pittsburgh and they evinced no particular alarm regarding her condition. It is well known, however, that Mrs. Schwab has been in poor health for some time and she has remained at her mountain home while her husband made frequent trips there from his office in New York.

Mrs. A. C. Dinkey, her sister-in-law, said last night:

"Mrs. Schwab has complained for nearly five years. She has made two trips abroad to be treated by a famous specialist in Paris. This summer she made the quiet retreat at Loretto. I have heard no untoward news lately and I do not believe that her condition is critical."

A special from Altoona, Pa., says: Mrs. Charles M. Schwab is lying seriously ill from appendicitis at her home at Loretto. Her condition is stated to be favorable to recovery. Mrs. Schwab's condition was at no time so dangerous that all the members of her family were sent for. Mrs. Schwab, who is in New York, is being kept informed of her condition by long distance telephone."

RECEIVERSHIP DENIED COPPER MINING COMPANY

BUTTE MONT., Oct. 22.—Judge Clancy in the district court today refused the receivership petition of John McGinnis, a stockholder in the Boston & Montana Mining Company against that company, but granted an injunction restraining the Boston & Montana from transferring its stock to the Amalgamated Copper Company and paying dividends to that concern. The receivership petition is not denied permanently.

PITTSBURGH CONCERN IS INCORPORATED IN ALBANY

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Corporation Trust Company of New York today filed incorporation papers for the Merry Company of Pittsburgh. The capitalization is $8,000. The incorporators are William F. Merry of Pittsburgh and George L. White and Mary F. White of Rochester, N. Y. The company is to do a wholesale clothing business.

Volunteers' Council in Pittsburgh.

The Volunteers of America, under the presidency of Ballington and Maud Booth, will convene their grand field council in Pittsburgh on Sunday next.

The EXPO buildings will be too small for the tremendous crowds that are sure to be on hand for the closing concerts by the great DAMROSCH orchestra. The season positively closes tomorrow night.

There is a genuine RUSH demand for tickets to the MELBA concert. Sale now on at Meller's.

WOMAN WRITES LETTERS TO MAIL ROBBER BELL

United States Marshal at Philadelphia Has Two Missives That Seem to Change Theory That Escape Was Previously Planned.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—Impelled by promise of reward and desire for glory, a host of detectives, both professional and amateurs, have engaged in the search for Albert E. Bell, the elusive forger and mail robber, who gave two deputy United States marshals from Denver the slip in Broad street station Monday.

In care of the United States marshal are two letters addressed to Bell, which may throw some light on the mystery surrounding the postal robber's escape. They are postmarked Chicago and their handwriting bears marked resemblance to that of Mrs. Sharpe, the woman whom Bell is said to love and who aided him in many of his ventures. The officers at work on the case take this as evidence that Bell's escape was planned and executed simultaneously and not previously arranged, also that it was the real Bell who disappeared here Monday and not a "dummy," as has been suggested.

Had Bell worked according to prearrangement, they argue, the woman in the case would have known of his plans. The line of action now being adopted by the federal officials is to find this woman. This they can do, they think, through her letters. Sooner or later, it is thought, Bell will arrange to meet or return to Mrs. Sharpe, and there his capture may be effected.

Deputy United States Marshals E. H. Davis and Alvah Baker of Denver, from whom Bell escaped, today asked permission of United States District Attorney Holland to return to their homes. Their request was refused.

"The men must remain in Philadelphia until we have concluded our investigation," said Mr. Holland.

Government officials say they see no reason, under ordinary circumstances, for the deputy marshals remaining in this city more than 24 hours, unless their presence was necessary at a commissioner's hearing. As Baker and Davis did not deliver their prisoner, they will not be essential as witnesses if the fugitive is retaken, and their continued stay in this city is regarded as significant.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

CONGRESSMAN SAFE FROM PROSECUTION

Attorney General Knox Says Statute Bars Action Against Littauer.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The decision of the attorney general in the Littauer glove contract case was made public today, and Congressman Littauer will not be sued by the government to recover money paid him under the contract which he made while a member of the house of representatives, nor will there be any criminal charges brought against him.

Under the ruling of Attorney General Knox the matter is now a dead issue, as he finds it too late to proceed against Littauer on the ground of the statute of limitation, and no useful purpose would be subserved by further action in the matter.

The attorney general says that the contract was executed properly and the goods delivered satisfactorily. Consequently no demand could be made for a return of a part of the money under clause of this section upon which such action must necessarily be brought. The clause in question is to the effect that all contracts or agreements made in violation of this section shall be void and whenever any money is advanced on the part of the United States in consideration of any such contract or agreement it shall forthwith be repaid.

The attorney general holds that the word "advanced" used in this clause, has the ordinary legal meaning and cannot be applied to a contract which has been executed.

BOY BURNED TO DEATH.

Was Playing About Burning Rubbish Heap—Some Other Cases for the Coroner.

Harvey, the 5-year-old son of Samuel McNeil of Verona, was playing in an alley yesterday when his clothes caught fire from a burning pile of rubbish. He was wrapped in a blanket, but was fatally burned before the flames could be extinguished.

Edward C. Williams, a pencil vendor, 30 years old, died yesterday at the Hotel Elk, Braddock, of a hemorrhage of the lungs. Williams was walking upstairs, but felt from weakness. He was taken to a room and died 10 minutes later.

Nicholas Heilman, employed at the Callery tannery in River avenue, Allegheny, had his skull fractured yesterday by an engine bolt breaking and striking him on the head. He died at the Allegheny general hospital.

John Gumbaugh, a bricklayer of No. 234 Glass street, Sharpsburg, was crushed between two cars at Spang, Chalfant & Company's works and died at the Allegheny general hospital.

It was reported to the coroner that Albert Walter, 50 years old, had died at the house of E. Lohmeyer and had refused medical attention. The coroner found that he died of asthma.

DOMINGO MUST PAY DEBTS.

United States Serves Notice It Will Not Give Protection Against Creditors.

SAN DOMINGO, Oct. 22.—The United States Minister, Mr. Powell, delivered yesterday, at the national place, an autograph letter from President Roosevelt, congratulating General Wos Gil upon his election as constitutional president of the republic. Mr. Powell, in the course of his remarks, referred to the kind wishes of the president and the people of the United States for the prosperity of the Dominican republic, adding that if the Dominicans desired to maintain this friendship it was necessary for the government of Santo Domingo to live up to its obligations and carry out fully its agreements.

Mr. Powell pointed out that the Washington government did not seek to destroy the autonomy of this republic and was ready in case of necessity to protect its territorial rights. But the United States would not interfere to protect Santo Domingo against its lawful creditors.

President Gil replied that Santo Domingo intended to act in complete accord with its powerful neighbor, and said it was the government's intention to settle all differences amicably.

ELECTRIC PATENT SUSTAINED.

Case Involving Entire Aluminum Industry Decided in Court.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A case involving the entire aluminum industry of the country was decided here when the United States court of appeals handed down a decision upholding the validity of the so-called Bradley patent for smelting by the use of electricity.

The case was one brought by the Electric Smelting & Aluminum Company of Cleveland against the Pittsburgh Reduction Company, the only concern manufacturing aluminum in this country, with plants at Niagara Falls and Massena, N. Y., and this court reversed the decision of the lower court, which granted the Cleveland company an injunction restraining the Pittsburgh Reduction Company from the use of the processes at present employed and ordered an accounting of profits for the time that it has been manufacturing aluminum in infringement of the Bradley patent, some 12 years.

Pittsburgh Man Chosen.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 22.—The annual session of the supreme council of the Knights of Malta was concluded here today with the election of these officers: Supreme commander, David F. Mellville, Braddock; supreme treasurer, W. J. Rugh, Pittsburgh. The next annual session will be held at Washington, D. C.

Minnesota Bank Suspends.

LESEUR, MINN., Oct. 22.—The Farmers and Merchants bank, a private institution owned by W. H. and W. A. Patten, father and son, closed its doors this afternoon. Neither of the proprietors would make a statement as to the cause of the failure, nor of the financial condition of the bank further than to say that the liabilities would amount to $50,000. It is alleged that over-speculation was the cause of the failure.

Seats for MELBA'S grand concert are in urgent demand.

The musical event of the season will be the magnificent MELBA concert on next Wednesday evening.

Five superior artists will assist MELBA at her grand Pittsburgh concert next Wednesday evening.

ZION CRUSADE FIZZLES, DOWIEITES START HOME

Continued from First Page.

which took place between a member of the "host" and a Zion guard this afternoon:

"Are you going home tomorrow?" asked the member of the "host."

"I hope so," the guard replied.

"I got a letter this morning from my wife, begging me to come home," said the other, "and I have asked to be allowed to go."

"I am sick of the whole business," the guard said emphatically.

The feeling among the followers of "Elijah III." is very close to open rebellion.

Dowie at the morning meeting said he would endeavor to convert the pope. He added that he had received many bogus checks since coming to New York, but that others had been good.

"There is no need for followers to rush back to Zion," said he, "because of those suits by merchants of Chicago. They are against me personally and not against Zion."

At the forenoon meeting Dowie announced that he would join his wife in Adelaide, Australia, in April. He spoke moderately for a while. About a thousand of the audience left the hall. A group of young men added to the disturbance by yelling and pounding on the side doors of the garden. Dowie closed the service suddenly.

Night Meeting Well Attended.

A great crowd filled Madison Square Garden tonight at the Dowie services, and a still larger crowd massed outside the building. Two hundred and fifty police were gathered there to preserve order, but tonight their services were little required. The subject of Mr. Dowie's address was "The Claims of Christ as Universal King."

"The consummation of the age is rapidly approaching," he said, "and my mission is to tell you that the great and terrible day of the Lord is very near. God has never given us the government of his own world. What a farce to suppose that God, the creator, the sustainer, has relinquished His control. To whom? To the voter? No. There is but one form of government acceptable to God, and that is the theocratic government. Failure of men to understand the simple laws of God have been the cause of all human misery.

"I desire to say that admission hereafter will be by ticket until a quarter after seven," he said, after the choir had gone. "After that hour the public will be admitted, if there are any vacant seats. I desire to say that there will be no charge for the tickets. They will be given freely, our programs will be given freely, if you wish to give, you may give freely."

Here the audience arose and began to leave, and a brief benediction was spoken.

NEW HIGH SCHOOL SITE.

Central Board of Education Will Likely Select Plot in Bellefield.

The committee created by the central board of education to select a new site for a high school met in the Fifth avenue building last night and organized by electing S. C. Jamison chairman. There was considerable informal discussion of the matter. It was agreed that additional high school facilities are needed at once.

In the central building a class is meeting in the chapel and another in the library, while in the Fifth avenue building commercial department is so crowded that it is necessary to hold recitations in the board room. Some of the members believe that the classes are larger than they should be owing to lack of class room accommodations. The lot now owned by the board in Friendship avenue cost $117,000. Of this the board paid $72,000 in cash and in addition gave a piece of ground in South Negley avenue. The site contains three and one-half acres. While no definite action was taken last night, the general opinion favored a site of at least 10 acres.

On the question of location, the Bellefield district, within reasonable reach of Schenley park, was the favorite. No specific location was suggested, but it was finally decided that the committee would go out on several tours of investigation before meeting again.

WOMAN PREVENTS HOLDUP.

Scared Off Highwayman Who Demanded Money from Husband.

A daring holdup at the point of a revolver was attempted yesterday in the saloon of Frank Kolinsky, Fourth avenue and Strawberry alley, McKeesport, but had it not been for the pluck of the proprietor's wife the man with the gun would probably have succeeded in getting what he wanted. Mr. Garbish was behind the bar when a man came in and roughly asked for a drink of whisky, saying if he did not get it he would shoot. Before the proprietor had time to reply the stranger pulled a revolver and added: "You might just as well give me what's in the register, too."

Mrs. Garbish entered the bar just in time to see the revolver drawn and she promptly turned to the telephone and rang for the police. The stranger dropped the gun and hurriedly made his escape through the front door. He jumped on a passing freight train and escaped.

Secretary Root in Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—War Secretary Root has arrived here and is the guest of Ambassador Porter. The secretary is receiving many congratulations on the result of the Alaska arbitration. Mr. Root will meet a number of leading officials here and will return to London before sailing for home.

Last grand Wagner program at the EXPO tonight by DAMROSCH and his body of magnificent artists.

The beautiful weather, superb DAMROSCH music, and a hundred other attractions presented by the EXPO should draw audiences today beyond the capacity of the great buildings to hold—Remember tomorrow night will be the last of the present season.

The EXPO remains open only two days longer, and surely these closing days MUST record an attendance never before attained.

M'QUAIDE MAY GO OVER TO ENGLAND

Gov. Pennypacker Recommends Him and Kelly to Secure Alleged Murderers.

SOUTH BEND CLAIMS THE MEN

Police of the Indiana Town Claim the Two Croats Suspected of Killing Contractor Ferguson Were There Within the Past Few Days.

The two Croatians arrested at Southampton, England, Wednesday, suspected of having killed Contractor S. T. Ferguson at Middletown, Washington county, on September 25, were remanded to the Bow street police station, London, yesterday, where they will be held for extradition. When the men were arrested they had $1,200 in their possession. They were arraigned for a hearing at Southampton before they were taken to London. At the hearing they gave their names as Tepanas and Kobecr and said they were on their way to their homes in Croatia, Austro-Hungary. Kobecr had $600 in his possession and Tepanac $250. The men will now be held until the arrival of the officers from Pittsburgh.

Superintendent of Detectives Thomas A. McQuaide went before Gov. S. W. Pennypacker at Harrisburg yesterday with the extradition papers which were promptly signed by the governor. Gov. Pennypacker then appointed Superintendent McQuaide as an agent of the state to take the papers to Washington, D. C. McQuaide will go before Secretary John Hay and Attorney P. C. Knox, who will prepare the papers for final extradition. Superintendent McQuaide presented the evidence against the Croatians to Gov. Pennypacker, who said it was so direct that he would sign the papers at once.

Superintendent McQuaide and Detective Kelly were suggested by Gov. Pennypacker as representatives of the state to President Roosevelt to go to England and identify the prisoners and bring them back. These officers will be probably appointed by the president.

From South Bend, Indiana, comes a report that the suspected murderers of Ferguson were in that city within the past few days. A telegram from the city police department last night stated the South Bend police department feel certain that the murderers of Ferguson were harbored in that city, until Wednesday or yesterday. Two persons closely answering the description of Milovar Novovick, aged 30 years, and Milovar Pattrovick, aged 30 years, were reported to the police there as having been seen in the part of the city inhabited by the foreign element.

It is also learned that on Wednesday they bought tickets out of the city to some Illinois point but they were not seen to board a train. Two decoy letters addressed to the names of the suspects were sent to the house to which the men were claimed by a young Slav, 24 years old, who said his name was Kovovick. He was taken in custody at the South Bend depot yesterday, when about to leave the city. He had $90 on his person which he claimed had been sent him by his brother-in-law.

At the police station, he claimed his name was Milo and that he had lived here six months. He claims not to understand the English language but it is apparent that he is concealing something. Now the police are searching South Bend to find when the other two left the city and what their destination may be.

BRIDGE MEN CONDEMN METHODS AT THE MORGUE

Place the Blame Upon the County Controller and the Commissioners.

Local union No. 3, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, at Hibernia hall last night adopted the following minute, prepared by George Boyd, C. P. Fitzgerald, J. P. Thomas, M. J. Breen, Charles Phillips, W. G. Williams and Michael Flaherty:

We, the structural iron workers of local union No. 3, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, grieved to learn of a number of our brothers who were instantly killed while at work on the north side of the Wabash bridge at Market street and the Monongahela river on Monday, October 19, 1903. Our brothers were horribly mangled and disfigured by the fall from the bridge to the river. The bodies were taken to the Allegheny morgue, washed and placed in the cooling bins for inspection. To our surprise we found that the bodies had not been embalmed or prepared in any humane way for inspection. Some of their wives and friends had considerable trouble to recognize their loved ones. We, your committee, condemn the action of the county controller and county commissioners for forcing the coroner of Allegheny county to discontinue the proper preparing and embalming unfortunate dead bodies that may be taken to the morgue and recommend that the good Christian and God-fearing people and the labor organizations work and use their influence with the county controller and county commissioners to furnish the coroner with the necessary funds and implements to prepare and embalm all unfortunates that might be taken to the Allegheny county morgue.

A copy of the minute was sent to the coroner.

At the office of the American Bridge Company it was given out yesterday that S. P. Mitchell, chief engineer of the company, is still making an investigation into the cause of the accident which occurred at the Wabash bridge Monday. The company will not make a statement until the engineer completes his investigation.

While workmen were making an investigation yesterday morning Dall Osborn fell about 30 feet. He was picking up tools and was taken to the Homeopathic hospital. It was found that one of his legs was broken and his skull fractured. Osborn had just ascended the steps to the structure near the Water street end and started to go toward the portion of the bridge where the accident occurred when he tumbled over a large block and losing his footing, he fell to the ground.

Frank Hoover, one of the men who fell 200 feet from the top of the traveler when it collapsed, was released from the hospital yesterday. He called upon Foreman Riddle at the bridge office and said that he felt badly shaken up.

"One time the traveler broke and I found myself falling through the air I thought it was my last tumble and gave up, never expecting to land alive. Something struck the back of my head and I was dazed," said Hoover yesterday.

Coroner Jesse M. McCleary has not fixed the time for the inquest on the bodies of the bridge victims, but made public through a deputy coroner that he may hold the inquiry some day next week.

SPARK FROM AN ENGINE CONSUMES A BUILDING

A spark from a Pittsburgh & Lake Erie engine set fire to a bucket of benzine in the barber shop of John Hutchinson, who occupies a frame one-story and a two-story frame building at Fourth avenue and Logan street, McKeesport, at 6 o'clock last evening, and the entire building was gutted. The losses: John Hutchinson, barber, $500, no insurance; Miller Haskell, billiard room, $600, no insurance; James E. White, shoemaker shop, $500, no insurance. The building is owned by Ross, Firestone & Co., and will be remodeled.

MOTHER BRAVED FLAMES TO SAVE SLEEPING BABE

Mrs. John Maier of Fourth avenue and Mill street, Corapolis, rushed into her smoke-filled home last evening and snatching her sleeping baby from its cradle safely made her way to the street. The fire, which was of unknown origin, broke out in a restaurant on the first floor and although the blaze was small a great deal of smoke resulted. Policeman Ferguson extinguished the blaze, but did not know of the sleeping babe on the second floor. The loss was $200, uninsured.

REBELS SURRENDER TO TURKISH AUTHORITIES

Macedonian Insurgents Hide Their Arms and Give Themselves Up.

[Associated Press Cable to The Gazette.]

SALONICA, MACEDONIA, Oct. 22.—Recent advices from Monastir say that a considerable number of insurgents have surrendered in response to the sultan's last call. The first of those who surrendered were beaten and imprisoned, but under stringent orders from the Yildiz palace all the men who are now coming in are well received and have been pardoned. This, however, does not indicate the collapse of the rebellion, but is in conformance with the revolutionary committee's decision to thin out the insurgent bands during the winter and retain under arms only an aggregate of about 3,500 men. The insurgents who are coming in are men of inferior physique who could not stand a winter campaign. They leave their rifles with their leaders, who secrete them in the mountains in readiness for operations in the spring. Not one of the leaders has surrendered.

The revolutionary committee has no intention of resorting to the use of dynamite bombs in the towns this winter, but it declares that if the powers do not succeed in causing the establishment of a satisfactory form of government by spring every available man will be called out and every desperate method for gaining the ends of the revolutionists will be resorted to.

The Turks report that both Chakiaroff and Sarafoff, the insurgent leaders, were killed recently in the village of Boof, in the Florina district. The Bulgarians assert that Sarafoff is on his way to Bulgaria.

The Rev. Henry Haskell, the American missionary, has arrived at Monastir to help in the relief work inaugurated by the Rev. Mr. Bond.

HEALTH BUREAU SCORED.

Allegheny Solons Think Some Idle Ones Should Be Put to Work.

At a special meeting of Allegheny common council last night the ordinance providing for two tenement house inspectors was subjected to much discussion. It was the opinion of a number of the members that it would be a needless expense considering the fact that there are some employes in the health bureau whose time is so little occupied that they could do the work. Action on the measure was postponed until the next regular meeting.

The following measures passed finally: Ordinances for the purchase of an automatic stoker and smokeless furnace for the bureau of water; laying of water pipe in Sarah and Bigham streets; a resolution for the payment of $50 to Edward Tuchscher, for time lost by injuries received while employed as a fireman in the bureau of water.

Alfred J. Osthelmer Is Dead.

Alfred J. Osthelmer, consul in Philadelphia for Austro-Hungary and Japan, died yesterday at his home in Jenkintown, Pa., after an illness of nearly one year. Mr. Osthelmer was a Philadelphia man, and was born 68 years ago. He had been engaged in mercantile business in Philadelphia during the past 32 years. In 1874 he was appointed consul for Austria, and since 1897 he had performed similar duties for Japan.

Braddock Pastor to Go to Killanning.

The Rev. James A. McKim, pastor of the Hawkins Avenue Free Methodist church, North Braddock, has accepted a call to the Free Methodist church at Killanning, Pa. He will take the pulpit of his new charge next Sunday. The Rev. McKim went to Braddock about five years ago. The Rev. A. Lenkard, of Butler, will succeed the Rev. Mr. McKim.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

POLICEMEN ARE OFF THEIR BEATS

Allegheny Bluecoats Have Been Turned Loose to Get Votes for Bigelow Machine.

SCANDRETT GIVES HIS ORDERS

Officers Are Informed That Their Chief Duty Is to Try to Save the Citizens Ticket — One Man Refuses to Accept a Job.

Under orders from Director Thomas B. Scandrett, the police officers of Allegheny are doing political work during their working hours. This started last Monday and in the upper end of the city the patrolmen are especially busy. In this district are scores of drinking clubs. For several months after Wyman took office these clubs were closed and the administration might make good its reform bluff. This resulted in a revulsion of feeling and the Citizens party lost the majority of its voters. To win these back is the task assigned the police.

Their efforts are confined solely to the beats they walk. The police regulations governing the duty and latitude of an officer is set aside for the time being and the police are ordered to get out and work for votes regardless of duty or place. Many of the men on the force are seen in vicinities remote from where their beats are laid out. They confess when questioned that they are "electioneering" and where they know the most people is where they can do the best work. If they live or have many friends in a vicinity a mile off their beat the beat is left uncovered and the police protection the citizens are paying taxes for is disregarded in the interests of the Bigelow machine.

When the order went out that the blue-coats must work for votes for the Citizens party Director Scandrett learned that many of the men did not take kindly to the thing. That there should be no misunderstanding Scandrett made it very plain that the dissatisfied ones could get out and dig or turn in their keys and mace to the superintendent. This had the effect at least of stopping any open kicking and although many patrolmen are not exerting themselves industriously to gather in votes they are making the bluff to hold their jobs.

It is likely there will be some officers lose their jobs before election day. This contingency is to be met by the director and during the past few days men who have been "fired" from other city offices are being offered their old beats or something just as good, if they will don the uniform and get out and work.

John B. Smith, who served 17 years on the force and was discharged by Wyman last April, was called upon by one of Wyman's lieutenants early in the week and offered a job on the force. Smith has been prominent in politics in the Twelfth ward for many years and just what the Bigelow machine needs his services, Smith said last night:

"I was visited the other day and told I could go to work at once if I wanted to. There were a few words exchanged. My answer was that I knew as well as Wyman that he needed me in this fight for he hasn't a chance in the Twelfth. But I said I didn't need the work. It would be but a short time after election day that I would walk the plank, for I have always been a Republican. They can't gold-brick me."

More than 300 voters attended the meeting of the Fourth ward Republicans in the school house last night. Chairman W. Simon acted as chairman and H. Blodel, secretary. The speakers were Thomas J. Ford, Ben Nixdorf, Charles W. Simon and others.

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STEWART TELLS OF BIG PROJECTS

Pittsburgh Contractor Here for a Time En Route to London.

BIG PLANS ARE POSTPONED

Labor Difficulties Have Resulted in Temporary Abandonment of at Least Two Enterprises of Importance Here and Many Elsewhere, He Says.

James Stewart of James Stewart & Co., the Pittsburgh contractors, who have acquired an international reputation, is in Pittsburgh for a few days and is stopping at the home of his brother, A. M. Stewart, in the East End. Mr. Stewart is en route from St. Louis to London, in both of which cities he has work under way involving several millions of dollars.

"The public has no idea of the vast amount of improvement work that has been stopped in this country by the labor difficulties," he said. "There are hundreds of large projects which have never reached the press and the public, but have been forestalled before this stage was reached. I know of two very large plans of this kind in Pittsburgh, but the uncertainty of labor in building construction generally has put them off indefinitely. I believe that the workingmen will feel the effects of the depression in stocks that has resulted from the decline in the building industry.

"I have just come from St. Louis, where we started, last week, to build the largest hotel in the world. It will be finished by May 1. It is a 2,300-room structure and is to be called the Napoleon Bonaparte. Its purpose is to serve the thousands of visitors to the St. Louis world's fair. The contract will go before Secretary John Hay and Attorney P. C. Knox, who will prepare the papers for final extradition. Superintendent McQuaide presented the evidence against the Croatians to Gov

DR. DICKSON SAYS STORY IS A LIE

Bigelow Agents Try to Turn Friends of Father Mollinger Against Candidate.

ARE USING DIRTY TACTICS

Chairman Verner Gets Another Brick for His Collection—Alderman Walker Is Trying to Coax the Old Soldiers Over to the Citizens.

Bigelow machine agents are being sent into various parts of the county to circulate a malicious lie concerning Dr. James W. Dickson, the Republican nominee for sheriff. They are telling that a number of years ago Dr. Dickson was one of a committee of physicians that prosecuted the Rev. Father Mollinger of Mt. Troy, now deceased, for practicing medicine without a license.

"The story is a malicious falsehood," said Dr. Dickson yesterday. "I never in my way attacked the venerable Troy Hill priest. If the other side was fair it would produce some public record to show that I was a party to such a prosecution. Had I ever endeavored to prevent the Rev. Father Mollinger from healing the sick, there would necessarily have to be a record made of the fact. Instead the men who are circulating the story are sneaking around the county by the back way.

"I sent a number of people to Father Mollinger. Often in his practice, during his life, patients came to me that I could not cure. When they inquired about the advisability of visiting Father Mollinger, I invariably advised them to go. But all the lies the other side is telling will not save it."

Verner Was Tricked.

The Bigelow machine thought it was playing a clever game on the Republicans when the organization of the Thirteenth ward elected Frank Lynch. Through him and Thomas W. Davis the citizens expected to bag the ward Republican committee in the closing days of the campaign and make a great fuss about it. The Republicans knew of this and devoted their attention to the district committees. Today they are composed of loyal Republicans. Tonight the ward committee will oust Lynch and Davis. A new chairman will be elected and Murry A. Verner will have another gilded brick to add to his select council combine collection.

City Chairman M. G. Leslie has found that the Citizens have imported about 100 Greeks to be voted in the First ward. Their names are in the registry lists. The matter will be carried into the courts. The 200 special county officers to do duty on election day will arrest all persons guilty of violating the election laws. They will be distributed in the districts where the Citizens machine expects to operate. The prisoners will be taken before the nearest alderman and committed to jail.

Bogus Naturalization Papers.

More evidence is being collected by the United States authorities concerning the fraudulent naturalization of Italians. United States Attorney James E. Young said that he was about ready to order some more arrests. Naturalization papers will be carefully scrutinized on election day and men with the bogus kind had better not try to vote.

The Citizens have thousands of tax receipts which are to be given out on election day, if the recipient of the receipt will agree to vote "right." Under orders from the county Delinquent Tax Collector Robert G. Mattern yesterday caused to be printed a statement in answer to The Gazette story that the tax books for the boroughs and townships are being held back. He says that it has never been the custom to send out these books before November or December.

This statement of Mattern's is denied by Samuel P. Conner, the former Collector. "We always had the books for McKeesport and the larger boroughs and townships out in time so that the delinquents could pay taxes in time to vote," said he. "In almost every case where the books did not go out it was the fault of the collector, who did not have his bond ready. This year people in the outside districts are being disfranchised."

Just to show how familiar Mattern is with the subject he discusses, he made the statement that September 4 was the last day for paying taxes in time to vote this fall. He was just a month out of the way.

Trying to Fool Veterans.

Alderman J. D. Walker, who was one of a committee of five to call upon the present city administration and demand fair treatment for the old soldier and received as a reply the dismissal of veterans, has been delegated by the Bigelow machine to make new promises to the soldiers. He is sending out a letter on Citizens party stationery from which the name of Mayor William B. Hays is eliminated. They are addressed to pay roll men, who are requested to secure the signatures of three civil war soldiers, three names of veterans and three Spanish-American war veterans.

The heading to the paper which the soldiers are asked to sign is amusing. It pledges the signer to the Bigelow machine and their ready.

While reaffirming our allegiance to the party that promises purity in public office, clean politics and good government, we believe that there are in the cities and county veterans and sons of veterans, capable, competent and possessed of ability and physical necessary to fill any and all public positions within the gift of the cities and county (from a white wing to the judges of the county courts). We will, in the future, demand that a fair, just and honorable allotment of such public positions shall be by those in power awarded to the old soldiers, their sons, widows and orphans.

The old soldier will hardly make another investment in the Bigelow machine on the strength of this prospectus.

Samuel Nicholson yesterday filed a petition against Daniel Washington, assessor of the Fifth district, Thirteenth ward, asking for a rule on him to show cause why certain names should not be struck from the register list. The rule was made returnable on October 28 next. The charges are similar to the petitions filed against other assessors.

The Republicans will hold a mass meeting in Concordia hall, Second avenue, Carnegie, tonight, beginning at 8 o'clock. A band has been secured and the speakers will be C. A. Brown, E. E. Cotton, Walter Billows and others.

Good Showing in Homestead.

Homestead Republicans were jubilant over the success of the meeting of workers held Wednesday night. Practically all of the leading Citizens party men in the town were present and announced their return to Republicanism. John F. Cox presided at the gathering. Among other prominent former Citizens were J. Clyde Miller, Harry Johns, William Tunstall and Dr. Joseph Doyle.

W. S. Mechling, who is trying to carry the Sixth district for Bigelow, will find that his home town of Munhall will go for the Republican ticket. John Molampby, who made a Citizens party victory possible there last year, is now an ardent Republican. Many of the men who worked with him have also returned to the fold.

The Brushton avenue school house was not large enough to hold the crowd of Thirty-seventh ward Republicans that last night attended the mass meeting. The gathering had to be held in the open air. There was a big street parade prior to the meeting. The speakers were Major Robert E. Stewart, George M. Hosack, Dr. A. J. Barchfeld, Capt. John A. Reed and H. I. Riley.

A meeting of the Republican committee of Braddock, North Braddock, Rankin and East Pittsburgh boroughs was held yesterday in the hall of the Braznell building in Braddock, and arrangements begun for the big mass meeting to be held by the Republicans of that section Thursday of next week in Carnegie hall. Fred W. Edwards was chosen chairman of the meeting, which was attended by 50 members of the ward committees from the boroughs named. Congressman John Dalzell will be one of the orators at the meeting.

B. & O. ORDINANCES INTERRED; GLENWOOD RESIDENTS ANGRY

People Living in the Twenty-Third Ward Intend to Hold Indignation Meetings.

THE HOLD-UP INJURES THEM

Building of the New Railroad Shops Would Mean an Increase in Population of at Least Twelve Hundred Good Mechanics.

Railroad Ordinances Quickly Buried in Sub-Committee of Three Eminent Reformers.

VERNER VISITED UPPERMAN

Leader of Citizens Party and Combine Saw Chairman of "Air-Tight" Committee and the Program for Yesterday's Interment Was Doubtless Discussed.

The residents of the Twenty-third ward, and particularly that part which embraces Hazelwood and Glenwood, are indignant over the action of Verner's select council combine in holding up the ordinance which would give the Baltimore & Ohio railroad the right to close certain parts of streets in Glenwood and erect a new station downtown.

The hold-up of these ordinances is the all-important topic among the business men of that section. The resident of that section who opposes the measures has yet to be found. An indignation meeting will be held some time the first part of next week. What perplexes most people interested in the case is why the select council combine refuses to close the streets as requested by the railroad company.

Charles C. Kohne, of the firm of Kohne Bros., plumbing contractors and dealers in builders' supplies, had this to say yesterday: "The sentiment of the residents of the Twenty-third ward, regardless of politics, is in favor of closing the parts of Lytle, Renova and Allegheny streets, as requested in the ordinance. The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has bought the property on both sides of the streets at prices much above actual value. The streets are useless to the city. The parts which the railroad company wishes to close lie between their tracks and the river. They make connections with no other streets and there is no call for any one not connected with the railroad company to use them. No one can be benefited by not granting the privileges asked by the company. Plans are made for the erection of additional shops which will cost about $600,000, and part of the foundations are laid. Work has been stopped because of the hold-up of the ordinances.

People Want Action.

"The juggling of these ordinances is jeopardizing the prospects of the Twenty-third ward and the subject is uppermost in the minds of those at all interested. A large percentage of the residents of this section are employes of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad.

"The people are also anxious about the hold-up of the station ordinance. Better facilities are needed down town to handle the large crowds. Many more residents would be attracted here if better accommodations were possible for going and returning from the city. The price the city asks for the ground is more than it is worth and more than could be expected. Yet the railroad company is willing to pay $10,000 a year rental. We don't understand why these ordinances are held up and fear that the Baltimore & Ohio will move its shops to the Christy park and if the rental is too high a new depot will not be built."

Thomas Stanier, a hardware dealer at No. 4739 Second avenue, could not find words to express what he thought of the people who are holding up the street ordinance. "I get angry," he said, "when I think about this hold-up in select council, this air tight combination. On six different occasions last night the subject was talked about in this store and every man was indignant. I have yet to find the man who understands why this measure is not passed.

"Those streets are of no use to anyone else. Not only that, but think of the class of people that a large machine and repair shop would bring to this ward. Mechanics are well paid and are the most desirable class. The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company has always treated the people of this section fairly. There is every reason to believe that they will build these large shops. Big money was paid for the property and the houses have been torn down. I can't say anything strong enough to express my feelings on the subject and I know that this is the sentiment of the Twenty-third ward."

May Lose Big Shops.

Harry M. Thompson, a druggist at No. 5424 Second avenue, Glenwood, is another citizen of that ward who is wrathy over the hold-up in select council. He said: "It is of the greatest importance to the people of this ward that the Baltimore & Ohio ordinance pass select council. Just see what the business men here will lose if the Baltimore & Ohio shops are moved to McKeesport, as I fear they will. It is certain that 1,200 workmen will be employed in the new shops and the pay roll for such mechanics is large. Every one will benefit by such a move, real estate will advance and the coming of so many families will of necessity bring great prosperity to this section. Everyone is talking about the hold-up and something will have to be done soon."

W. H. Jack of the Cook & Parsons Lumber Company, Second avenue, near Flowers avenue, is but another of the thousands of residents of that section who has a grievance against the select council combine. Mr. Jack voiced the sentiments of the other men. "The Citizens party has certified this ward for the last three elections," declared Mr. Jack, "but there will be a different story to tell after this coming election. The people of this section have had their eyes opened."

"If it could only be put to a vote," said Mr. Stanier, "scarcely a man could be found to vote against it. The Citizens party is directly held responsible for the hold up and even if the ordinance should be passed and fixed up the people have had a scare they will not soon forget."

AUCTION OF SEATS FOR ORCHESTRA CONCERTS

Bidding Was Opened for Seats in the Balcony—Sale Continues Today.

The auction sale of seats for the coming concerts of the Pittsburgh orchestra took place yesterday in the Alvin theater. The advance premium comparts well with that of last year, although the total number of seats sold is somewhat fewer than last year. The lowest premiums came in the early part of the day with the selling of the seats in the orchestra section.

When the seats in the first balcony were placed on sale there was lively bidding, and some of the choice seats in this portion of the house brought premiums of $24 each. Other seats in the balcony and in the orchestra and orchestra circle sold from $2 to $22 in advance of the regular prices. The $20 and $15 evening seats which remain unsold, together with the $10 evening seats, will be offered at Hamilton's music store in Fifth avenue at 9 o'clock this morning. The afternoon season sale will begin on Monday. Manager George H. Wilson of the orchestra said:

"The fact that the demand was less at the auction means that the people who attend the regular sales will get a much better choice than in previous years. In the end there is no reason to believe that the attendance will not be as great as in previous seasons. From an artistic standpoint the forthcoming concerts will be better than Pittsburgh has ever enjoyed. It is the musical value of the orchestra which makes Pittsburgh boast. It is this feature which has meant so much for the advancement of musical culture in Pittsburgh, and while the standard of the concerts is being raised the material support will not be lacking."

Your First Bank Account.

See Home Trust Company ad. in next Sunday's Gazette.

To the regret of thousands the EXPO closes its season tomorrow night—Last grand WAGNER program this evening by DAMROSCH.

Only two days longer can you visit the NEW EXPOSITION. Because it closes Saturday night without fail.

W. M. Laird Co.

88 Styles Men's Shoes

in Patent French Calf, Patent Colt and Patent Ideal Kid Leathers,

at $3.50, $5, $6 and $7.

Special exhibit in our windows today.

Every man in town wants to see these shoes—whether wanting to buy or not.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

421 to 427 Smithfield St.
404 to 408 Market St.

Yes, we are giving away Real Estate.

SEE

City Realty Trust,

427 4th Ave., Pittsburgh,

or Perrysville Ave. and Valley St., Allegheny.

FEWER PUPILS AT W. U. P.

Graduates of Local High Schools Not Admitted to Sophomore Class.

The Western University of Pennsylvania no longer takes graduates of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny high schools in the sophomore class. A noticeable falling off in the number of students enrolled to date in the several departments has resulted. The matter was explained by deans of the several departments. It is chargeable to the fact that this year's requirements are greater than those of former years.

In some instances the courses have been advanced one full year's study. Last year the total enrollment was 914, while this year there are but 825. Increases are noted in but two divisions of courses of study, law and pharmacy, while dentistry, medicine and the combined collegiate and engineering courses have lost heavily.

During previous years it was possible for graduates of both the Pittsburgh and the Allegheny high schools to enter the sophomore classes. Now, however, they enter the freshmen classes except in a few instances where the summer has been devoted to extra study. Comparative figures in the different studies, showing the losses and gains in the enrollment as against that of last year are respectively as follows: Collegiate and engineering, 194-155; law, 102-120; pharmacy, 127-146; medicines, 226-200; dentistry, 196-154.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"For years I had backache, severe pains across kidneys and scalding urine. I could not get out of bed without help. The use of Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure restored me. G. WAGONER, Knobville, Pa." Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

A day with Julien Gordon, in The Sunday Gazette.

"MELLOR" Stands for Melody.

REGINA MUSIC BOXES ONE DOLLAR DOWN

Don't deprive yourself of the continuous enjoyment one of our new Regina music boxes will afford you because you cannot spare the money to buy one. A dollar down will secure one of these famous music boxes at once. Then you will have the use of the music box while you are paying for it. And the terms are so easy you'll never miss the money.

The great advantage of the Regina music box besides its beautifully liquid tone is that you can always keep up-to-date in the matter of musical selections.

PHONOGRAPH PARTIES THE RAGE THIS WINTER

Did you know that the latest improvements Mr. Edison has given the Phonograph make it the most wonderful machine of the age? Did you know that the Phonograph reproduces the various tones of the human voice with such accuracy that you can scarcely distinguish between the natural voice and the phonographic reproduction?

Edison Phonographs.....$10 and up
Victor Talking Machines.....$15 and up
Zon O'Phone Talking Machines.....$15 and up
Edison Records, 50c each, or $5 a dozen.
Edison Concert Records, $1 each.

Catalogue Free by Mail.

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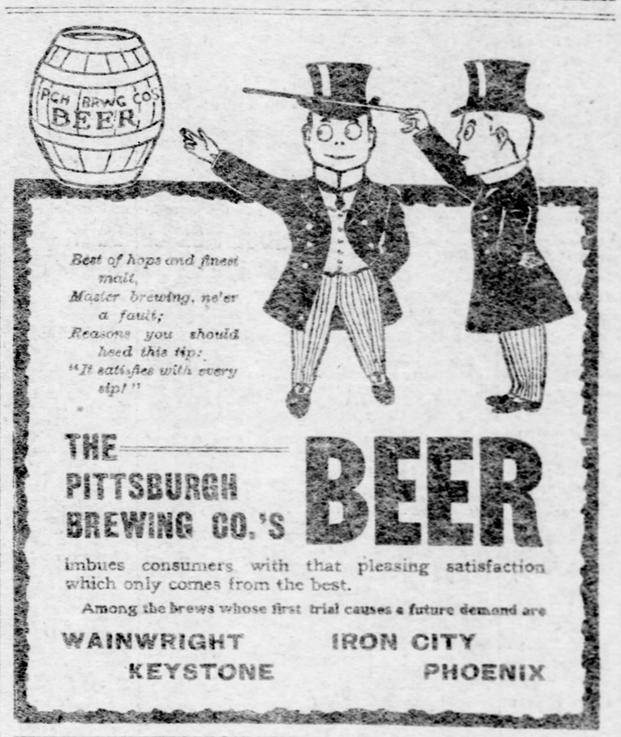
Sole depot for Steinway, Mason & Hamlin, Krauker and Chauncey Pianos, the Pianola, the Standard Piano Player, and Regina Music boxes.



Best of hops and finest malt,
Master brewing, ne'er a fault;
Reasons you should heed this tip:
"It satisfies with every sip!"

THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.'S BEER

imbues consumers with that pleasing satisfaction which only comes from the best.

Among the brews whose first trial causes a future demand are

WAINWRIGHT IRON CITY
KEYSTONE PHOENIX

This bank is open every

Saturday Evening

for the benefit of those who cannot come during the day—

You can open an account with any amount from $1 up—

4% INTEREST

THE UNION SAVINGS BANK,
CAPITAL $1,000,000.00.

Frick Building, Pittsburg.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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The Results of Reform in New York City.
By Gustavus Myers.
The White House of the Twentieth Century.
By Abby G. Baker.
The Outlook for the Flying Machine.
By Prof. Simon Newcomb, LL.D.
Popular Universities in France. By Theodore Steeg.
Employees' Welfare Work. By Gertrude Beeks.
South American Impressions—Brazil.
By Charles M. Pepper.
The Principles of Money. The Mayoralty Fight in New York.
The Arts in Early England. Booker T. Washington.
Progress of Arbitration. The National Civic Federation.
The Alaskan Boundary Decision. What is Dowie?
Divorce in the Episcopal Church.

The Independent

SPECIAL OFFER: For the above issue and seven preceding ones send 25 Cents to Room 16, The Independent, New York City. Ten Cents a copy, $2 a year. All newsdealers.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Weather—Cloudy. Friday, October 23, 1903.

A Great Piece of News for Women in General,

But Particularly for Dressmakers.

New Chiffon Appliques for Much Less Than Half Prices.

We have just consummated one of the greatest purchases that it has been our good fortune to make for many a day, nothing more nor less than securing from an importer two splendid lots of

Embroidered Chiffon Appliques.

How we came to get them so far under usual figures, which enables us to sell them for insignificant prices compared with regular quotations, is of little moment. The telling point to consider is that these appliques are *strictly fashionable dress trimming, they are absolutely new, they are of latest mode.* With these remarks we go at once to the reduced prices, dividing the large lot into two sections.

Lot No. 1

comprises magnificent designs in Embroidered Chiffons—white, black, and black on white—in widths from 2 inches up to 6 inches. These appliques are on finest quality of material, and when we tell you they were made by Swiss needleworkers, no more can be said in commendation of the workmanship and durability. In a regular way these appliques would sell readily for 35c and up to $3.00 a yard. But we have pleasure in saying today

15c to $1.00 a yard.

Lot No. 2

comprises marvelously beautiful designs in Colored Novelty Appliques on chiffon, executed by the same Swiss needleworkers. Do not judge of these imported dress trimmings by the immoderately small prices we quote; do not judge of them as something old. There is not an old pattern in the entire lot. Every piece is new and fresh. The former prices of these appliques were from 75c to $10.00 a yard. Our price today is

37½c to $2.50 a yard.

Women will find the goods conveniently arranged on special table, Fifth Street Cross Aisle. Again we say this is a highly important occasion for the modiste, the costumer and the dressmaker. When this sale ends there is no possible way of the appliques being duplicated.

Charming Neck Garniture.

Women's opportunity to choose from broad selections of fine Neckwear was never greater. Our gathering of neckwear shows such diversity of style, quality and prices that every taste is sure to be met. The neat turn-over collar side by side with the large, elaborate lace collar, the severely plain stocks of silk or linen side by side with the dressy Chiffon Stoles. Fastidious, indeed, must be the woman who does not find something to her liking in such a collection of dainty things.

A partial list of some of the newest conceptions recently received—

Collar and Cuff Sets—A beautiful line of hand-embroidered canvas sets in colors and white, $3.00 per set.

Collar and Cuff Sets—hand-made lace and mull are the materials employed to produce these charming sets—$1.50 to $6.00.

New Stocks of chiffon and lace—In colors and white—dainty bits of feminine wear—$1.00 to $5.50.

New Stocks of washable materials, embroidered in colors with French Knots—$2.50 each.

New Stocks in white—embroidery forms a medallion in front—75c to $1.50.

New Stocks of cream lace—finished with self tabs in front—75c to $2.50.

New Stocks of black taffeta—pleating of same in front—$2.25 is all you have to pay.

New Stocks of black and colored taffeta, finished with large bows, $1.50 is the little price thereon.

New Stocks of Crepe de Chine and Lace, with four-in-hand ties, white and colored, $3.00 each.

New Stoles of Liberty silk, in great variety, and as variously priced, from $4.50 to $40.00 each.

New Stoles of Chiffon—trimmed in ribbon—dainty creations from $7.50 to $20.00 each.

New Stoles of ostrich feathers—$22.00 to $100.00.

New Stoles of marabout feathers—the plumage of a gigantic crane, the latest addition to feathered ornamentation for women's wear—$8 to $25.

Remarkably Low Prices on Flannels, Flannelettes, etc.

Told you about these in last evening's paper in detail—merely mention them today. Bought them underprice and mean to sell them the same way. All crisp, new goods at remarkably little prices—the manufacturer's loss, not yours or ours—

6½c a yard, instead of 10c and 12½c, for a nice quality of Flannelette—pretty colorings.

3½c a yard, instead of 6c, for Domet Flannel—2,500 yards of this much wanted material at the price.

45c a yard, instead of 60c, for 36-inch hemstitched edge white wool Flannel. Only fair to tell you there's but 100 yards.

75c a yard, instead of $1.25, for a fine silk-and-wool Crepe Flannel—fine enough and pretty enough for any use you may seek to put it to. But 1,200 yards at the price.

A Tempting Array of Basement Bargains.

Listed as household helps and taken at random from our extensive Housefurnishing Department and special prices marked thereon that mean a remarkable saving for the thrifty housekeeper. We invite women to look over our Housefurnishing Department and note the many and inexpensive things that modern ingenuity has devised to lighten the burden of housekeeping.

$1.35, reduced from $1.65, for the Marian Harland Nickel Plated Coffee Pot—3-quart size.

$6.00, reduced from $7.50, for a splendid quality Chafing Dish, hot water pan included.

$2.75, reduced from $3.75, Drop Light complete with imported green shade and bobeche, 6 ft. tubing, burner, mantel, etc.

$1.15, reduced from $1.50, for extension Bath Tub Seats, nickel-plated ends—white enameled.

$2.25, reduced from $3.00, for an up-to-date Carpet Sweeper, roller bearings and nickel-plated trimmings.

75c, reduced from $1.10, for Enamel Tea Pots—the celebrated "Elite" blue and white enameled ware.

$1.15, reduced from $1.50, for the Victor Floor Brush, designed for use on hardwood floors.

$1.25, reduced from $1.75, for Double Roasting Pans, made of best quality Russian iron—large family size.

$2.75, reduced from $3.50, for Copper Wash Boilers—extra heavy weight—family size.

$5.00, reduced from $6.75, for one of the best Gas Heating Stoves we carry. Our variety this year is greater than ever and you will find in this a greater bargain than ever.

35c, reduced from 65c, for a Japanese Tray—all sizes and kinds and marked at prices to close them out.

50c, reduced from 75c, for Nickel-Plated Flat Iron, nine pound, complete with patent handle.

6c a cake, reduced from 10c, for Sapolio—every housekeeper knows it well.

10c a dozen, reduced from 15c, for genuine Oyster shells —imported goods, for pallies, etc.

15c, reduced from 25c, for full sheet Japanned Dust Pans —extra heavy weight.

75c, reduced from $1.00, for Bread or Cake Boxes, extra heavy hand made Japanned goods.

50c, reduced from 75c, for a good plaid Wash Bench—holds two tubs—fold it up and put it away when you're through washing.

15c, reduced from 25c, for a good quality Whisk Broom.

5c each is a very special price we have made to close out a lot of Imported Spice Canisters—two sizes.

Eau Gorlier.

A new French preparation for the skin. Our buyer ran across it in a small town near Paris, and we consider it the finest article of the kind ever put on the market.

It is especially recommended to men as an agreeable lotion after shaving. A delightful toilet preparation for women, too, as it keeps the skin soft and smooth.

At our Toilet Counter, two sizes of bottles, 50c and $1.00.

Dress and Semi-Dress Apparel for Men.

READY FOR SERVICE.

Better violate the laws of conventionality than offend them with garments false to their function. The cut and fashion of your dress coat, your dinner coat and your frock coat—each a vital factor in the social life—court criticism. They will be above it if our label identifies them. Tailors who work with head and hand—who know how to infuse life and distinctiveness, and quiet, yet elegant, dignity into garments—fashion ours. Their shape is tailored to stay. It owes nothing to the iron.

Frock Coats and Waistcoats of foreign or domestic fabrics, in rough or shorn surface effects, in shades of black, gray or oxford, $20.00 to $40.00.

New Cutaway Coats and Waistcoats in Chesterfield, English Walking and other conservative models, rough or smooth surface fabrics, of which there are several distinct designs from which to select, $15.00 to $32.00.

Dress and Tuxedo Coats and Waistcoats of the finest imported and domestic fabrics, cleverly tailored to hold their shape for all time, $22.00 to $40.00.

Fancy Waistcoats for dress or semi-dress wear, single and double-breasted models of English Tattersall, flannel, worsted, silk denim, hopsack, new iridescent and mercerized fabrics, Irish and Swiss novelty linens and homespuns, as well as all manner of washable fabrics, together with a line of specially imported Waistcoats from Paris, $2.50 to $8.00.

Trousers for semi-dress service of English or domestic worsteds—an almost endless variety of stripes and checks, which are for the most part exclusive, in conservative or full peg top models, $4.00 to $12.00.

Dress Trousers, finest imported and domestic fabrics, plain seams or trimmed with braid, $5.00 to $10.00.

PENN AND FIFTH.

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Friday, October 23, 1903.

The Massachusetts campaign is exciting unusual interest this year. Secretary Shaw has curtailed his Iowa engagements in order to speak in Boston next Thursday night, and other cabinet officials may appear on the stump during the campaign. Marked changes of political sentiment and party affiliation appear to be going on in Massachusetts, and have produced a noticeable effect in the town elections, which disclose the working of tendencies toward Socialism. President Roosevelt is known to be much interested in the vote of Massachusetts this year. The Ohio campaign is the chief center of political interests, but the Massachusetts election will also be specially interesting as affording a gauge of political tendencies in New England.

Attorney General Knox has set another good precedent in refusing to reinstate a federal official on petition of the entire congressional delegation from his state. The man in question is United States Marshal Field of Vermont, who, with his son as deputy, permitted the self-confessed mail robber, Bell, to escape at Philadelphia the other day. There is no charge of dishonesty against Field, but he was removed from office for incompetency or neglect of duty and Attorney General Knox positively refused to reconsider the action taken. Mr. Knox is right. There is no excuse for the officers who permitted that escape. The trick has been played so often that the commonest intelligence should dictate precautions to prevent its repetition.

The rump committee hold-up of the Baltimore & Ohio ordinances was confirmed at the committee meeting yesterday afternoon. They were referred to a special committee of three for further consideration. These ordinances have been fully considered by the joint committee and reported to councils after the company had agreed to the additional compensation demanded. The rump committee is the select council section of the joint committee which passed upon the ordinances. Now they are passed on to a special committee—a sort of a tail to the rump, as it were. President Lambie is given a place on the committee, but is so fixed that he can do nothing. Such proceedings ought to make it clear to the public that the point of corruption is the organization of councils. The present system is so convenient an instrument of organized blackmail that it is idle to expect substantial improvement until city council procedure is radically reformed.

There has never been a more energetic concentration of effort in any one direction than is now going on to increase the area of cotton production. Every European government is encouraging cotton growing, and experimentation is going on in every quarter of the world. It will be surprising if some measure of success does not attend these efforts, but so far accomplishment has not been such as to threaten American supremacy. The most promising field has been in Central Asia, to which Russian cotton spinners have been looking with some confidence as a source of supply, but it appears that the crop of 1902 was 10 per cent less than that of 1901, and at present there is a decrease of nearly 19 per cent in the area of cotton under cultivation. The decrease would be 33 per cent, except for an increase of the area under cotton in Khiva and Bokhara, countries not many years ago held by predatory Tartar tribes, but which under Russian control are becoming the scene of peaceful industry. The Russian government has decided to take comprehensive measures to encourage cotton growing by establishing experiment stations, constructing irrigation plants, supplying good seed and by extending financial assistance to planters through agricultural loan offices. The announced object is to make the Russian cotton industry independent of the American supply.

There are indications that a fight is to be made against the confirmation of the Cuban reciprocity treaty. The American Economist, the organ of the American Protective Tariff league, has been carrying on an agitation in opposition to Cuban reciprocity and all reciprocity. Pamphlet arguments against reciprocity are being widely distributed and there are all the evidences of a systematic campaign. Great weight is now laid upon constitutional objections to the treaty on the ground that it violates the clause of the Constitution that all legislation affecting revenue shall originate in the house. This is a weak pretext. The Dingley tariff bill expressly authorizes the government to negotiate reciprocity agreements. Moreover, the house has heretofore passed a Cuban reciprocity act. It was held up in the senate and not allowed to come to a vote, but the filibusters pretended to be in favor of Cuban reciprocity and excused their conduct on the ground that consideration of the bill would open the way to a general tariff debate. Repeated pledges were given that if the matter was brought up in the form of a treaty there would be no opposition. The treaty has been negotiated and ratified by the senate, subject to the approval of the house of representatives, and now it is to be opposed because it is a treaty, in one way or another the interests opposed to Cuban reciprocity are making use of every possible expedient to avoid a decision upon the merits of the case. We think this is a mistaken policy, calculated to injure the cause of protection.

The objections that are being voiced in Canada against the Alaska boundary award are based upon Canadian desire and ignore the merits of the case. This is the salient feature of the statement made by the Canadian commissioners. They say that even if Great Britain by acquiescence in adverse occupation had deprived herself of the right to claim the head of Lynn canal, a line "around the head of Lynn canal, following the watershed would have given Canada the heads of the lower inlets, with at least one fine harbor from which easy access to the interior of the Atlin and Yukon country could have been had." It is certainly true that an award more satisfactory to Canada might have been made, but the matter to be adjudicated was a question of right. Lord Alverstone's difficulty in doing what Canada wanted was that he could not find any legal grounds for it. In his written opinion he said: "After a most careful examination I am unable to find any passage in the negotiations connected with the treaty of 1825 which supports the view that Great Britain was directly or indirectly putting forward a claim to the shores or ports at the head of the inlets." The advantages which would have accrued to Canada if the facts had been different were not entitled to any consideration. Lord Alverstone decided in accordance with the facts as he found them and the Canadian censure of his course is as absurd as it is undignified. The English press approves the decision and expresses no sympathy with the behavior of Canada.

More Warlike Again.

In the far east it looks like war again. The Japanese press, which had modified its tone pending diplomatic negotiations, has again become belligerent and demands action. The Russian press with less influence has never ceased to breathe defiance and is abusive to England and America as well as Japan. This abuse is based upon the demand for an open door in Manchuria whether Russia continues to occupy it or turns it over to China. On the other hand, Japan invites English support and American sympathy by reports that Admiral Alexieff, the Russian viceroy, is opposed to any more open ports and disapproves the concession of Mukden and Tatung to American solicitation.

Whether for war or peace both Russia and Japan have made elaborate army and navy preparations. The Russian navy in Asiatic waters comprises 54 vessels, ranging from battleships and cruisers of the first class down to gunboats and transports. The Japanese navy equals the Russian fleet in numbers and probably excels it in effectiveness, and it has been fully prepared for war at a moment's notice.

Such are the visible signs. The invisible jockeying for position is not known to the public. It is significant, however, that the only reply given by the Russian foreign office to inquiries of the Associated Press concerning the far eastern situation was the exhibition of unfavorable advices from Japan. Evidently Russia is "standing pat" and it is up to Japan to fight or make as graceful a retreat as it can devise. This is a distinctly unfavorable symptom, because Russia is in a better position than Japan to make concessions or adopt a conciliatory policy. The strain is unquestionably intense, so there should be no surprise if a snap comes with some overt act.

Bequests to Mr. Bryan.

The proceedings in regard to the admission to probate of the will of Philo S. Bennett of New Haven, make some interesting disclosures of peculiar rewards incidental to public activities. Mr. Bennett was a great admirer of William J. Bryan and his will is full of provisions for the benefit of the Bryan family. The will leaves $75,000 to the widow and some houses at Bridgeport, and is also made residuary legatee, which interest Mr. Bennett thought might bring her $25,000 more. The will leaves $50,000 to William J. Bryan for his own use or for such benevolent application as he may choose; $30,000 to Mr. and Mrs. Bryan jointly for them to use in educational and charitable works; $10,000 to Mrs. Bryan for charitable uses under her own direction and $1,500 for the founding of a free library at Salem, Ill., Bryan's old home.

Bequests to popular leaders from their admirers have not been unusual from ancient times down to the present day. A large part of the incomes of prominent orators in the day of the Roman republic was from legacies. Professional pleading in behalf of accused persons, such as Roman advocates used to perform, was a friendly service rendered without direct pay, but was requited by gifts and legacies. Bequests to English statesmen have occasionally been made by people they never met. Disraeli is said to have been a large beneficiary from the will of an unknown admirer. There are, however, some features connected with the Bennett bequests to the Bryan family which we believe are quite unprecedented.

Mr. Bryan appeared in person when the will was offered in the probate court and gave testimony. It appeared that he became acquainted with Mr. Bennett in the campaign of 1896, while riding on a train from New York to New Haven. Mr. Bennett was a devoted adherent of Mr. Bryan's political principles and used to send him letters of sympathy. In a letter of October 30, 1896, Mr. Bennett wrote: "If you are defeated I will give you $3,000. You must know my feeling of gratitude for what you have done for humanity." Mr. Bryan testified that Mr. Bennett fulfilled this promise. "On the first of each succeeding March for three years I received a check for $1,000 from Mr. Bennett," Mr. Bryan further said that during the campaign of 1900 Mr. Bennett called on him at a hotel in New York and handed him $500. In addition to receiving these gifts from Mr. Bennett, it appears that the will making these large bequests to the Bryan family was drawn up at the Bryan homestead during a visit there of Mr. Bennett, and it was typewritten by Mrs. Bryan. Mr. Bryan himself frankly testified to the circumstances, saying, "he came to Nebraska in the spring of 1900 and we planned the will."

The widow is contesting Mr. Bryan's claim. In the course of cross-examination Mr. Bryan explained that he would not accept a cent for himself, but he maintained his right to spend the money for educational and charitable purposes.

The case is still pending and the ultimate disposition of it is yet to be settled, but in any event it is an extraordinary revelation of the attractiveness of Mr. Bryan's personality and of his ability to make use of it.

Cheer Up.

There is little to be said of the financial situation that has not been said. Careful investigation on behalf of the Clearing House association has resulted in the determination that the banks and financial institutions of the Pittsburgh district are sound. Members of the association have subscribed a fund of $2,000,000 to back their confidence if necessary. It will not be necessary to use any part of the fund unless there is a development of unreasoning fear on the part of the public, and that is not anticipated, as people are now taking a sober view of matters.

Suspension of the First National bank of Allegheny was due to the fact that it was affiliated in a way with the Federal National. The First National was in absolutely good condition, but it was crowded by its nervous depositors and closed its doors rather than risk depreciation of its resources by standing a continued run. That was good business policy. It will pay in full, but over-anxious depositors will have to await in patience the process of litigation. Any inconvenience suffered from the delay will have to be charged to the unreasonable nervousness of the depositors as a whole and not in any way to the management of the bank.

It was probably inevitable that some incidents such as those here and in Baltimore should mark the long period of severe liquidation in the stock market. The markets first became panicky and that weakened public confidence, for men are much like sheep in more senses than the facetious classification of those in speculation as "lambs for the shearing." When one is frightened the whole flock stampedes. There is good reason to believe the stampede is over. It has been ludicrous enough, despite its serious aspects. Things must look up, as the Irishman said of an unfortunate acquaintance: "Oh, Danny's lookin' up now. Shure he's flat on his back and can't see any other direction." There are good properties that will continue to pay dividends. Concerning one of the railroads which recently declared a dividend on shares that never paid before a recent writer said the road would "move heaven and earth and some other things" to continue it. The railroads are moving a great many "other things" besides wheat and cotton to get dividends from. There is cheer enough in the picture if people look for it.

This leads to the story told by Gen. Sherman in his memoirs of the old Teuton in the Pacific coast country who in a panicky time became suspicious of the bank that held his savings. He went to the bank and explained his fears, concluding: "Now if you have dot money I don't wand it, but if you haven't got it I wand it bad." The Pittsburgh banks have the money or its equivalent, and while recent events are no laughing matter it's an excellent time to "cheer up."

A Question of Powers.

The decision of the controller of the treasury in the case of W. A. Miller, assistant foreman of the government book bindery, denies Miller's claim for compensation during the period of his suspension, basing the denial on the ground that he is not a government official, but a government employe. The controller decides that as such his compensation is for the performance of certain work, and not for his time, and it is furthermore held that as an employe he "can be appointed or dismissed at the pleasure of the public printer," for "the power of appointment carries with it the power of removal." This seemingly confers broad and independent powers upon the public printer, but it is to be read in connection with the limitation of the powers of the public printer by his own official superiors. A literal reading of the controller's decision would make the public printer a law unto himself, and so he might be if he were an elected instead of an appointed officer. As an appointed officer, however, he is subject to rules as clearly defined as those which govern persons who are subject to his authority, though he may be a government official and they government employes. The power to appoint the public printer carries with it the power to remove him, and the power to appoint and remove carries with it authority to prescribe rules and regulations for his conduct of the office and the business of the office over which he is placed. His own powers are to be exercised with reference to the superior authority. He is, therefore, not an independent power, but an executive agent, and the proper reading of the decision of the controller of the treasury is that as the agent of the chief executive and not independently of him the public printer has the power to appoint and to remove. The important thing to remember in reaching a conclusion as to the bearing of this decision is that it is rendered on a point in controversy between the public printer and a subordinate, and not between the public printer and his superior. Even if the power of the public printer were theoretically capable of independent exercise, the power of his superior to get a new public printer would in practice make him amenable to the rules established by his superior for his government. The civil service regulations approved by the president are rules prescribed for the government of the public printer in his relations with employes under him, and these are the rules which were invoked for the restoration of Miller to his place. Their binding force is untouched by the controller's decision.

If Senator Morgan of Alabama wants the Democratic national convention of 1904 to declare "in the strongest possible language" that this is "a white man's country," he ought to be accommodated. The Democracy is in for another good licking, and it might as well go down with that at its masthead as anything else. Besides, this really is a white man's country, though not exclusively so, and a half truth is as near the truth as the Democratic party ought to be expected to come.

Notwithstanding the determination of the Orphans not to support their ticket at the November election unless something happens, we have reliable information that the election will not be postponed for this or any other reason. The Orphans may not be able to make up their minds on this important question of which ticket is the proper one to support, but the people are not troubled with any such difficulty.

With no wish to make a daily feature of the Post, it is only proper to remark that its observation that it "is constantly proud that it can rely upon the intelligence of its readers" is timely. Its readers really need to have all their intelligence with them when they read the Post's editorial page, and probably make use of it by passing on to something else.

It may have been enterprising to do so, but we question the good taste of our contemporary, the Dispatch, in announcing the "funeral from the family residence" in advance of the death of the subject of its sketch. It is hardly the proper thing to attempt to hurry the hearse.

Lewis Nixon doesn't seem to have known much more about organizing a shipbuilding corporation so that it would stay organized than he did about running Tammany hall.

The football season comes along just after the annual harvest with a crop of its own, reminding us again that "there is a reaper whose name is Death."

The $50,000 which Mr. Bryan refuses to accept for his own use is sound money, each dollar of it just as good as any other dollar.

It is suspected that the reason Democratic-Citizens campaigners are assessing the women clerks is because they need money.

The audience is all seated, but Japan and Russia hesitate at beginning the entertainment.

IN THE EYE OF FAME.

The celebrated German weather prophet, Dr. Rudolph Falb, died several days ago near Berlin, at the age of 65. He first studied theology, which he abandoned for the study of meteorology.

Before going to London, the city of his fortunes, Haddon Chambers tried sheep farming in Australian wilds and pen-driving in the colonial civil service. He was born in Sydney, N. S. W., about 43 years ago.

President Loubet of France is as fond of sports and outdoor life as our own president. He loves nothing better than to escape from court duty and go on a hunting expedition. He is well read, fond of music and an admirer of painting.

Julian N. Buck, the youngest son of "Buckskin Charlie," war chief of the Southern Utes, has been ordained a minister of the Presbyterian church in Denver. He is 29 years old, well educated and will work among his own people.

In a recent address before the Yale medical school Dr. Henry M. Hurd of the Johns Hopkins university gave an interesting account of a pioneer woman physician in Kentucky in the eighteenth century. The subject of his remarks was Mrs. Frances Coomes, the first woman to practice medicine in this country.

Miss Alice Fletcher has for years been associated with the Indian bureau and the Smithsonian museum at Washington, and in the former capacity has done work performed by no other woman. She surveyed government land among the Omahas and had charge of the division of those lands. She is best known, perhaps, to the popular mind by her work in making known the Omaha music, which for the first time was written under her care, the words of their songs being translated by her.

Cause of the Decline.

"But," said the perplexed stockholder, "how is it possible that the stock sells so low while the company continues to pay such handsome dividends?"

"Blest if I know," said his friend. "May be the public is getting so nervous that it considers the payment of dividends as reckless extravagance."—Puck.

"GOOD FELLOWS."

Now, this is not a preachment, and this is not a screed,
Nor does it point a moral that all of us should heed.
But, why is it, "good fellows"—men rich in sense and fun,
Who give us song and story and cheer us every one.
Who in the realm of pleasure are lifted to a throne—
Why is it these "good fellows" must meet their death alone?
The artist with his fancies, the minstrel with his trains,
The writer with his stories in all their varied veins—
Big hearted, open handed, the idols of the crowd;
No praise or friendly boasting makes them a whit too proud;
All of us join their laughter; none hears their passing moan—
Why is it these "good fellows" go down to death alone?
Is all their fun to trick us? Is it a masque of mirth?
Do they count folly hollow—a thing of little worth?
Is there behind the laughter that rings so true and clear—
Is there a heart all gloomy—the salt tang of a tear?
His life belongs to others; but is his death his own?
Why is it these "good fellows" take the dark way alone?
Now, this is not a preachment—but why do they not choose
To hear, as they go from us, the last long laugh they lose?
Do they not want the story, the rollick of the song
To echo down the pathway—the pathway straight and long?
But, no! forgetting—shunning—the friendly grasp and tone,
Why is it these "good fellows" must meet their death alone?

—W. D. Nesbit, in Chicago Tribune.

The Quiet Observer.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

Times before you, when even living men were antiquities—when the living might exceed the dead, and to depart this world could not be properly said to go into the greater number.

—Sir Thomas Browne.

Have you ever figured up the number of people who have, probably, lived on this earth?

Only a mathematical genius would attack the problem, but there are such, and here is the answer given by one of them:

"If all the people who have lived up to this time arose from the dead there would be five of them to every square foot upon the surface of all the continents, obliged to climb on one another's shoulders in order to stand."

Do you grasp it?

To have given his answer in round numbers would have left you still more in the dark, for no one can comprehend numbers beyond the limit with which he is familiar, and that usually falls within the five figure limit.

Have you ever seen a thousand of anything—men, dollars, flies—any aggregation of individual objects of that size?

If you have not you would more than likely say there were five times that number were you to see a regiment of men turned loose in an open lot.

To the average mind figures are very indefinite, and often misleading.

* * * * *

What became of all these people? Where are they now? What are they doing? What will you do when you finish your job of living?

And then think of the hosts, the swarms of people yet to come.

But this is not all, nor the worst. There are other worlds—many times more than the stars we see, and we do not see near all of them.

Our sun, which is one of the smaller stars in the firmament—all stars being suns—has at least eight planets, of which ours, the earth, ranks third in size.

May we not safely or at least logically and reasonably conclude that our planet sustains the same rank as to population?

Nor is this all, nor the worst.

If our sun, being one of the smaller suns in the firmament, supports and sustains eight planets, may we not logically and reasonably conclude that each of the suns of its class sustains and supports an equal number of worlds, and that the larger suns each sustain and support a proportionately greater number of planets, each of which has been, is, or will be populated practically the same as ours?

There being millions upon millions of stars, or suns, there are tens of millions upon millions of worlds as large, or larger, than the earth, upon which beings not unlike ourselves in the matter of soul and intellect live, move, and die, and go somewhere.

What a vast place heaven must be!

* * * * *

Among the startling prophecies concerning human developments in the twentieth century, if one by President Pritchett of the Boston Institute of Technology, and another by Sir Robert Giffen, the eminent English statistician.

According to the first-named scholar the population of the United States will be increased to nearly 95,000,000 in 1910; in 1950 to over 190,000,000. He does not estimate it for the year 2000, but at the rate of growth which his estimate for 1950 assumes—namely, 100 per cent for the 50 years beginning with 1900—the American people 100 years hence will number 475,000,000.

Sir Robert Giffen says that the populations of Europe and of European origin—in which he includes the United States and all other countries settled by descendants of European stock—have increased from 170,000,000 in 1800 to 500,000,000 in 1900. And he predicts that at the end of the coming century (2,000) the 800,000,000 will have become 1,500,000,000 or more.

It is not conceivable that the twentieth century will be more warlike and destructive of human life than the nineteenth, which has been more crowded with wars than any previous century of the Christian era. Therefore, the three-fold increase of the populations of Europe and of countries of European origin and sympathetic civilization which has occurred in the present century is not unreasonably anticipated in the next. Meantime, the yellow and black races are not increasing at all. Time and the fight on the side of "the noble Caucasian."

But try to think of the American people of A. D. 2,000—475,000,000 of them! What a presidential campaign they will have when that year rolls round!

* * * * *

And all of these must die. Well, does not every seed have to die before the plant flourishes or the flower blooms?

Maybe it is the tomb you fear and dread?

"The tomb itself is nothing to you," says Leckey, the philosopher. "The narrow prison-house, the gloomy pomp, the hideousness of decay, are known to the living and the living alone. By a too common illusion of the imagination men picture themselves as consciously dead—going through the processes of corruption, and aware of it—imprisoned with the knowledge of the fact in the most hideous of dungeons. Endeavor earnestly to erase this illusion from the mind, for it lies at the root of the fear of death, and is one of the worst sides of mediaeval and of much modern teaching and art that it tends to strengthen it.

"Nothing, if we truly realize it, is less real than the grave. We should be no more concerned for the after fate of our discarded bodies than with that of the hair which the barber has cut off. The sooner they are resolved into their primitive elements the better. The imagination should never be suffered to dwell upon their decay."

And after all, may we not have lived before—oftimes, perhaps?

Failing of entrance into the higher life may we not have been sent back again and again, and given rank in the sphere of life according to our deserts?

The doctrine of the transmigration of souls is one of the oldest doctrines concerning the soul. It is touched up deftly and tenderly in the following lines:

Who knows we have not lived before
In forms that felt delight and pain?
If death is not the open door
Through which we pass to life again?
The fruitful seed beneath the sod
In infant bud and bloom may rise,
But by the eternal laws of God
It is not quickened till it dies.
The leaves that tremble on the tree,
Fall 'neath the stroke of autumn's storms;
But by some mighty mystery,
With spring return in other forms.
As currents of the surging sea,
From undiscovered sources flow—
So what we were and yet may be
In this brief life we may not know.
But oft some unexpected gleams
Of past and unremembered years,
Break through the doorway of our dreams
And some familiar face appears—
A kindred spirit lost awhile,
Amid the change from death to birth,
Whose beaming eye and loving smile
Recall some former scenes of earth.
And thus unconscious of the tie—
The mystic link that love creates—
Perhaps we see our own who die,
In newer forms and other states.
Perhaps with every cycle passed
In all the ages yet to be,
Our loved will come to us at last,
As parted waters find the sea—
Not wholly clad as they were seen
When death unbound their robes of clay;
But with seraphic face and mien,
And souls that may not pass away.

—David Banks Sickles.

Black and White Sheep.

A great deal is being made by certain newspapers of the fact that after the suicide of a man who had been very prominent in church work in New York, it is discovered that he had made away with the trust funds of the church for which he was treasurer. It is a sad revelation, to be sure; but over against this there are thousands of men serving their churches who have never misappropriated a dollar and who hold to their trust most sacredly. That there is a black sheep now and then only proves that the majority of them are white.—Buffalo Commercial.

Penny Postage.

No innovation more popular than one cent postage can be urged. Ultimately it must come. The time is now ripe for it. For a few years after its introduction there may be increase in the yearly deficits. But before long the increase in revenue from the additional use of the mails will bring the department to a self-sustaining basis.—Troy Budget.

Talked of in New York

GEORGE C. JENKS.

[By Postal Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—How difficult it is to smuggle jewelry into this port was illustrated this morning in the case of a French captain, who was compelled to give to the customs authorities property worth $25,000. There was no particular reason why he should have been caught except his own seriousness. He had diamonds and other jewelry safely hidden in his pockets and so portable was the booty that it did not show itself even to a close observer. But he could not control his eyes, which wandered about in an erratic manner, while his trembling hands moved about over the outside of his pockets perpetually. The customs officials, always on the watch for abnormal conditions in passengers from the steamers, soon saw that the captain was uneasy and with professional instinct determined that he must be a smuggler. Well, he was. The captain was taken into that dreadful little room where sacrifices to the demands of the United States treasury department are always made, and there the $25,000 worth of jewelry was brought to light. If the captain could have controlled his features he might have got his wealth through the barriers. As it is, he will have to do a great deal of explaining, which may or may not save his property from the national melting pot.

An Inconsiderate Action.

How inconsiderate some men are was instanced this morning to John Speth, when he awoke and found that a friend who had shared his bed with him had cut his own throat in the night and lay dead by his side. The suicide had domestic grievances, but that did not excuse him for his unconsiderate fate de se. He ought to have borne in mind that it would be a ghastly awakening for Speth and have held his hand. Speth was quite annoyed as he gazed at the corpse from a distant corner of the room after a spasmodic jump from the bed.

No Kissing Allowed in Zion.

While John Alexander Dowie professes to be proud of the fact that his son, 27 years old, has never been kissed by anyone outside of his immediate family circle, the general sentiment here is a pity for the young man. It is the custom of Zion to watch so closely the youths and maidens of that community that kissing is unknown. There would be no need for anyone to "kiss and tell," because if a young man were to kiss a maiden the report of the osculation would be echoed and re-echoed from mouth to mouth until it reached the "restorer," who would find a punishment to fit the crime forthwith. If Dowie wants recruits from New York he should have kept this kissing prohibition in the background.

Costs Money to Eat There.

Broadway is suffering from a surfeit of places of amusement. It has so many theaters and swell restaurants that the unaccustomed pleasure seeker becomes confused and he is in danger of starving in an embarrassment of recreative riches. Theaters are so numerous that there is always a chance that he will find himself in one place when he thinks he is in the one next door. As for restaurants, they have burst into being every few steps from the Flatiron to Columbus Circle, and each one tries to outdo the other in garishness and costliness. A chop is no longer a matter of a modest order which would give you enough change out of a dollar to tip the waiter. If you want a chop in a Broadway restaurant you will find that there are trimmings and liquids which will far exceed the price of the triangular bit of mutton, making a $5 bill look, literally, like 20 cents. Should your taste run to lobster or anything of that epicurean nature, then you must be prepared with a "roll of bills," to use the Tenderloin vernacular. It is this expensiveness that has chained Broadway to spread itself out like an overgrown turtle, until its extremities touch adjoining and parallel thoroughfares. Sixth avenue, which used to be a gloomy and dingy canyon of old-fashioned brick houses, blazes with up-all-night restaurants for several blocks. The explanation is simple. Broadway cannot take care of its trade and is obliged to give some to its humbler competitors.

Baleboks Figure in a Fight.

Stilettos are ugly weapons, but in a fight among a lot of Italian longshoremen in Brooklyn today it was shown that baleboks are uglier tools of warfare than stilettos. As one interested observer of the scrap remarked, "When once you get a hold on your man with a balebok, part of him has got to come with the hook." There were 40 men in the fight, and yet, strangely enough, only two were badly hurt—both with baleboks. One man had a large piece torn out of his back, and the other had been caught in the knee. The balebok is a favorite weapon with southern longshoremen, mostly negroes, who use them in handling cotton bales, and it seems that Brooklyn Italians "have got the habit."

Three Ships Out of Pawn.

Uncle Sam has got three of his fighting ships out of pawn at Elizabethport. They are the cruiser Chattanooga and the torpedo boats Nicholson and O'Brien. The vessels had been replevined from the control of the sheriff of Union county two days before and were brought to the Brooklyn navy yard today. This means an increase of industry at the yard, for work on the craft will be carried day and night until they are completed. There are a number of rousing cheers around the Cob dock as the three ships were towed in from the river.

Revival of Horseback Riding.

Equestrianism it at the height of its vogue in Central park at this time of the year. Perhaps this is because the approach of the horse show has turned general attention toward the desirability of horseback exercise. At all events, one may see scores of riders, especially young girls and boys, on horses matching their size, cantering along the bridle-paths, usually with a watchful groom at their heels. It is remarked that there is not a city in the country which can produce more examples of perfect horsemanship than may be observed in Central park on these October afternoons.

Tammany's Most Dangerous Foe.

Of all the dangers that threaten Tammany—and they are many—there is none more powerful than the opposition of Hugh McLaughlin, who represents the Brooklyn wing of the Democracy. McLaughlin is a veteran in politics and is decidedly "boss" of Brooklyn. He will not accept Tammany hall's candidates nor will he trade with Murphy in anything. If Brooklyn should continue to oppose Tammany there is little chance of the Tiger roaring with triumph after election day.

Whipping for Wife Beaters.

Whipping for wife beaters is a suggestion not unknown in most communities. The Medico-Legal society, which has just begun its fall series of meetings at the Waldorf-Astoria, is taking up the question with characteristic energy and expressed its determination to try to make the whipping post an instrument for the reform of wife beaters. It is not likely that the society will be successful in this endeavor, more's the pity.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered in New York today:

Waldorf-Astoria.
J. J. Brooks, Jr., D. A. Pitcairn, Mrs. J. C. Bennett.

Holland.
W. L. Mellon.

Albemarle.
C. C. Law.

Earlington.
Harold Allen, Miss M. A. Chadwick, Miss Susie V. Kennedy.

Navarre.
H. S. Watt, J. J. McAdams, W. W. Powell, George O. Mills, Mrs. Mills, H. L. Bratz.

Manhattan.
H. C. Van Kirk, George C. Smith.

Herald Square.
H. W. Klein, C. W. S. Churchman, J. C. DeMoss.

Kensington.
M. D. Wright.

Grand Union.
S. Catanzaro, S. M. Robinson.

Victoria.
W. J. Mertz.

Continental.
James McKelvey.

Imperial.
E. J. Krause, H. G. Sacconi, Mrs. Sacconi, J. P. Walsh, C. Alleno, Hugo Rosenbaum, Charles L. Cumings, Ben Rush, Joe Sinnott.

Savoy.
J. H. Kohn, Mrs. I. Kaufmann, Mrs. J. Kaufmann.

Broadway Central.
W. D. Carpenter.

Fifth Avenue.
J. B. Craig, Dr. F. S. Pershing, Mrs. Pershing, Miss Ada Harley.

Hoffman.
John V. Keogh, Mrs. W. G. McKinney, Mrs. Walter.

New Amsterdam.
H. J. Donahe, Josie M. Garvey.

Bartholdi.
F. May Heinrich, Mrs. Heinrich.

Astor.
J. D. P. Balch, C. F. Wells, R. Yohum.

The Canal Hold-Up.

A diplomatic agent of the Colombian government says the only condition on which his government will conclude a treaty for the construction of a canal on the Panama route is the payment of $25,000,000 by the United States. This is Colombia's ultimatum, he states. If the United States refuses to pay $25,000,000 now, Colombia will wait until the United States is ready to pay that amount. No $25,000,000, no canal.

The impropriety of a diplomatic agent talking as Ismael Enrique Arciniegas is represented as talking in New York need not be discussed. It is in keeping with the spirit in which the canal question was discussed at Bogota. It is in accord with the Colombian idea that the best statesmanship is that which compels the United States to pay the most money into the hands of the faction now in power. It is only another manifestation of the spirit that has characterized the course of Colombia all through the canal negotiations. In business life a man who followed such a course would be known as a blackmailer. How much better is a nation that employs the same methods?

It is the same old story. The United States made a proposition to the government of Colombia to complete the Panama canal. Instead of accepting the proposition or rejecting it outright, Colombia says to the United States: "We want you to build the canal, but we want you to pay more for the privilege of extricating us from an embarrassing situation. As there is, in our view, no other practicable route across the isthmus, you must, in time, pay our price for constructing a canal on the Panama route. If you will not pay our price now, we will wait till you have to."

The answer ought to be given promptly and it ought to be an emphatic refusal to concede any other terms than those offered in the treaty ratified by the United States senate. This ought to be done, not only in the interest of a canal across the isthmus, but as a notification to the world that the United States government will not let its great interests be the football of brigands or blackmailers.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

It is plain enough that if we put up as Colombia demands we can do business with her. Questions of the control of the canal also are thrown in to make weight. They can easily be solved. What we have to consider is, shall we suffer ourselves to be bled by Colombia according to her notions of our fat wallet and our keen desire to pierce the isthmus? And if we accept her latest figures will she stick to them? She has revised her terms several times, and after Dr. Herran, her representative here, signed for figures agreed upon by him and his government the congress at Bogota rejected the treaty embodying them. Our experience with the Colombian government is the opposite of our experience with the Panama Canal Company in the matter of price. The Canal Company started out with figures so tall a stepladder was necessary for an examination of them. They were impossible to the point of absurdity. Then came the startling drop to $40,000,000, which was the appraisement of our own commissioners, and a bargain was struck. But as the Canal Company came down the Colombian government went up, and she is still rising.—Washington Star.

Colombia has sent Senor Arciniegas of the diplomatic service, to Washington with special dispatches for Minister Herran, containing an ultimatum on the Panama canal matter. This "diplomatic" agent is credited with giving out the chief contents of these dispatches, to the effect that Colombia is willing to conclude the treaty for the modest sum of $25,000,000 in cash, the territory to remain Colombian. The agent is quoted as saying, for his government, that it is willing to wait until the United States pleads, promising in the meantime not to consider the offers of any other country to build the canal. This last is very considerate of Colombia, in view of the fact that the maintenance of a certain decline by the United States, fathered by one Monroe, is all that stands between the South American republic and the appropriation of the territory wanted for the canal, and any other desirable pieces of her real estate, by some European nation, and no cash payment.

Senor Arciniegas may be assured that his country's patience will be well tested before the United States will agree to the $25,000,000 blackmail, which, in Colombia's depreciated currency, would represent $150,000,000. But Colombia must not bank on the patience of the party of the second part. Colombia will take $10,000,000 as the cash payment of holding. There is no other possible customer.—Newark Advertiser.

The frankness of those Colombians is admirable, but the fact that Colombia needs just about $75,000,000 to pay the cost of a rebellion, organized and carried on because its government is incompetent, constitutes no valid reason why we should pay for the abandoned Panama ditch more than it is worth. The French shareholders and American speculators who control the concession reduced their demand upon us from $109,000,000 to $40,000,000. At this latter figure we closed the bargain. Colombia reverses the process and increases her demand 150 per cent. The nickleness of the Colombian government is not, however, the only element of instability in the Panama canal negotiation. Already the question of declaring forfeited the rights of the French company is under discussion at Bogota. It may be ungracious to venture the suggestion that if Colombia thought it probable that by forfeiting the concession she would get the $40,000,000, or a portion of it, for herself, the Frenchmen and the heartless American speculators would very speedily find themselves out in the cold.—New York Times.

Colombia has abandoned the dreamy Spanish ways of diplomacy and finance and has adopted American methods. Imitation is said to be the sincerest form of flattery. In driving a hard bargain with us the Bogota statesmen are simply practicing arts in which Uncle Sam excels. Will they flatter the United States into paying $75,000,000 for canal privileges? That is a question which congress may answer in a few weeks.—Baltimore Sun.

Senseless Scares.

The tendency of excitable individuals is to magnify present evils and invent dangers that do not exist. The country has been subjected to many senseless scares and startled by the anticipation of disasters that are not likely to make their appearance. Inflation and over-speculation have done their worst, and it is now time that we faced the situation squarely and notify the panicky speculators and rumor mongers that they should take a back seat. There is no need of hunting for any further trouble. The country is all right and it is not going to the dogs. The man who has his money invested should keep his wits about him and not lose his judgment. The exercise of a little common sense will do wonders in clearing up the present unsettled condition of things and in placing them once more on a secure and solid basis.—Oil City Derrick.

Trifling With Dignity.

The jurors of Valenciennes, Ind., who reached a verdict by flipping coppers showed a shameful disregard of the dignity of the law and jury-room etiks. They should have at least shot craps or played freeze-out to settle important matters like that.—Washington Post.

IT IS TO SMILE.

A toothless man
And a man who stuttered
In an awful manner
Of language muttered,
And they vowed that each
Might as well be dumb
If he couldn't say
Chrysanthemum.

—Chicago Tribune.

"Marry a man," said Uncle Eben, "an' many's de time he doesn't take notice of de chance what he's got to make a fortune, but he doesn't take notice of de chance when it comes along."—Washington Star.

Mr. Rose—This portrait doesn't look like my wife at all.

Artist—I know it doesn't, but it looks as she thinks she looks.—Judge.

"So you think Mrs. Van Plump's

RIDGLEY WOULD REVISE CURRENCY

Comptroller Points Out Country's Needs Before Bankers' Association.

IT SHOULD COME GRADUALLY

Says Business Sense and Good Judgment Are More Necessary Than Legislation. Wealth Is Increasing and Continued Prosperity Is Assured.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The second day's session of the American Bankers' association was made interesting today by the address of William B. Ridgley, comptroller of the currency, and by the flattering testimonials of the country's prosperity received from the delegates of numerous states. The attendance today was large, equaling that of the opening day, and the interest of the financial men of the nation continues unabated in the proceedings.

On the subject of "The Currency," Mr. Ridgely spoke as follows:

I am a thorough believer in currency reform and agree with those who wish to see the greenbacks retired, the silver withdrawn down to the point which it is practically subsidiary coinage or currency, leaving nothing in circulation but gold, as coin or certificate, and a real bank note circulation by gold reserves with such regulations for issue and redemption that it would be a matter of indifference to the banks whether their profits remained with them as deposits or were circulating as notes. This is the only true solution of our currency matters, and I hope to see it some day accomplished. This, however, is a thing which can only be gradually done, and has little or no practical bearing on the present business situation.

Danger in Radical Change.

We have another very different system in force and it is with it we have to meet and cope with our present problems. It has two very great advantages. Our people are used to it and have had no experience with any other. Only the veterans in business remember anything different. Its greatest advantage is, however, its absolute safety and soundness. Realize what this has meant in the last year or two and especially in the last few months. If there had been the slightest doubt or uncertainty in regard to any of our currency, our standard of value, or our national finances, the squalls we have thus far stood so well would have developed into a cyclone that would have swept the whole country, causing ruin and disaster on every side. It is a very good system which resists such strains, and there is great force in the argument that this is not the time for any very radical change if we should how ever contemplate any at all. What is needed now is business sense and good judgment, not legislation. We may need currency legislation as we have needed it for years, but it is not to meet this situation, and there is no use to delude ourselves with the hope that legislation will help us out of trouble due to overexpansion and speculation. We need all the reserve money we can get, but legislation will not produce it. We must wait for the accumulation of gold, the only real reserve money. It will be no real help to make a further large increase in bank-note circulation and no one would think of adding to the volume of the greenbacks. No legislation can change fixed capital to productive capital. That is merely a question of time, and there is nothing to do but to wait for it.

There is also a tendency towards recrimination and placing the blame for present business conditions on some one else; for one section of the country to blame another; for the west to say it is all the fault of the east and Wall street. Some very foolish people say they are glad to see the speculators there because they should get the blame and the rest of the people will not be hurt.

All Affected By Finance.

There can hardly be any more mistaken view than this. There is no man, woman or child in the civilized world to whom, remote, or obscure as not to be more or less affected by the large movements in the financial center. Very recently I have known personally of enterprises in the mountains of North Carolina, in California, in Hawaii, in Alaska and in the Philippines whose proposed operations have been curtailed on account of the uncertainty of money market. The result is that the amount of money to be spent for wages and supplies among people so widely separated in different parts of the world has been the means of those people who, if they have ever heard of such matters, regard themselves as far beyond their reach and influence, have been directly affected in the amount of their wages and incomes and the prices of their products. These are only examples of thousands of similar cases and no one can say he is not affected. The situation of railroads in all parts of the world are so intricate and far-reaching that what affects the money market in any large way reaches us all. It is true that there has been over-speculation, much of it wild and foolish; some of it fraudulent and dishonest. It does no good, however, to scold and blame the speculator. He always follows and participates in each movement and always will until human nature changes. The purely gambling speculation on margins is only the fringe of the great trading and dealing in stocks and securities in Wall street, which is a necessary part of modern business. Do not misunderstand me as defending or even excusing the speculators. There is plenty of room for it and too many business and professional men, bankers and bank officers have been tempted and acquired the habit of speculation during the last few years of rapidly advancing prices. It should be stopped if there is any way to do it, and you, as bankers, can do much to discourage it, if not prevent it, as anyone can. This sort of speculating, however, is not the same as a chief or leading factor in the situation. The whole movement since the revival in business came has been more or less speculative, and just as business has been unduly depressed and prices lower than they should have been, we have gone to the other extreme.

Bank Serves Community.

Wall street and the speculators are perhaps not so very much more to blame than the rest of the country. Where is the man or the bank entirely free from sin to cast the first stone? You may not speculate in the stock exchange, or underwrite promotions, but it will be hard to find the bank whose officers or chief customers are not in some real promotion or combination which is more or less speculative. Properly enough, too, in many cases perhaps for it is often one of the best services a bank can render its own community to encourage local enterprises which are legitimate and which are to be in honest and competent hands. The strongest banks in the world are the system of locally owned, independent banks is that they develop local institutions and are able to lend their credit to worthy local enterprises. It should be stopped if there is any way to do it, and you, as bankers, can do much to discourage

GAILOR OPPOSES ANGLICAN FORMS

Bishop of Tennessee Says Episcopal Church Should Be Americanized.

HE FAVORS CHANGE OF NAME

Bishop Whitehead of Pittsburgh, at Pan-American Conference Participates in Discussion of Points of Difference in Creeds Which It Is Proposed to Unite.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—At the morning session of the pan-American conference of bishops, the Rt. Rev. Thomas Frank Gailor, bishop of Tennessee, advocated the development of the Episcopal church in the United States along national lines with a view to the creation of a distinctively American church. Bishop Gailor took the ground that the United States did not need the Church of England, but the church of America. He was opposed to the Episcopal church being called a branch of the Church of England, and also to the introduction of English forms and customs into the American church.

Bishop Gailor is in favor of a change of name from the Protestant Episcopal church to a more appropriate title. He quoted a prominent Presbyterian clergyman as saying that the unity of the Presbyterian and Episcopalian churches could not be under the name Episcopal. Bishop Gailor declared that the church needed to be Americanized, not Anglicized. His address aroused great enthusiasm.

The general subject of discussion was the attitude of the Protestant Anglican church toward the Protestant communion around her. Beside Bishop Gailor, the bishop of Montreal also read a paper. Both these papers had for their subject the "Points of Union and Their Emphasis," and they developed the many points of Christian doctrine in which all occupy a common ground affording hope of eventual agreement. Bishop Whitehead of Pittsburgh and the bishop of Niagara discussed "Points of Difference and Their Explanation."

Bishop Gailor's Address.

Of the development of a distinctively American church Bishop Gailor said:

We ought to emphasize the fact that this church is not the church of the middle ages, nor the Church of England, but an American church. The problems we have to solve and the difficulties we have to encounter are in a peculiar sense our own. For us to import into this church the manners and customs, the prejudices and traditions of the United Church of England seems to me a mistake. Romanism has tried in vain to be Roman in the United States, and is now attempting to convince people that it is the American Catholic church. No body of Christians ever had the splendid opportunity that we have to Americanize Christianity. I do not mean Romanism, and that "American" is not synonymous with class individualism; but we shall not do it as a branch of the Church of England, only as an American church.

Bishop Gailor urged the encouragement of contact and sympathy between the Episcopal church and the other Protestant churches by the "maintenance of our American spirit and American independence in custom and worship and government."

The bishop declared that to recognize these differences of national and national progress was but to fall in with the divine design, and to disparage or ignore them, he said, is to "try to be more catholic than God."

A committee of bishops has been appointed to consider and report to the conference upon the expediency and practicability of putting in effect Bishop Gailor's suggestions. At the close of the afternoon session this statement was authorized:

Official Statement Made.

A report was made by the archbishop of the West Indies on behalf of a committee appointed upon the first day of the session treating of important matters affecting the interest of the several branches of the American communion, especially with regard to the transferring of clergymen from one country to another. Resolutions were introduced embodying the recommendations of the committee with a view to bringing the matter to the attention of the legislative assemblies of the Anglican church and that they might be communicated to the archbishop of Canterbury to be laid before the next meeting of the Lambeth conference. After some discussion of these resolutions consideration of the subject was postponed in favor of the subject appointed for this hour, namely methods of the church's work among the specially dependent races in America.

The bishop of Southern Virginia, the Rt. Rev. Dr. Randolph, read a paper upon the work of the church among the negroes in the United States. The bishop of Honduras, representing the bishops in the West Indies, where negroes are so numerous, had been appointed to read a paper upon the subject of evangelizing the negroes as the problem presents itself in those regions. Being unable to attend the conference, he prepared his paper and it was read by the secretary. After resolutions of sympathy and fraternal greeting to the archbishop of Rupertsland, prevented by sickness from being present, the conference adjourned.

HIGHLY-PRIZED WATCH STOLEN

Negroes Held for Robbing Man of Present Received for Saving a Life.

Joseph Wilson and George Slappo, both negroes, were committed to jail yesterday by Justice of the Peace Thomas Kennady of Wilmerding, on charges of highway robbery, preferred against them by Charles Ruecastle of Pitcairn. The men were arrested late Wednesday night at East Pittsburgh. Ruecastle was held up and robbed at 1 o'clock Sunday morning near East Pittsburgh station by negroes and at the hearing yesterday he positively identified Wilson and Slappo as the men.

The negroes, after a hard fight with Ruecastle, secured $2 and a gold watch from him. The watch was valued highly by Ruecastle, as it had been presented to him in England for having saved the life of a young man as he was drowning. Wilson and Smith are thought to be the men who committed many holdups in and about East Pittsburgh during the past month. They boarded in Lillie avenue, Braddock, and their room was searched yesterday, but no stolen goods were found.

Marriage Licenses Granted.

CUMBERLAND, MD., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Marriage licenses were issued here today to the following Pennsylvanians: Frank Charles Gamble and Martha Kinter, both of Indiana, Pa.; Evan J. Davis and Mrs. Emma Murdock, both of Johnstown; John W. Gery Earns of Lauchlintown, Pa., and Edith Jane Penrod of Lancaster, Md.

Dance in Cyclorama Hall.

Miss Oppenheimer of Fayette street, Allegheny, gives a dance in the Cyclorama parlors on Wednesday, October 28.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday:

William J. Fawcett	Finleyville, Pa.
Maude E. Kahl	Finleyville, Pa.
William H. Ackerman	East Pittsburgh
Catherine E. Divens	Turtle Creek
George Bucy	West Elizabeth
Margaret Young	McDonald
Perry K. Voelp	Allegheny
Emma M. Myers	Allegheny
Edgar G. Yonglin	Pittsburgh
Margaret C. Keenan	Pittsburgh
Wil E. Sarver	Ainsworth
Hattie Bare	Wilkinsburg
George Keesel	Pittsburgh
Sarah Mizzell	Pittsburgh
Leander A. Morris	Allegheny
M. Holshouse	Allegheny
William W. Jacobs	Pittsburgh
Esther Adams	Monongahela City
William W. Rankin	Pittsburgh
Lois N. Robinstein	Pittsburgh
John Daniels	Berlin Heights, O.
Mattie A. Barry	Berlin Heights, O.
James Nichols	Homestead
Josephine Pigram	Homestead
Charles Stewart	Pittsburgh
Effie Thomas	Pittsburgh
William H. Williams	Duquesne
Magnolia Carter	Duquesne
Russell Wallmeyer	Duquesne
Cecelia Throop	Pittsburgh
Andrew C. Meyers	Oakmont
Cora Goldsmith	Allegheny
Harry Lee	Pittsburgh
Mary Morton	Pittsburgh
Jacob Hofman	Allegheny
Orilla Yost	Pittsburgh
Chester A. Grover	McKeesport
Lillie M. Smith	McKeesport

SOCIETY

Of more than usual interest to a host of friends and acquaintances in Pittsburgh and Allegheny was the wedding of Miss Anna Mary Robinson, and Dr. Ray Cummings Cooper last evening. The bride is a daughter of the late Dr. William J. Robinson and Mrs. Martha Hamlin Robinson, of Union avenue, Allegheny, and Dr. Cooper is a son of Henry Cooper, of Bellevue. At 7 o'clock, a brother of the bride, the Rev. Dr. G. W. Robinson, of the First United Presbyterian church, Allegheny, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Arch R. Robinson, of Butler, another brother, while a third brother, the Rev. Dr. Charles H. Robinson, gave the bride away. Miss Bessie Watt was the bride's only attendant, and the ushers were Dr. Frederick W. Woolridge, Clarence Green, W. A. Stewart, George Newmyer, Edward Brickel and Dr. C. E. Whitehead. John S. Cooper supported his brother as best man.

Nearly 1,000 guests witnessed the ceremony which was solemnized in the First United Presbyterian church while at the reception following at the bride's home about 150 guests were present. The bride wore a gown of white duchesse satin, and her veil was caught with orange blossoms. She carried a large bouquet of white chrysanthemums. Pink chrysanthemums were carried by the maid of honor, who was gowned in pink mousseline over silk. The pulpit of the church was hidden behind a mass of tall palms. Joseph Gittings presided at the organ. Smilax outlined the gallery and also appeared in different parts of the church. At the house, the decorations were also largely in green. Maidenhair fern banked the parlor mantel and a bright spot of color was given by a vase of American Beauty roses. The guests were served from a large supper table which was covered with lace over pink. Chandeliers were decked in green and in a large doorway connecting the dining room and library hung a curtain of smilax. After a wedding trip, Dr. Cooper will take his bride to Bellevue, where they will be at home on dates after December 1. Dr. William J. Robinson, the father of the bride, was for 35 years pastor of the church in which the wedding took place, his son holding the pastorate at present. The bride is a graduate of the Pennsylvania College for Women and Dr. Cooper of Princeton and Boston universities.

Catholic Church Tea Party.

The tea party to be given at Masonic hall next Wednesday for the benefit of the Bellevue and Avalon Catholic church, of which Father L. J. McGovern is pastor, promises to be a decided success socially and financially. The parish is a new one. The following ladies will have charge of the affair, with Mrs. Mary C. Cogley general chairman:

Table No. 1—Mrs. E. C. Garber, chairman; aids, Mrs. Horace Hays, Mrs. E. F. Strattman, Mrs. J. L. Nealy, Mrs. C. H. Messinger, Miss Stella Bauer, Miss Rose Bauer, Miss Clemmie Bauer, Mrs. Corwin Whaley.

Table No. 2—Miss Kate Cray and Mrs. Beckman, chairmen; aids, Mrs. Shaffner, Miss Lizzie Wallace, Miss Lavina Schuman, Miss Havlieck, Miss Krana, Mrs. Cummings.

Table No. 3—Mrs. Ann O'Doherty and Mrs. Mary McCullough, chairmen; aids, Miss Eva Norton, Miss Teresa Doherty, Miss Mary O'Doherty, Miss Annie Hays, Miss Katharine O'Doherty.

Table No. 4—Mrs. Charles Fischer and Mrs. C. Fischer, Jr., chairmen; aids, Mrs. Stierheim, Mrs. White, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Elsenburg, Miss Lizzie Kutchner, Mrs. McNish, Mrs. McNemara.

Table No. 5—Mrs. John Latshaw and Mrs. Kleinman, chairmen; aids, Miss Mary Mohan, Miss Lillian O'Connor, Mrs. Maggie Dunn, Miss Jessie Granville, Miss Mary Granville, Mrs. Cummings, Miss Hannen, Miss Katharine Byrnes, Miss Mary Byrnes.

Fancy booth—Mrs. Krana, chairman; aids, Miss Anna O'Brien, Miss Caroline Schlosser, Miss E. Krana.

Refreshment booth—Miss Tillie Schappy, chairman; aids, Mrs. A. Waddell, Miss Edna Fischer, Mrs. Annie Otto.

Floral booth—Mrs. Benjamin Doerr, chairman; aids, Mrs. S. F. Heckert, Miss Gertrude O'Connor.

Ice cream booth—Miss Nash, Miss Guckert, Miss Hannan.

Orange tree—Mrs. Edward Meighan, chairman; aids, Miss Lizzie Hudson, Miss Mohan.

A unique feature will be a matinee tea party for the children, to be given the following day from 4 to 8 o'clock. The little people will be pleasantly entertained.

Housewarming in the East End.

One of yesterday's enjoyable affairs was the reception given by Mrs. Joseph J. Mathews of North Negley avenue. The hours were from 2 o'clock until 5, the honor guest being Mrs. Frank W. Stonecipher, a bride of last autumn. In the evening Mr. and Mrs. Mathews entertained, Mr. Stonecipher sharing the honors with his wife. Both affairs were also in the nature of a housewarming for the new home of Mr. and Mrs. Mathews having but lately removed from Hay street. In the afternoon Mrs. Mathews was assisted by Mrs. S. E. Gill, Mrs. C. D. Armstrong, Mrs. W. J. Gillespie, Mrs. J. D. Nicholson, Mrs. O. H. Allerton, Mrs. Alexander Dempster, Mrs. W. P. Potter, Mrs. Sara Boggs, Mrs. S. H. Hamilton, Mrs. J. H. Thorne and Mrs. W. W. Wattles. The hostess wore a handsome gown of white crepe de chine, while her honor guest, who was Miss Lelia Weiver of Easton, received in her wedding gown of white crepe and lace.

The new home is a handsome one, with rooms opening on either side from a large central hall, finished in Flemish oak and having a broad oak staircase. The only decorations there were a few palms, while the library, where green dominated, a few palms and a large vase of feathery chrysanthemums constituted the decorations. This apartment has an appearance of the greatest comfort, with its green walls and furnishings of oak. From the center of the ceiling hangs a heavy brass chandelier. One of the prettiest apartments in the house is the dining room, with handcarved woodwork of mahogany. Over the table, on which was placed a magnificent centerpiece of yellow chrysanthemums, hung the low chandelier with bead-fringed opalescent shade. A large, low window with an inviting seat occupies one end of the room. The parlor is done in delicate shades of pink and green. A mass of maidenhair fern banked the white mantel. The lighting is very effective, with small clusters of globes placed at intervals around the wall. Flowers were placed in the rooms on the second floor and the verandas, enclosed with screens, formed a spacious smoking room for the men.

Wore Their Graduating Gowns.

Wearing their graduating gowns of white, simple and stylish in pattern, the members of the class of '96, Pennsylvania College for Women, yesterday assisted Mrs. William H. Kirk of Dithridge street in receiving her guests at an afternoon tea. They were Miss Harriett Duff, a niece of the hostess, Miss Sara Pfeil, Miss Anna Myra Petty, Miss Hilda Sadler, Miss Jennie Mesherry, Miss Eleanor Fitzgibbons, Miss Anna Hunter, all of the class, and Miss Rose O'Brien, Miss Edith Gray, Miss Alice Monce and Miss Abbie Mary Kirk. During the hours, which were from 3 o'clock until 6, about 200 guests were present and at the dance which Mrs. Kirk gave for her assistants in the evening, about 50 young people were in attendance. The hostess wore a white lace robe over silk.

Dainty decorations characterized the affair, simplicity being the dominant note in the decorative scheme. Large yellow chrysanthemums were placed in the parlor, a white and gold room. A handsome piece of lace with a lining of pink covered the tea table and the centerpiece was of pink carnations and greens. Entwined about the chandeliers were garlands of smilax and many palms stood in the different apartments. The library was done wholly in green with palms and ferns carrying out the color note.

Home Needs Larger Quarters.

The board of managers of the Allegheny day nursery and temporary home in Ohio street, Allegheny, yesterday observed its annual reception and donation day. From 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 in the evening the home was filled with people and in the evening a short and informal program was presented, consisting of songs by Miss Maud Allison, soprano, accompanied by Miss Lulu Marianne Genet, who also played several piano solos. Miss Lois Neely gave some delightful readings.

The Allegheny Day Nursery and temporary home has occupied its present home for nearly two years, but is handicapped for need of larger quarters. A committee has been appointed which is looking for a new site. Already there is a fund for the purchase or erection of such a house which is to be larger and more convenient than the present abode, and where a kindergarten may be established and the work for the children may be conducted on a broader scale than is possible at present.

The matron and her assistants together with over 50 children returned from the dinner home, West Wood, near Crafton, three weeks ago. During the summer the number under the care of the matron averaged 95 from day to day. At present there are 60 little ones in the home in Ohio street. The managers have been undecided whether to establish the new home on the outskirts of the city, where city conveniences and rural life may be combined, and the summer home discontinued, or to secure a location in the heart of Allegheny such as is now occupied and keep up the two homes.

The annual meeting of the board of managers will be held December 2.

Lutheran Women's Work.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Southern Conference of the Pittsburgh Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church held its annual afternoon and evening session in the Grace Lutheran church on Troy Hill, Allegheny. The afternoon session opened at 3 o'clock with devotional exercises conducted by Mrs. S. D. Baker. Miss Elizabeth Schlichenmeyer, Mrs. H. C. Reller, showed that the free will offerings for the year were $172.06. The organizer, Mrs. S. T. Nicholas, reported two woman's societies, four junior societies and three cradle roll bands have been organized. A free-will offering of $68.50 was taken up for the Crafton mission. Mrs. C. C. Wagley conducted an interesting discussion on "What Constitutes an Up-to-Date Missionary Society."

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected: Vice president, Mrs. P. D. Klein of Allegheny; recording secretary, Mrs. H. E. Barney of Monongahela City; corresponding secretary, Miss Gertrude Zimmerman of Pittsburgh; treasurer, Mrs. H. C. Reller of Aspinwall; organizer, Mrs. S. T. Nicholas of Bellevue. The president is appointed by the synod.

The next quarterly meeting will be held in Duquesne in January.

The evening session opened at 7:45 o'clock with a praise service conducted by Miss Martha Kling, after which Mrs. T. Nicholas read a report of the synodical conference held at New Kensington this month. The session closed with a paper read by Mrs. J. H. Main on "Woman's Inheritance as a Missionary Worker."

An Afternoon Reception.

Mrs. Stephen R. Brown of Dithridge street was hostess at a pleasant little tea yesterday afternoon from 3 until 5 o'clock. Receiving with the hostess were two home guests—Mrs. William M. Miller and Miss Ida B. Updegraff of Wheeling. The assistants were Mrs. Robert Milligan, Mrs. Henry C. McClelland, Mrs. William Shaffner, Mrs. W. A. Reynolds, Mrs. Hanson Rose, Mrs. Harry F. Davis, Miss Emma Haller, Miss Eleanor Stevenson and Miss Alice Davis. Mrs. Brown wore a gown of crepe de chine, while the ladies of the other members of the receiving party and of the assistants were modish autumn costumes. Green and white predominated in the decorations. The hall, with walls of deep red, had a number of palms placed against a low white-curtained window. The centerpieces on the tea table, which was covered with lace, consisting a number of handsome dollies, was of white chrysanthemums, interspersed with a quantity of green. Smilax completely covered the mantel and the fireplace in the same room, the trailing over the doorway and windows. Vases of dainty white blossoms gave the only touch of color.

Wedding Party Chosen.

Miss Lucila Scott will be the maid of honor at the wedding of Miss Lois Nuttall Robinstein and William Birt Rankin, which will take place next Wednesday at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Robinstein of North Highland avenue. Miss Helen Hoyt and Miss Meta Irene Schaub have been chosen as bridesmaids. John Quincy Rankin will serve as best man, while the ushers will be Archibald Dick and George King Wassell. The Rev. Dr. Robert Russell of the Sixth United Presbyterian church will officiate, and the wedding colors will be green and white.

Miss Robinstein was honor guest at a miscellaneous shower which Miss Maud Crawford of Oakland gave last Saturday. Miss Helen Kaufmann will give a luncheon next Monday, and Miss Grace Lindermann a kitchen shower tomorrow. The wedding rehearsal and dinner for the bridal party will be given by Mr. and Mrs. Robinstein on Monday evening.

Francis-Randolph.

A quiet little wedding of social interest took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the Episcopal church of the Ascension when Miss Agnes Louise Francis became the bride of Richard Wood Randolph. The Rev. Arthur B. Lewis performed the ceremony, which was witnessed by only the relatives and a few intimate friends. The bride is the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James LeRoy Francis, formerly of Chicago, but now both of Dithridge street. Mr. Randolph is a Philadelphian and a great-grandson of John Randolph, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. He is a member of the society of the Sons of the Revolution and other patriotic orders. After an eastern wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Randolph will be at home at 76 Dithridge street after November 1.

Pittsburgh Girl a Bridesmaid.

The marriage of Miss Nellie Warren of Charleston, W. Va., the youngest daughter of ex-Gov. George W. Atkinson, to Arthur K. Holmstead of New York occurred in St. John's Episcopal church in Charleston last night at 8:30 o'clock and was the most brilliant society event of the season. The Rev. George Atkinson of New York, brother of the bride, officiated. A reception followed at the home of the bride and later the couple left for Old Point Comfort, Va. Miss Edmonia Lee Johnston of Pittsburgh was one of the bridesmaids.

Wallace-Metcalfe.

A leading event in society circles in New Castle was the wedding of Miss Jean Wallace and Dr. Hiram Metcalfe, which took place at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William E. Wallace of Wabash avenue. The Rev. Dr. W. M. Keith of the Seventh Ward Presbyterian church officiated. About 50 guests were present. After a wedding dinner Mr. and Mrs. Metcalfe left on a wedding trip, but will be at home to their friends in New Castle after Thanksgiving. The bridegroom, whose home is in Greencastle, Pa., will practice in New Castle.

Sewickley Reception.

Mrs. Joseph Grimes entertained with a pretty reception at her home in Elizabeth street, Sewickley, yesterday afternoon from 2 until 4 o'clock and from 4 until 6. There were about 125 guests and the house was very tastefully decorated, roses, chrysanthemums, hydrangia, palms and ferns being used. Mrs. Grimes and Miss Marsh left in a wedding trip, but will be at home to their friends in New Castle after Thanksgiving. The bridegroom, whose home is in Greencastle, Pa., will practice in New Castle.

Song Recital in Carnegie Hall.

Pupils and assistants of James Stephen Martin last night entertained a critical audience in a song recital in Carnegie lecture hall. Miss Elizabeth C. McNitt, soprano, and Miss Genevieve Wheat, contralto, assisted by Howard J. White on the violincello, rendered an interesting program, with Miss Olive Wheat at the piano. The selections were of the most popular character, and at the same time calculated to demonstrate the abilities of the young vocalists taking part.

Club Meetings Today.

The Tuesday Musical club will give a reception today at the Schenley in honor of its former president, Mrs. C. L. Magee, who will leave in a few days for Italy and her new home in Rome. Music will be a prominent feature of the reception.

The opening meeting of the Columbian Council of Jewish Women will be held this afternoon in the assembly room of the Twentieth Century clubhouse.

Lyle-Wilson.

Lastevening at the home of the bride's parents occurred the marriage of Miss May Lyle of Ripon, Wis., and Edward Wilson of Pittsburgh. Miss Lyle is the daughter of W. H. Lyle, a real estate dealer, and is prominent in local society. President Hughes of Ripon college, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, officiated.

Royse-Campbell.

The wedding of Miss Alice B. Royse, formerly of Toronto, Canada, and James H. Campbell of Pittsburgh took place Tuesday evening in the Hotel Kenmawr, the Rev. Frank W. Gunsaulus officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell expect to reside temporarily at No. 2032 Perrysville avenue, Allegheny.

Ebert-Molyneaux.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Augusta Louise Ebert and Elmer George Molyneaux on Tuesday, October 20. Mr. and Mrs. Molyneaux will be at home after December 1 at No. 7304 Hermitage street, Homewood.

WOMEN'S CLUBS

THE women of the Protestant Episcopal church, Pittsburgh diocese, are preparing for the annual meeting of the Woman's auxiliary to the Board of Missions, which will be held on November 4 in Calvary church, East End. The program for the meeting, which is an all-day affair, includes a number of interesting speakers. Bishop Brewer of Montana, Sherman Coolidge of the Shoshone Indian reservation, Wyoming; the Rev. W. L. Clayborne of Sewanee, Tenn., and Miss Sybil Carter, well known for her work among the Indians. The addresses will be made in the morning after which the ladies of the church will serve luncheon in the parish house to their visitors, who on such an occasion usually number about 200. Mrs. Cortlandt Whitehead, wife of the bishop, forms the committee on hospitality, the press committee being composed of Mrs. Sawyer of Rippey street, and the nominating committee, Mrs. H. Doubleday and Miss Eliza Byram.

After lunch a business meeting will be held and the annual election will take place. Mrs. Ormsby Phillips is now president of the auxiliary, with Mrs. Cortlandt Whitehead, Mrs. Charles Mackey, Mrs. John Snyder and Mrs. Alfred W. Arundel, vice presidents; Mrs. Daniel Duroe, recording secretary; Mrs. Marcellin Cote Adams as corresponding secretary, and Mrs. A. Doubleday as treasurer of the auxiliary before her death a few months ago, but the office is now filled by Mrs. Clarke, who is acting as treasurer pro tem.

Suffrage Club Elects Officers.

The Avery Woman's Suffrage club held its annual meeting on Tuesday evening. According to the custom of the suffragists of keeping members in office as long as they will serve the old officers were re-elected, and also the delegates to the state convention, which will be held in Scranton next November, who will have a voice in electing the delegates to the national convention to be held next February in Washington, D. C. Mrs. J. Ludwig Koelbon is secretary of the club.

Work of the Consumers' League.

Interesting reports were presented at the open meeting of the Western Pennsylvania branch of the Consumers' league, conducted yesterday afternoon in the Twentieth Century club house. The object of the meeting was the awakening of wider interest in the work of the league in Pittsburgh, and very encouraging results were secured.

Miss Elliza D. Armstrong, president of the Western Pennsylvania branch, presided. Mrs. William J. Aakin gave a report of the meeting of the state board, held in Carlisle last week, at which she was present and presided. Mrs. Mattie Patterson, chairman of the committee having charge of the preparation of a list of questions to be submitted to the owners of various stores and factories as a preliminary to the arrangement of a white list, presented her report, and the questions prepared were accepted with one slight change. Extracts from the fourth annual report of the National Consumers' league were read by Miss Nannie Barclay Mowbray, the progress the league has made in the different states and the condition of labor in the factories and shops, the degree of illiteracy in the various states, Pennsylvania, which in the twentieth, on the list, being exceeded only by New Jersey, which now shows a larger percentage of illiterate people than the entire state. Perhaps an argument presented by Miss Jane Adams of Hull house, Chicago, in favor of better child labor laws was given by Mrs. Theresa Popp, and were followed by a discussion of Bills of proposed legislation for the employment of children in factories and shops.

A letter was received from Mrs. Florence Kelly, national factory inspector of the Consumers' league, in which she accepts the invitation of the Western Pennsylvania branch to be present at its annual meeting November 9. Mrs. Kelly expects to be in Pittsburgh November 8, 9 and 10, and will speak before the Western Pennsylvania branch of the Consumers' league, the Winodausis club, the Woman's club of New Brighton and the Ladies' Catholic Mutual Benefit association. Yesterday the nominating committee presented its report of nominations made for offices in the local branch, the election to take place November 9.

Cupid Has Entered the Afternoon Club.

The Thursday Afternoon club of Wilkinsburg until this week escaped the toils of cupid. But, with the precedent established by Miss Mond J. Torrance, who on Tuesday married Walter Holmes, other members of the club are falling victims to his snares. Last Sunday the engagement of Miss Nell Kirkpatrick and Mr. Brostus was announced, and it is rumored others will be made public soon.

The Thursday Afternoon club held its second meeting this fall at the home of Mrs. R. W. Aiken, in Wood street, yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Curtis A. Graham, the president of the club, shared the duties of hostess. A very enjoyable program was conducted, under the direction of Miss Charlotte R. Atkinson. Miss Mary Hardie presented a history of the Netherlands up to the period of the Dutch Republic, and the informal discussion was participated in by various members of the club. "Catalani" was the subject of a paper by Mrs. J. Mc-Murchy, and "Musicians Prior to Bache" were discussed by Miss Bertha Albert. The club this year is studying Holland, combining with it a course on musicians. Miss Chester sang.

Two new members yesterday were admitted to the club, Mrs. Arthur Potter and Mrs. Henry Gaither. The club's delegate to the meeting of the State Federation last week in Carlisle, Mrs. Franklin M. Gordon, was unable to be present, and her report of the meeting will be presented November 5, when the club will be entertained at Ruskin Villa, the home of Mrs. J. A. Mc-Murchy in Wilkinsburg borough. Mrs. Brown will be joint hostess with Mrs. McMurchy.

Awarded $500 Prize on Portrait.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The Chicago art institute today awarded the N. W. Harris prize of $500 to John Sargent, whose portrait of William M. Chase was considered the best picture on exhibition at the institute painted by an American artist within two years. The portrait was painted for presentation to the Metropolitan museum, New York.

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A new tailor-made hat—
Decidedly smart and dashing—
Direct from Lichtenstein's, New York—
Made of silk beaver in black, blue, green, gun metal, etc., etc.
And remember—
We are sole agents for this hat—hence—
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A large shipment of Knox Scratch Beavers—
New and stylish street hats for women—
Has juts arrived—

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New Books

Some books that were written not only to instruct—
but to interest as well—
They are all worth reading several times—
And worth keeping—

"How to Judge Architecture," Russell Sturgiss.
"An English Village," Richard Jefferies.
"The Oriental Rug," W. D. Ellwanger.
"The Reminiscences of An Astronomer," Simon Newcomb.
"Memoirs of Monsieur de Blowitz."
"Life and Times of Thomas Jefferson," Thomas E. Watson.

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BRYAN'S COMMONER DISCUSSES IDLE RICH

Defends Right of Friend to Give Money to Friend Who Has Earned It.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

LINCOLN, NEB., Oct. 22.—W. J. Bryan's Commoner will tomorrow discuss riches under the heading, "The Ills Rich." "In the first place," he remarks, "no one can defend the possession of wealth that is not honestly acquired. And how can wealth be honestly acquired?

"Aside from wealth acquired by gift there is just one way, namely, by giving an equivalent for what one receives. The second means is by gift. The right of a parent to give money or property to his child is everywhere recognized and the right of a friend to give to a friend is also admitted. The receipt of money, however, from parent to relative or friends not only implies that the recipient has, in some way, earned the money, but also imposes upon the recipient a responsibility for the purpose of the money.

The right of society to discriminate against inheritance is set forth by Mr. Bryan and he calls attention to the law of New York, which discriminates between beneficiaries. A tax of 1 per cent is imposed on money given to near relatives, while inheritances to friends are taxed 5 per cent. All of which is the more interesting because of the Bennett will case, now being heard at New Haven, in which Mr. Bryan is a beneficiary.

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Dinner, Breakfast, Tea, Luncheon and Chocolate Sets, Course Plates, Fish and Game Sets from the world's most famous potteries.

GLASS
Table Services, Fruit, Ice Cream, Cordial, Cocktail and Whisky Sets, Loving Cups, Vases and Lamps in Cut, Gilt and Rock Crystal from the best makers.

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Plates, Vases, Jardinieres, Umbrella Stands and Lamps from Rookwood, Tiche, Merriman, Newcomb and Ledham.

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FRIDAY AND SATURDAY BARGAINS
OUR PRICES ARE POSITIVELY THE LOWEST

Women's Gowns
$15.00 for Tailor Made Velvet Gowns of all the latest effects in Broadcloth, Persian and London cloths. These must be seen to be appreciated.
$18.00 for Women's Black and Blue Silk Coat Suits, elegantly made and perfect fitting; none better at $25.00 elsewhere.
$12.75 for Women's Eton and Short Coat Suits, neatly cut and made of broken assortments to close out; a large lot, tailored, fine garments that sold up to $25.00.

Stylish Millinery
At Competition Proof Prices.
New Dress Hats
New York's foremost millinery received her Opening Display of Pattern Hats from Paris and copied them exactly in every line, figure. They are made of black silk velvet and trimmed with ostrich plumes and fancy braids, and we put them on sale at the opening of
$6.98
Hats—
Made of velvet and silk, trimmed with mallow-covered breasts or wings, tastefully put on.
Our special price
$2.40
Hats Trimmed Free.

$7.50 $10.00 to $25.00 for Women's Separate Dress Skirts of various kinds and qualities, some in voiles, etamines, broadcloths, cheviots, etc., in long and short sweeps, tailor stitched flounce and all bottom, inverted pleat and habit back.

$1.39 for Women's 1 Pearl Clasp French Kid Gloves, 16-button length, fancy colored tops, color imitation the "Duquesne," in black, white and all the wanted autumn colors. Every pair warranted and fitted; worth $2.

GLOVE DEPARTMENT
The Best for Women's 2-Clasp Black Cashmere Gloves.

WOMEN'S NECKWEAR.
Choicest and newest effects in Women's Neckwear, such as handmade beadtrimmed Stocks, Ventice lace Stocks, Tatting and Medici collars, in black, white, butter, blue, pink and Alexandra combination colors, at prices one-third less than others.

A GREAT DEMONSTRATION
on the Main Floor, near the Dry Goods, Annex. Shepherd's Beauty Specialties. Don't miss it! Ask the floor manager to direct you. You will receive valuable hints on Health and Beauty.

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Do not fail to attend the

SHREDDED WHEAT EXHIBIT

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Exposition.

Learn how to make the many delicious combination dishes with Shredded Wheat Biscuit and Triscuit. The Demonstrator will take special pains to instruct you and present you with samples of the celebrated Natural Foods.

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Get in the Push

for a free lot ticket in Riverview Park Plan.

City Realty Trust,
AGENT,
427 4th Ave., Pittsburgh,
or Cor. Perrysville Ave. and Valley St., Allegheny.

Cleaning and Pressing

It is easy to dress well if your have your clothes cleaned, pressed repaired by

Dickson, The Tailor, 420 Wood St.

ELEMIS [illegible] Co.
Moles, Warts, Freckles, Liver Spots, Red Nose, Red Veins, Superfluous Hairs, and all disfiguring and removed permanently removed.
A. SPAN, Dermatologist,
Room 28, Nixon Block,
316 Market St.

AUTUMN RESORTS.
Atlantic City.
Visitors to Atlantic City from Pittsburgh are invited to make free use of the facilities at The Press and Chronicle Telegraph bureau, on Young's Ocean Pier.
The facilities include stationery and a private postoffice. Letters addressed in care of The Pittsburgh Press bureau, Atlantic City, will be promptly delivered to the addressee.
Booklets, descriptive of the hotels advertised, may be had on application at The Gazette office.

The New Hotel Rio Grande
New York Avenue and the Beach, conceded to be Atlantic City's most modern Hotel. Prepared, running water in rooms, elevator, moderately priced.
J. PAUL KILPATRICK

THE STRATH HAVEN.
Open all year. Kentucky ave., near Beach. Steam heat; special rates. Special attention given to comfort and service. Albert E. Phoenix, manager, formerly Grand Pacific, Chicago and Hotel Plaza-point, New York.

THE WILTSHIRE
Illinois Ave. and Beach, Atlantic City.
OPEN ALL YEAR. Booklet mailed.
E. S. PHOEBUS.

HOTEL BEAUMONT—Ocean and Tennessee Aves. Capacity 200; large exclusive porch; refurnished, excellent cuisine. Write for rates. Open all year. JOHN B. COLE, Prop.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.
ANCHOR LINE
United States Mail Steamship from New York every Saturday for
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Superior Accommodations at Lowest Rates for all classes of passengers.
DIRECT TO NAPLES.
California.....Oct. 31 Cassandra.....Nov. 7
For Plans, Books of Information for passengers and New Illustrated Book of Tours, apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, general agents, 17 and 19 State St., New York, or J. J. McCORMICK, 360 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh.

FRENCH LINE.
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique.
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (Carnival).
Sailing Wednesday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 42, North River, foot Morton st.
La Lorraine.....Oct. 28

RET SERVICE BEGINS INQUIRY

...rnment Officials Are Investigating Alleged Importation of Miners.

ANOTHER LETTER IS FOUND

...mmunication Was to Introduce a Welshman to Official of the Ellsworth Coal Company—Foreign Papers Containing Advertisements Are Secured.

United States District Attorney James S. Young received from the department of justice at Washington yesterday afternoon the papers relating to the alleged importation of Welsh miners by the Ellsworth Coal company. Accompanying the documents was a request that the secret service officials located at Pittsburgh be set to move on the case as soon as possible. The request was complied with and within half an hour after the papers had been handed to Mr. Young, the government's local officers were detailed to investigate the charges made.

The instructions given the district attorney were to make a careful and complete investigation of the matter and he was advised not to enter any prosecutions until the evidence would warrant such a step. Mr. Young said yesterday afternoon it would require a few days to get familiar with the facts in the case and did not know what the investigation would lead to.

William Little, district organizer of the United Mine Workers, spent yesterday in trying to secure employment for the alleged imported men. He was successful in getting several of them positions. While meeting the miners in Monongahela City yesterday afternoon he secured another letter of introduction from Lewis to Lewis. It was to have been given to H. J. Millar. It reads as follows:

Dear Sir: This is to introduce to you Lewis L. Lewis, an experienced and practical miner. Owing to the cable advice, I have mentioned to Mr. Lewis that he had better accept the coal loader's berth until something better turns up. If you have a place vacant where he can use a pick I shall be glad if he gets it. Yours truly, D. C. JONES.

Mr. Lewis was among the last to arrive at the Ellsworth mines. Mr. Little yesterday secured several Welsh papers which had advertisements for miners for America. They contained the wordings which were published in Wednesday's Gazette. He also secured copies of the Washington, Pa., papers, which were sent to Wales. The paper contained a story giving an account of the Ellsworth mines and indicating that grand oportunities were afforded the miners.

Several of the Welsh miners who are in Monongahela City claim that R. J. Miller, to whom the introductory letters are addressed, was in Wales three months ago. His home is virtually in London, England. The officials of the mine workers claim he is a purchasing agent of the company and travels considerably for its interest. It was while in Wales, it is alleged, the shipping agents secured his business cards, which were used as letters of introduction to the Ellsworth Coal Company.

COMPLAINTS ARE HEARD.

Interstate Commerce Commission Listens to Charges of Rate Discrimination.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Three cases involving alleged violations of the interstate commerce law were heard by the commission here today. The first was that of the Buckeye Buggy Company of Columbus, O., against the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis and other railroads, charging that the rates from Columbus to Pittsburgh, Louisville and Atlanta on buggies are greater than from northeastern cities, particularly Amesbury, Mass.

Jesse H. Parks complained that the Muskingum Valley railroad refused to supply enough cars for the shipment of the grain from his elevator in New Holland, O., although supplying a sufficient number to his competitor at the same place. The C. S. Bell Company of Hillsboro, O., makes complaint against the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern and the Norfolk & Western, alleging discrimination in favor of certain shippers in Cincinnati.

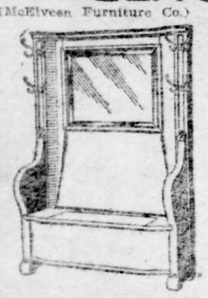
CAPTAIN UNDER ARREST.

Eighteenth's Officer Charged With Using Regiment's Name to Obtain Money.

Captain R. H. Schaffer, commanding Company L, Eighteenth Regiment, N. G. P., has been placed under arrest by Captain E. L. Kearns, adjutant of the regiment, at the command of Colonel F. J. Rutledge. A military arrest does not necessarily mean confinement, and Captain Schaffer still retains his liberty. He has been relieved from command of his company, and Lieutenant John T. Burns has assumed command.

Captain Schaffer is charged with having used the name of the regiment to collect money for his own use. Col. Rutledge yesterday forwarded a request for a general court to Second Brigade headquarters to try Captain Schaffer. The officers composing this court will be appointed by the brigade commander as soon as the order is indorsed by Major General Miller, division commander.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)



An Effective Hall Rack

The Hall Rack shown above is something of a departure from the conventional. It possesses an air of distinction and a generous breadth of treatment that is very effective.

The absence of elaborate decoration serves to emphasize the beauty of the material, which is specially selected and highly finished golden oak. The simplicity of the design adds to the effect of formal dignity which properly belongs to the hall.

This hall rack is 48 inches long, 76 inches high and 20½ inches deep; carved sides and bevel mirror, 29½ by 23½ inches.

The price of this hall rack is surprisingly moderate. Indeed, you will find it greatly to your advantage to select anything you may wish in the line of furniture here, not only because this store carries the largest furniture stock in the world, but also because price is always an inducement at

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525, 527, 529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PUBLIC TRUST ACCEPTS INTERNATIONAL'S OFFER

New Concern Takes Over the Other on a Basis of Dollar for Dollar.

More than two-thirds of the stockholders of the Public Trust Company voted yesterday afternoon to accept the proposition for a merger made by the International Savings and Trust Company of Pittsburgh. The proposition which had been made at the meeting last week by the International Bank and Trust Company of New York was not considered, that institution having closed its doors in the meantime.

The offer accepted yesterday means the retirement of the Public Trust Company from business, all its accounts and undertakings being transferred to the International. The deal is made on the basis of dollar for dollar. The capital stock of the Public is $300,000. The capital stock of the International is $250,000, with a surplus of $50,000, thus equaling the par value of the Public's capital.

It is believed that the entire stock of the Public Trust will be absorbed. The plan was recommended by the committee which was named a week ago to consider the proposition, as told in The Gazette at the time. The merger will be made effective as soon as the legal formalities can be completed.

The International Savings and Trust is a new institution, the purchase of the Public Trust being its first accomplishment. It will occupy the present offices of the latter company in Fourth avenue. Its president is J. H. White and T. A. Dye is secretary and treasurer. The directors are J. H. White, Dr. W. H. Ewing, W. B. Lupton, Louis Moeser, Charles A. Muehlbronner, Homer J. Lindsay, Max Rosenbaum and A. W. Tennant. The Public Trust has been in business just one year. Its officers are John R. Cavanaugh, president; John Jay Burke, secretary and treasurer; M. Y. Robertson, assistant treasurer, and W. R. Blatt, assistant secretary.

FAMOUS MINING SUIT DECIDED IN MONTANA

BUTTE, MONT., Oct. 22.—Judge Clancy in the district court here today decided the famous Minnie Healy mining suit in favor of F. Augustus Heinze, whose claims on the mines have been opposed by the Boston & Montana Mining Company, one of the allied Amalgamated Copper corporations. The value of the mine is estimated at $10,000,000. The case, it is said, will be fought through the highest courts in the land.

DUQUESNE HOTEL AGAIN LEASED BY WITHEROW

Many Improvements to Be Made in Building—Rented for Ten Years.

The Hotel Duquesne at Smithfield street and Virgin alley has been released to William Witherow, the present tenant, for ten years from April 1, 1904. Final details were agreed to yesterday afternoon between A. W. Mellon, the owner, and Mr. Witherow. No intimation of the cash terms of the lease could be obtained, although it is understood that it was made at a stiff advance over the present rental.

Mr. Witherow has been proprietor of the Hotel Duquesne 17 years, during which it has been one of the most popular hostelries in Pittsburgh. Rumors have been rife this past year that the hotel was to change hands next April, when the present lease expires, but the fact that Mr. Witherow has again secured control of the hotel for a long term of years, disproves them. Early in the spring the entire building will be renovated. New furnishings will be provided throughout and some important changes in the arrangement of the rooms are contemplated. Parlors, offices and dining-room will be handsomely decorated and the guest chambers provided with new conveniences. In the lease is included the four-story brick building adjoining the hotel, the first floor of which is occupied by the Duquesne pharmacy. The three upper stories of this will be used for hotel purposes, as they are now, making a total of over 80 rooms in the building. The improvements contemplated will cost at least $20,000.

The releasing of the Duquesne for such a long period puts a damper on the theory that the Mellons will erect a skyscraper on the Smithfield street frontage between Fifth avenue and Virgin alley, of which they own all but one portion. When the Duquesne hotel was in litigation last spring, resulting in its purchase by the Mellons, it was reported on good authority that the skyscraper would be built next year. The new lease makes this project farther off but assures Pittsburgh of a very popular hotel for years to come.

Excursion to Cumberland Sunday, October 25th, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Special train leaves Pittsburgh station, Smithfield and Water streets, 7 a. m. Fare, $2 round trip.

His First Dollar.

See Home Trust Company ad. in next Sunday's Gazette.

GUARDS WILL REMAIN AT THE PENITENTIARY

Warden Johnston Returns, Having Investigated Escape Plot, Before Going to Scranton.

Warden W. McC. Johnston of the Western penitentiary returned yesterday from Scranton, where he was attending court as a witness with some records of the prison. Maj. Johnston had already gone to Scranton when the discovery that convicts were plotting to escape first became public, so that the first opportunity he has had to confer with Deputy Warden J. Harry Corbett, who discovered that convicts had rendered useless all but one door between them and liberty, has had to bear the brunt of questionings concerning the plot to escape. It was Maj. Johnston's first visit yesterday.

"The discovery of the plot was made before I went away, as you know," said the warden, "and before I went to Scranton I made all the investigation that will be made by me. The plot was discovered and frustrated, and that is what is demanded of those in charge of prisons."

W. J. Diehl said the board of prison inspectors would hardly hold a meeting before its regular meeting on the last Friday of the month. Have you heard anything to the contrary?" the warden was asked.

"No, I have not."

"Will there be any dismissals of guards or keepers because of the plot having proceeded sucessfully so far as it did?" was asked.

"No, for the investigation I made did not show that any one was to blame. Plots to escape are to be expected in prisons, and walls, bolts, bars and guards and wardens are there to prevent the success of such plots. When you consider the number of prisoners we have here, in fact that many of them are desperate men, some sentenced to long terms, and that they are constantly desiring their liberty and thinking up some plan to acquire it, you can realize that it requires watchfulness to circumvent them. Watchfulness prevented the success of this last plot, just as it has prevented escapes in many other prisons."

The outer door leading from the vestibule of the prison was open for the first time yesterday since the discovery of the conspiracy. From that time until yesterday the door, which had previously been kept open in day time was closed, but that precaution is no longer necessary, for the entrance from the dungeon room to the cellar has been walled up with stone and concrete. That entrance was formerly guarded with the steel-barred door which the convicts succeeded in opening by removing the lock plate, afterwards filling up the screw holes with putty.

IF YOU HAD A NECK As Long as This Fellow, and had SORE THROAT ALL THE WAY DOWN TONSILINE WOULD QUICKLY CURE IT.

25c and 50c. All Druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

OUR PRICES

Haven't varied, nor has the high standard of workmanship been lowered during the past 12 years. None but finest materials used—none but skilled, experienced dentists dare touch your teeth here.

Best Teeth	Gold Crowns
money can buy—fitted perfectly	and Bridge Work good for a lifetime
$8	$5

Teeth Cleaned 75c. Fillings From 50c.

VEG-O-ZON
For Painless Extraction

Our own preparation used here exclusively, and the only anaesthetic known that can be administered without risk to young or old, weak or strong.

New York DENTISTS
Cor. Sixth St. and Liberty.
Entrance on Liberty St.
Open nights till 9; Sundays 10-3.

WHY SOME MEN SUCCEED

A MAN'S SUCCESS is largely due to his ability to learn things and to put what he knows into practice. If the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA can give you the living facts about any trade, profession or calling—teach you ironworking, chemistry, engineering, science, philosophy or history—can you afford to go without it—especially when you may now get it for a few cents a day? It contains the knowledge that helps men to succeed.

The ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA is without a peer. It supplies just the sort of information the busy man needs from day to day. With its 25,000 pages teeming with thought and facts, written by 2,000 of the ablest minds of the world, it represents the highest sum of human learning and research. That is what critics mean when they call it the ONE STANDARD Encyclopaedia.

A College at Home.

In the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA you have

1. A corps of teachers of recognized authority.
2. A series of special articles on every important subject, many of which have been reprinted as text books for use in schools.
3. An outline course of reading which will guide you along private lines of work.
4. A mine of general facts always open to you, giving a fund of knowledge unsurpassed by any college curriculum.
5. A wise friend to cultivate in your spare moments, or during the long winter evenings.

And the Offer is Special.

By reason of our large advertising contracts we have been enabled to supply the NEW TWENTIETH CENTURY EDITION of this peerless work at remarkably low terms and direct to customers—giving THEM the benefit of the middlemen's profit. An enormous number of sets have thus been distributed during the past few months—no less than 493 carloads! — a greater sale than all other encyclopaedias combined.

Price Soon to Advance.

On account of the increased cost of materials used in the manufacture of books and the increased cost of labor, it has become necessary to advance the price of the Encyclopaedia Britannica at an early date to cover the extra expense. We have, however, arranged that this increase in price shall not go into effect until the edition just off the press has been distributed.

We therefore give fair warning to all, that PROMPT ACTION is necessary to secure this king of all encyclopaedias at the LOWEST PRICE and on the EASIEST TERMS OF PAYMENT.

Cut out the Coupon before you lay aside this paper and send it to us.

IF USED PROMPTLY it will not only entitle you to the HALF-PRICE OFFER, BUT ALSO TO A SPECIAL BOOKCASE FOR HOLDING THE BOOKS.

What Is Said of It:

"It is without a peer in the noble army of encyclopaedias."—LYMAN ABBOTT, D. D.

"The Encyclopaedia Britannica is king of its tribe."—PROF. DAVID SWING.

"If all other books were destroyed, the Bible excepted, the world would lose but little of its information."—SPURGEON.

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$1 Secures This Entire Set of the New 20th Century Edition
You can pay the balance at the rate of only 10c a day for a short time.

BOOKCASE FREE.

A limited number of Bookcases will be given free of charge to The Gazette readers who respond promptly. The Coupon below will be known as the Bookcase Coupon and should be mailed at once.

Cut out and mail this coupon today.

The American Newspaper Association,
413 Lewis Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Please send me free of charge sample pages and full particulars of your Encyclopaedia Britannica offer. (Bookcase Coupon.)

Name..... Street.....

Town..... State.....

THE GAZETTE. 10-23-3

Special Sale of Oriental Rugs

Draperies to Your Order

HORNE-STEWART Co
DRY GOODS
Friday 23 October 1903

Compare values and prices, goods and qualities to your heart's content—there's nothing here we are afraid of for no trash would ever find its way out if it ever got in.

Silk Sale Continues

We have sold some silks in our day but no sale was ever more successful—every reason why it should be.

The New Bon Ton Corset for Average Figures

The perfect corset for the average figure. Modeled from the latest perfected design in harmony to the last decree in dress. Moderated and extreme straight front effects and the curved front required by certain figures. Princess and Short Hip. Hose Supporters attached.. 2.50 to 10.00

"Never Such a Sale"

True words that headed the advertisement that started the ball rolling and the silks going—prophetic words and after selling that will make trade history. 1.50, 1.25 and 1.00 silks for..... 58c

PALET DE SOIE
PEAU DE SAPHO
PEAU DE CYGNE
PRINTED WARP TAFFETAS

Friday and Saturday Specials

End of week always yields its specials and the crop contributed for this Friday and Saturday by the dress goods sections ought to set everybody buying.

Black Dress Goods

29c Colored Wool Challies. All the new shades, for the waist, shirtwaist suit and childrens dresses. Regular Price 50 cents the yard. Friday and Saturday only 29.

44c All-wool Suitings. Tweeds, Venetians, Coverts, Flake and Nub Yarn Effects, a full line of colors, the correct weight for tailored suits. Regular price 60 cents the yard. Friday and Saturday only 44.

89c Costume Cloths. All-wool plain and novelty Voiles and Etamines, all the wanted shades for spring, two of the most popular weaves for the tucked and plaited costumes. Never sold for less than 1.25 the yard. Friday and Saturday only 89.

Colored Dress Goods

48c Black Mohair Luster. Genuine English goods, with a rich silky finish, actually worth 65 cents the yard. Friday and Saturday 48.

98c Black Voile.. A beautiful sheer quality, at present the most wanted goods in the market for the separate skirt or whole suit. This number is our regular 1.25 goods. Friday and Saturday only 98.

1.25 Black Broadcloth. Some of the handsomest satin finished Broadcloths ever sold in this city for the money. Our regular 1.50 cloths. Friday and Saturday 1.48.

Extraordinary Cut in Boys Clothing

Extraordinary—before the first decent frost.
Extraordinary—bright, seasonable goods.
Extraordinary—the cut is deep but it's business.

Sale Includes Our Brag Reinforced School Suit.

Sailor Blouse Suits

4.00 For 5.00, 6.00 and 6.50 Sailor Blouse Suits. Blues, browns, olives, checks, plaids, stripes and fancy mixtures for boys from 3 to 12 years of age. 7.00, 7.50 and 8.50 suits for..... 5.00

Single and Double Breast

4.50 For 5.00, 6.00 and 6.50 Suits. Single and double breasted suits for boys from 7 to 16 years in blues, browns, overplaids and mixtures. 7.50, 8.00 and 8.50 suits for..... 5.00

Best Efforts of Best Known Makers in the World.

Boys High Class Overcoats

Splendid coats and splendid values at original prices these overcoats for boys—Russian and three-quarter length box coats, oxfords, friezes, checks, overplaids and mixtures.
Regular 5.00, 6.00, 6.50 and 7.50 ones for..... 4.50

Shop by Mail — 233-235 FIFTH AVENUE — Buy by Phone

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 96.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Massachusetts avenue, Eleventh ward, from a point 125 feet north of Davis avenue to Arthur avenue, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Massachusetts avenue, Eleventh ward, from a point one hundred and twenty (120) feet north of Davis avenue to Arthur avenue, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the Director of the Department of Public Works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the Mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 98.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Laveda street and Buente street, Twelfth ward, from East street to the old city line, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Laveda street and Buente street, Twelfth ward, from East street to the old city line, is hereby authorized and ordered and the Director of the Department of Public Works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, A. D. 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 97.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Solar street, Twelfth ward, from Buente street to an unnamed alley, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Solar street, Twelfth ward, from Buente street to an unnamed alley, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the Director of the Department of Public Works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 95.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Lee, Roberts and Henderson streets, Twelfth ward, from a point 20 feet east of line of property of John A. Myler to present main sewer on Henderson street, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Lee, Roberts and Henderson streets, Twelfth ward, from a point twenty (20) feet east of line of property of John A. Myler to present main sewer on Henderson street, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the Director of the Department of Public Works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications, and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN, Mayor.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

No. 100.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing "The Walker Place Land Company" to construct a lateral sewer on Marlboro avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Marlboro avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue, be and is hereby authorized to construct at their own cost and expense, an adequate sewer on Marlboro avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue. Said sewer to be constructed under the supervision and subject to the approval of the Director of the Department of Public Works. It being expressly understood that the said abutting property owners shall, upon the completion of said sewer, by a written instrument, dedicate the same without stipulation or reservation to the City of Allegheny. And the said "The Walker Place Land Company" shall be hereby relieved from the fee for connecting houses on said Marlboro avenue with the above mentioned sewer.

Section 2. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, A. D. 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 94.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing and ordering the construction of a public sewer on Wyoma street, Fifth ward, from Mary H. Windle's south line to Brady street, and providing for assessment and collection of the cost and expense thereof.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the construction of a public sewer on Wyoma street, Fifth ward, from Mary H. Windle's south line to Brady street, is hereby authorized and ordered, and the director of the Department of Public Works is hereby instructed to prepare specifications therefor, and the mayor and the said director are authorized to advertise for proposals for doing said work in accordance with such specifications and award the contract therefor according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such cases made and provided.

The cost and expense of said improvement to be assessed and collected in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania pertaining thereto and regulating the same.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.

JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

News of Nearby Towns and Country

WIFE ABDUCTED HER HUSBAND'S DEAD BODY

Remains Exhumed by Stealth and Removed in Wagon to Another State.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

STEUBENVILLE O., Oct. 22.—In order to secure the remains of Fred Potts, a structural iron worker of this city who died at his mother's home in Monroe county recently, John Nye, an undertaker of this city, dug up the remains at dawn today in the cemetery at Duffin, O., and crossed to the West Virginia side in a hurry. This most unusual method of securing the body was only resorted to after all peaceful methods had failed.

Potts' relatives at Baersville notified his wife of his death and at the same time notified her that the funeral would be held at such a time that she could not possibly get to Baersville to attend the telegraphed them to ship the remains here to Steubenville for interment but they paid no attention to her request. Mrs. Potts then consulted an attorney and learned that she alone had the right to the possession of her husband's body.

She then commissioned Undertaker Mettenberger to bring the remains here from Duffin, and Mr. Mettenberger sent his assistant, John Nye, to Duffin two days ago with instructions to get the body at all hazards. When Nye arrived there the relatives refused to consent to the removal of the body. He said nothing but remained in Duffin yesterday, keeping out of the way of injunction papers.

During the day he hired two laborers and an undertaker's wagon. At daylight this morning he and his assistants visited the cemetery and in a few minutes exhumed the body and loaded it into the wagon. They drove rapidly to the river, crossed to New Martinsville where they had breakfast, and then not having a shipping permit started overland for Steubenville with the body in the wagon.

MAY ABSORB SHARON PLANTS.

Reported Independent Company Will Buy Republic and Carnegie Works.

SHARON, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—It is reported that F. H. Buhl, formerly president of the Sharon Steel Company, and F. L. Kimberley are at the head of a company which will acquire the plant of the Republic Iron and Steel Company and both works of the Carnegie Steel Company and operate them independently.

Casket Company at Butler.

BUTLER, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Butler Metallic Vacuum Casket Company was organized last night with the following officers: Albert E. Butler, president; James W. McKee, first vice-president; Paul J. McGuire, second vice-president and general manager; J. M. Maxwell, secretary; J. J. Kenelly and F. W. Chattin, assistant secretary and manager. The company is capitalized at $300,000 and will build a casket factory on a five-acre site and expects to employ from 200 to 400 men.

Pittsburgh Creditors File Claims.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—E. H. Conway, the merchant tailor who mysteriously disappeared from here three weeks ago, has not yet been traced, and late last night Sheriff Brown seized his place of business on a landlord's execution. The seizure by the sheriff caused creditors today to file claims, among them being Pittsburgh wholesalers. The stock is estimated to be worth from $25,000 to $30,000.

Husband and Wife Both Insane.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Dennis Ryan became suddenly demented here last night and created excitement by running nude through the streets. He was finally captured and is now in jail. A sad feature of the affair is that his wife is also in jail, awaiting transportation to the Polk institution for feeble-minded.

WABASH LINK TO SEA BLOCKED BY B. & O.

New Turn in Big Railroad War. Court Grants Temporary Injunction.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., Oct. 22.—Upon the application of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, Judge John W. Mason, sitting in the circuit court here today, granted an injunction against the Buckhannon and Northern Railroad Company, restraining it from building a line on the east side of the Monongahela river at Fairmont. Both companies have had a force of men at work there for several days and a clash was imminent.

This means another ramification of the fight between the Wabash and the Pennsylvania-Vanderbilt combination. The Buckhannon and Northern is the West Virginia railroad incorporated by the Gould system to connect the main line of the Wabash near Pittsburgh with the West Virginia Central and so take the Wabash to the seaboard and Philadelphia. The West Virginia Central is being connected with the Western Maryland, bought by Gould, a 65 mile link being in course of construction.

Should the Baltimore & Ohio succeed in making the present injunction permanent it would mean that Gould will have to find some way to build the link, which is to connect the Wabash near Pittsburgh with his West Virginia railroads. The injunction is a further indication that both sides in the war of railroad giants are watching each other closely and are taking every point of vantage as it presents itself.

The Wabash people will fight the case to the limit, as the route they propose to follow is one of the few feasible ones for this particular link, owing to the mountainous state of this part of West Virginia.

KING EDWARD SENDS HOUND TO YORK FIREMEN

YORK, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—King Edward of England has honored the Royal fire company, the youngest company in York, by presenting to the organization a handsome greyhound from the royal kennels at Windsor. The gift hound arrived in York today in a large box. The royal bred dog comes in response to a request which was forwarded to England's ruler some months ago and which was signed by Congressman D. F. Lafean and other members of the fire company. The dog has been named King Edward in honor of the donor.

Pennsylvania Railroad Inspection.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A large number of officials of the Pennsylvania railroad passed through Uniontown today in a special train on the annual inspection of the Southwest branch from Greensburg to Fairchance and the South Fork branch from Greensburg to South Fork. The party included S. C. Long, superintendent Pittsburgh division; R. T. Morrow, Youngwood, assistant superintendent; H. L. Thomas, Uniontown, and Fred Ehrenfeld, East Greensburg, supervisors. G. W. Snyder, Pittsburgh, assistant engineer Pittsburgh division.

EPWORTH LEAGUE UNION HOLDS ANNUAL ELECTION

The Allegheny city Epworth League union, composed of 17 chapters in this vicinity, held its annual meeting last night in the Simpson M. E. church of Allegheny. Robert E. Wickline conducted the devotional exercises. A short address was made by President John Rosenstee of the Allegheny district. Temperance talks, illustrated with stereopticon views, were given by William Cotton of Avalon and Mr. Rosenstee. The following officers were elected: President, William H. McClaran, Mansfield; vice president, Robert L. Wickline, Sharpsburg; secretary, Herbert Dickson, Allegheny; treasurer, David B. Wise, Allegheny.

HUNDREDS SUSPENDED ON PENNSYLVANIA ROAD

Twenty Freight Crews on Pittsburgh Division Are to Be Laid Off.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ALTOONA, PA., Oct. 22.—The suspension of 300 men in the local shops of the Pennsylvania railroad earlier in the week is to be followed by the release of 400 more between now and the end of the month. The foremen of the various departments will recommend the men for dismissal, keeping the best men and leaving the poorest go. Married men will be preferred to single men, and Americans to all others.

Twenty entire freight crews on the Pittsburgh division are to be indefinitely suspended by the end of the week. These are the first to go on this division, which is the last of the Pennsylvania divisions to feel the effects of the lax freight conditions.

Ten engineers on the Cambria & Clearfield division at Cresson will be put back during next week. Ten firemen will be discharged. At Conemaugh 14 extra firemen and one engineer were laid off indefinitely yesterday. Other new men in the transportation department are to go and their places given to old employes, who will be shifted about the divisions where needed.

SMALLPOX IN COUNTY HOME.

Epidemic Appears in Washington Institution Among the Inmates.

WASHINGTON, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The greatest alarm exists among the county authorities as a result of an outbreak of smallpox in the county home at Arden, just north of this city. Two more cases appeared yesterday and this afternoon two more victims were reported to be suffering with the disease. Three of the sufferers are over 80 years of age and the fourth had just recovered from a long siege of typhoid fever. The four men are all quarantined in a separate room but many have been exposed. The men took sick in the general ward at the county home hospital. Dr. W. R. Batt, of the state board of health, was in Washington today looking into the situation.

Relics of James G. Blaine.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—James Hadden, secretary of the Fayette County Historical society, has received a spike 7½ inches long, taken from the cellar of the house in which James G. Blaine was born in Washington county, Pa. The nail is of the style used in or 80 years ago and was made by hand. Sauel Holley, of Uniontown, has the autograph of Mr. Blaine and a pen-holder which the "Plumed Knight" used.

Church Contests a Will.

WASHINGTON, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Chartiers Presbyterian church, which was named as a beneficiary under the first two wills of the late Thomas Allison of Chartiers township but which was not named in a third will alleged to have been drawn, has decided not to abide by the decision of the court which cuts it off. The suit was made by the other heirs are sensational. It claims relatives used undue influence to procure a new will.

The Girl from Kay's.

Sam Bernard is credited with having made the biggest kind of a hit in "The Girl From Kay's," which opens at the Alvin theater next week. He is seen as Pilgrim Higgenbotham, a peculiarly Yankee doner who thinks his shortcoming should be excused on account of his riches. One of the characters turns to him and in disgust exclaims: "Piggy, you're the biggest cad in London." "And don't forget," answers Bernard, "the cheek." Higgenheimer is a type of the social "butter in." The sale of seats for "The Girl From Kay's" is very heavy.

PRESENTS CHECK FOR $544 AND IS ARRESTED

Long-Haired Frenchman Tells Unsatisfactory Story to Philadelphia Police.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—C. L. Landis of the firm of Landis & Co., last night mailed a check to Jamestown, N. Y. Today a long-haired Frenchman presented the check to Mr. Landis for payment. It was drawn to the order of the Blackstone Manufacturing Company, and was for $544 39. On being questioned the stranger claimed that he was the man in whose favor the check had been drawn. The merchant sent out for the police and postal inspectors.

The inspectors closely questioned the Frenchman who said the check was given to him during a game of cards in a saloon. The man gave the name of Prospero Beata. He said that he was approached by a well-dressed stranger last night. "You're a Frenchman?" queried the stranger. Beata replied that he was and was then invited into the saloon for a drink. Later a third man joined them and they sat down to a table and soon were engaged in playing cards. By 11 o'clock the Frenchman had won $216 from one of the men.

"I can't give you cash," said the loser, "but I've a check and you can pay me the balance."

"I took the check," said the Frenchman, "and as it was for $544 39 I deducted $216 and paid the fellow the difference, $328 39 in cash. Then we separated. That is how I got the check."

Beata was taken to the city hall, where he was held in $100 bail. When searched, papers were found which satisfied the inspectors that the indorsement on the check was his private handwriting. A bunch of keys was found in the man's pockets, one of which fitted the letter box at Fifth and Market streets. Receipts showing that registered letters have been sent by Beata to New Caledonia, a French penal colony in the South Pacific, were also found in the prisoner's possession.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

Greensburg Property Taxed Low.

GREENSBURG, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The tax payers are much wrought up over the assessment just made for the five wards of this town. The valuations placed on many of the most valuable properties are, in a number of cases, less than 40 per cent of the actual market value.

STATE AND NEIGHBORHOOD.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA.—Official announcement has been made of the resignation of T. B. Davis, Jr., as general manager of the Somerset Coal Company.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Seven dwelling houses were destroyed by fire on Ellwood Hill. The burned dwellings were the property of the Pittsburgh company which founded the town.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA.—Rev. Ira A. Wallace resigned the pastorate of the Lutheran church here to go to Erie, Pa. Rev. J. A. Board was chosen in his stead.

NEW CASTLE.—Wilson Walls, son of Thomas W. Walls of this city, tramped one-third the way home from Pittsburgh. He attended a theater with two companions and missed the last train.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—E. A. Bedient of Erie has been made superintendent of the Glen Manufacturing Company. Ellwood and L. V. Dunham of Corry, Pa., has been appointed assistant superintendent.

CUMBERLAND, MD.—Jacob S. Munson has entered suit for absolute divorce from his wife, Rachel Florence Munson. The bill states that they were married in McKeesport in 1897, and that her maiden name was Copeland.

LEBANON, PA.—The Pennsylvania German society held its thirteenth annual meeting at Lebanon. Dr. John H. Stahl of Lancaster was elected president; H. M. M. Richards of Lebanon, secretary, and Julius Fache, Philadelphia, treasurer.

O'NEILL'S VILLE, PA.—John Kaufman, aged 70 years, of near Glessner's Mill, Somerset county, was bitten and trampled to death by a vicious horse. He was the father of William Kaufman of Pittsburgh. The horse is the same that killed Fred Glasser, near Jenner, one year ago.

We close 6.30 Saturdays—other days 5.30

KAUFMANN'S "THE BIG STORE"

HOUR SALE

9 TO 10 A. M. TODAY

Shoes—Women's fine box calf lace shoes, Goodyear welt sewed, double sole, opera last—worth $2 to $2.50, special this hour, 1.45.

Oilcloth—Heavy enameled, pretty block and floral patterns, in all widths, slightly water stained—worth 40c, this hour, sq. yd., 16c.

Knives—Mincing knives, made of extra quality steel, regular price 15c, this hour only 10c. Covered roasters, made of blue enamel steel ware, with ventilated cover—regular price $1.25, 75c.

Books—"The Woman Beautiful," a practical treatise upon the preservation of womanly health and beauty, by Ella A. Fletcher, 500 pages, cloth binding and fully illustrated, at only 19c.

Silks—27-in. moire velour, bright resada, tan, castor, brown and myrtle colors, excellent for skirts, waists, linings, etc., also novelty plaid silks, also 36-in. white natural silks—worth up to $1.25, choice, yd., 39c.

Dress goods—Short lengths of dress goods, various weaves and colors, from ¼ to 5¾ yds. long—worth from 40c to 75c, for this hour, yd., 19c.

Veiling—Remnants of magpie, jackdaw and tuxedo face veiling, at, yd., 19c. Venise lace bands and medallions, yd., 19c. Mercerized pillow cords and tassels, 3 yds. long, each, 19c. 18-in. muslin covered silk floss pillows, each, 19c.

Reefers—Boys' all-wool blue frieze heavy cap reefer or blue chinchilla reefers, with velvet or ulster collars — actual value $3, this hour, 1.50.

Handkerchiefs—Men's colored border handkerchiefs, made of good quality cambric, hoppe with fancy centers, full size, also make nice cushion tops—regular price 5c, this hour, 4c.

Dry goods—Standard apron gingham and staple calico, which have been selling for 7½c to 9c, all during this hour, at, yd., 5c.

Coats—Women's Monte Carlo, blouse, eton and fitting jackets, in short and long effects, rough and smooth fall fabrics, black and colors—worth $4 and $5, at only 2.00.

Waists—Women's all-wool flannel waists, various styles and colors—worth 50c, 75c and $1, choice for 25c.

Handkerchiefs—Women's hemstitched pure linen handkerchiefs, with slight imperfections—10c. Black figured and chenille face veiling—worth 25c, 35c, yd., 10c. Large sized plain shell and Amber hair barrettes, 10c.

Corsets—Women's straight front gored corsets, black, white or drab, all sizes, some in the lot have been selling for $1, choice, 23c.

1 TO 2 P. M. TODAY

Ribbons—All silk and satin taffeta washable ribbons, 2 to 4½ in. wide—worth 15c yd., 7c. Narrow black spangled and steel bead trimmings, yd., 7c. Fringed damask tumbler doylies—worth 10c, each, 7c.

Mackintoshes—Men's fine all-wool blue, black or oxford covert cloth double-breasted mackintoshes—sewed, strapped and cemented seams, all sizes, 4.35.

Shoes—Misses' and children's kid and box calf school shoes, with spring heels—have been selling at $1.25, price this hour only 85c.

Skillets—Good quality steel skillets, size No. 8, the non-breakable kind, usually sold for 25c, special this hour, 15c.

Stereoscopic outfits—Our regular $1 stereoscopic outfit, consisting of a fine stereoscope and choice of one dozen pictures from a large variety of comic and foreign scenes—during this hour only 85c.

Mattings—China and Japanese matting remnants, in pretty carpet and reversible patterns, some pieces large enough for 10 rooms—regular price 30c, special this hour, yd., 12c.

Belts—Women's silk lace silk and satin new fall belts, with fancy front and back pieces—real value 35c, this hour, each, 15c. (Jewelry dept.)

Tapestry—50 in. tapestry, Oriental, satin derby and ottoman weaves, in Persian and Roman stripes, also set and floral designs, for portiers and furniture coverings—really worth 50c, go at, yd., 29c.

Atlas—Ready reference atlas of the world, 14 full page maps in color, indexed, with populations of principal cities—published to sell at 10c, this hour, 5c.

Baskets—Imported shopping baskets, strongly woven, three sizes—never sold for less than 35c, during this hour at only 19c.

Neckwear—Men's fancy silk reversible four-in-hand ties, new and stylish patterns, in stripes and figures, in rich dark colors—would be good value for 35c, this hour, 15c.

Coffee cups—Fine English porcelain coffee cups and saucers, with blue and gold decorations—really worth 25c, during this hour, only 12c.

Waists—Women's waists, made of heavy wool wash materials, plain velvets or velvets with metal dots, light and dark colors—worth $3.50 to $5, choice, 1.95.

Sacques—Women's nice dainette dressing sacques, also gingham dressing sacques, neat patterns and good colors well made, this hour at 35c.

2 TO 3 P. M. TODAY

Curtains—Scotch and Nottains, 50 to 60 in. wide, also English ruffled bobbinet and Swiss curtains, full ruffles—worth up to $2.25, this hour, pair, 99c.

Underwear—Men's blue or ecru ribbed underwear, fleece lined, winter weight, perfectly finished—would be good value at 50c, this hour, 35c.

Rugs—Fine wilton velvet and wool Smyrna rugs, neat patterns in durable colors, size 5x7½ ft.—usually sold at $3.25, this hour, each, 1.49.

Stockings—Infants' and children's fine cashmere, cotton and lisle stockings, also infants' socks—regular 25c qualities for only 11c. (Hosiery dept.)

Robes—Black spangled lace robes, complete waist, sleeves and skirt, all ready to be fitted and sewed together—worth $18, during this hour, only 10.00.

Suits—Boys' elegant blue and black, rough cheviot Norfolk and double-breasted suits also stylish Military and novelty overcoats and top coats at only 3.98.

Cheese—Best imported Swiss cheese, lb., 29c. Best domestic cheese, lb., 19c. Best Goshen cheese, lb., 15c.

Dress goods—All-wool French pebble Melrose suiting, a rich fall dress fabric, in all the new shades and black—positively worth 60c, this hour, yd., 39c.

Velveteen—Good quality velveteen, for hat or dress trimmings, always sold at 25c, during this hour, yd., 25c. (Millinery dept.)

Girls' suits—Samples, no two alike made of all-wool mixtures and plain materials, long and short skirts, puff sleeves, neatly trimmed, sizes 8 to 15 years—worth up to $10, this hour 4.95.

Flannels—All-wool shirting flannels, also fancy waist flannels, at, yd., 19c. Winter weight white waistings, at, yd., 15c.

Caps—Boys' and children's single and double band golf caps, silk lined, in corverts, business serges and cloths to match suits—also tam o'shanters and all-wool knit toques—worth 75c, at 35c.

Satins—Silk faced colored satins, for dress and lining purposes—regular price 50c, at yd., 19c. 36-in. black taffeta or black moire velour $1 and $1.25 qualities at, yd., 69c.

Underwear—Odd lots of women's wool underwear, have been selling for 75c, $1 and $1.25, all to be closed out during this hour at only 50c.

3 TO 4 P. M. TODAY

Silks—21-in. white and ivory washable silk, suitable for waists, dresses, etc., at, yd., 15c. 19-in. black silk velvet, in blue and jet black, close pile face—worth $1, at, yd., 62½c.

Boys' suits—Boys' nobby "Buster Brown" suits and overcoats, also elegant three-quarter length overcoats, finished lined—worth $7, special this hour, 4.00.

Dress goods—44-in. all-wool cheviots, the fashionable nut brown and myrtle green, guaranteed shrunk and sponged—regular 85c grade, at, yd., 39c.

Books—Collier's "Pictorial Life of William McKinley," fully illustrated, with nearly 200 photographs and four full pages in color—publisher's price $2, our price 49c.

Shoes—Children's vici kid lace shoes with double sole and spring heel, sizes from 5 to 8—worth $1, special this hour at 75c.

Carpets—Heavy wool Brussels for stair carpets, suitable for sitting room, hall or stairs, absolutely fast colors, usually sell for 75c, this hour, go at, yd., 49c.

Records—New molded Columbia records, talking machine records, each 15c, 7-in. disc records at 22c, 10-in. disc records at 39c.

Codfish—"Red Seal" shredded codfish, pkg., 4c. Genuine Georges cod, lb., 9c. Large can sardines, in mustard, doz., 4½c, can, 9c. Imported sardines, with key opener, doz., 1.10, tin, 10c.

Linens—72-in. table damask worth 50c, at, yd., 35c. Hemstitched center pieces and dresser scarfs, each, 35c.

Portiers—New designs and colors in reversible tapestry portiers, full length and width, Oriental stripes or Empire effects, fringed top and bottom—value $3, at pair, 1.98.

Umbrellas—Children's best quality fast black English gloria umbrellas, 24 in. size, with plain wood or fancy handles—regular 75c umbrella for only 37c.

Coats—Women's and misses' coats, made in loose and fitting styles of kerseys, montagnacs, thibets and other fall weight materials, in black, blue, brown and other colors—worth $15, this hour at 5.00.

China—Fancy imported salad bowls, cake plates, fancy plates, etc., which have been selling at 50c, go during this hour at, each, 25c.

Aprons—Children's white lawn aprons, neatly trimmed with embroidery, sizes 2 to 14 years, very nice for school wear—choice this hour, 15c.

4 TO 5 P. M. TODAY

Drapery silks—Short lengths of one material, satin, cretonnes, denims, linen taffetas and silkalines—always sold at 75c at yd., 25c, 19c and 9c. (Drapery dept.)

Coffee—Sample coffees, mixed together, 5 lbs. 55c, lb., 12c. "Century" pan cake flour, 5-lb. pkg., 9c. English breakfast tea, 5 lbs., 75c. Table syrup, ½ gal., 15c —gal., 9c.

Slippers—Women's house slippers and oxfords, hand sewed, always sold at $1.25, during this hour at only 79c.

Spoons—Tea spoons, heavily retinned — regular price 35c, at, doz., 16c. Scissors in various sizes and shapes, at 19c. (Cutlery dept.)

Oil cans—Glass oil cans, with one gallon size—cannot be bought for less than 35c elsewhere, our price, this hour, 15c.

Footballs—Good leather Rugby footballs 65c. Boys' well padded football pants, 75c. Shin guards, 19c. Canvas leggins, 44c. Heavy ribbed football stockings, pair, 19c.

Dress goods—54-in. repellant suiting, a fashionable and durable fabric, for tailored suits, in new fall shades of blue, brown, wine, green and black, positively worth 65c, our price, yd., 39c.

Gloves—Women's two clasp real kid gloves, in all colors—have always sold at 85c, during this hour, pair, 29c.

Quills—A table full of plain and fancy quills, in all colors and black—usually sold at 5c, this hour, each, 2c.

Pants—Boys' fine dress knee pants, including all sizes and fine fancy worsteds, all sizes from 5 to 18—worth $1 and $1.25, during this hour, 58c.

Shirts—Men's dandelette night shirts, cut extra long and wide, made from pretty striped soft domet flannelette—regular price 50c, special this hour, 39c.

Corsets—Famous R. & G. C. and other well-known corsets, straight front shapes, in white, drab or black—always sold for $1, this hour, 50c.

Dresses—Girls' dresses, made of all-wool cashmeres, plaids, stripes and checks, trimmed with laces, medallions, etc., sizes 4 to 14 years, regular price $1.50, this hour, 1.19.

Cuspidors—Blue and gray enamelware cuspidors, will withstand plenty of hard knocks—have been selling for 15c, this hour, 8c.

HANNA FOLLOWS TRACK OF BRYAN

Nebraskan and Mayor Johnson Were Vigorously Handled by the Senator.

ATTACK MADE ON SINGLE TAX

Col. Herrick Told Farmers That His Opponent Stood for Taxation of Their Lands—Meetings Among the Largest Yet Held.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

CAMBRIDGE, O., Oct. 22.—Having given Bryan a verbal flaying at Zanesville last night and finding the work rather to his liking, Senator Hanna pursued the same line of policy in his speeches of today. Caldwell in the afternoon and Cambridge tonight.

"Bryan is a political fakir," was his first sentence. "He has been among you during the past few days declaring that the re-election of Mark Hanna to the senate would be a national calamity, since I use my office for the advancement of my own personal interests and not for the benefit of my constituents.

"Well, there is one thing sure. My re-election would not be so great a calamity as would have been the election of Bryan either in 1896 or 1900. As to whether my efforts have been in behalf of the people, I am willing to let the voters of Ohio decide."

The senator also turned attention to Mayor Johnson and handled him without gloves. Reading from a newspaper clipping, he said: "Johnson claimed in a recent speech that the board of equalization in Cleveland increased the valuation of Mark Hanna's street railroad $3,000,000 in order to place it upon an equal footing with other roads, and then he went to Columbus and endeavored to have the board abolished. It's a lie.

"The mayor is also going about the state issuing challenges for a joint debate. Why, is he foolish enough to imagine I am going to do this for his amusement for him?" Col. Herrick in the meetings of today gave his particular attention to the question of single tax. He did this because the audiences were largely composed of farmers and small land owners.

"The Democrats are prating about two cent fare, home rule and equal taxation. Why, these are not the things in which the new Democracy of Ohio is interested. They are but a sham.

"Back of it is single tax, the first cousin to socialism. They would place all the tax on land and leave the owner of stocks and bonds go free. The people of Ohio are not ready to adopt this system as heralded this week to us from across the water. Johnson cannot deny he is for single tax. He advocated it in congress and he has advocated it since. If there is one thing for which he honestly does stand, it is this."

The meetings of the day were among the largest yet held. At Caldwell, fully 5,000 people were in the court house square and it is said the opera house was completely filled. Tomorrow meetings will be held at Crooksville and Shawnee, in the mining district.

MILLION-DOLLAR CONTRACT TO BUILD A RAILROAD

The Ferguson Contracting Company of this city and New York was today awarded the contract for an extension of the Coal & Coke railroad, formerly the Charleston, Clendenning & Southern, from Beltington, W. Va., throughout the Greenbrier region to connect with the Chesapeake & Ohio. The work will cost $1,000,000 and is to be completed within four months.

THE DEATH ROLL

Col. James Pressly Fleming.

Col. James Pressly Fleming, the well-known Democratic politician and former insurance man of this city, died last night at 8 o'clock at his home, No. 3317 Boquet street, Oakland. He had been in failing health for a year, owing to paralysis. Sunday morning he suffered a third stroke and had been unconscious since Monday. When death came Col. Fleming was surrounded by his family. Col. Fleming was born in Ohio street, Allegheny, 66 years ago, and was a son of Cochrane Fleming, who was a prominent citizen of Allegheny in the early part of the last century. Col. Fleming was named for the Rev. John Pressly, pastor of the old Presbyterian church in the Allegheny diamond.

While still a youth Mr. Fleming's family removed to Pittsburgh. He received his early training at the old South school, the Sewickley academy and Duff's college. When President Lincoln issued his call for troops in 1861 Mr. Fleming joined the City guard, afterward Company E, Twelfth regiment,

Col. James P. Fleming.

Pennsylvania volunteers, in which he served as a private during the three months' campaign. On returning to Pittsburgh Mr. Fleming and the late Capt. Robert Hampton recruited and equipped at their own expense the Hampton battery, which made a brilliant record in the civil war. Mr. Fleming remained in the field and participated in the principal battles in the valley of Virginia, during this period he never took a day's furlough.

Upon resigning his commission as lieutenant he returned to Pittsburgh to engage in business, which he was very successful. For years Mr. Fleming was a member of the prison board of the Western penitentiary, treasurer of the Cash Building and Loan association and treasurer of the Randall club of Pittsburgh.

In the convention of 1883 he was nominated for city treasurer on the reform ticket, which also nominated Bernard McKenna for mayor and H. L. Gourley for city controller, coming failed of election, his opponent, Maj. J. F. Denniston, the Republican candidate, being elected. During the campaign Mr. Fleming was called to Washington to consult with President Cleveland regarding the political situation in Western Pennsylvania. Mr. Fleming was a member of Post No. 2, G. A. R., the Royal Arcanum and the Heptasophs. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Fleming, and two children, John L. of the H. C. Frick Coke Company and J. Pressly, jr., of the Colonial Trust Company. He was a brother of Cochrane, John and Joseph Fleming, the latter two deceased, and an uncle of George S. Fleming, the Democratic leader. He was also a brother of Mrs. Byers, widow of A. M. Byers, a former prominent iron manufacturer. During the visit of King Edward to this country Mr. Fleming entertained him at his home in New Orleans.

Charles A. Anderson.

Charles A. Anderson, 67 years old, for many years a resident of Bellevue, died of heart disease at his home, Forbes and Craig streets, yesterday morning. He was born in Pittsburgh and had lived here all his life. He was formerly engaged in the wire basket business, but of late years had lived retired. He is survived by his widow, two brothers and a sister.

Joseph Schubert.

Joseph Schubert, 52 years old, died suddenly at his home at Rosevale, near Toms Run, yesterday morning of asthma. He was born in Germany and came to this country early in life. He had lived at Rosevale about 15 years and was well known there. His widow and two children survive. Funeral services will be held at St. Barbara's Roman Catholic church, of which he was a member.

Mrs. David B. Allewalt.

Mrs. Sarah De Allewalt, 45 years old, widow of David B. Allewelt, died at the family home in Walnut street, Sewickley, early yesterday morning of nervous prostration. Mrs. Allewelt was a prominent worker in the Methodist church and in several woman's societies. She is survived by her husband and five children.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. George C. Robinson of New Wilmington, Pa., is dead, aged 24 years.

Charles B. White, a member of the staff of the Wilkesbarre Leader, is dead.

Rev. E. M. Kernick, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Tidioute, Pa., is dead.

The widow of the Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon, the noted preacher, who died January 31, 1892, died yesterday in London.

Rev. Horatio Brotherton, aged 55, pastor of Trinity Baptist church of Cleveland, O., and prominent in the latter denomination, died yesterday.

PERSONALS

Mrs. Alfred A. Corey of North Braddock, mother of W. E. Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, and her daughter, Miss Ada Corey, will leave here on November 2 to visit Mrs. Langdon Mrs. Elizabeth Riggs, in Manila. Mrs. Corey and her daughter will sail from San Francisco, Cal., on the steamer America Maru for Yokonama, Japan, via Honolulu. They expect to be absent until next spring. Mrs. Riggs' husband is connected with the editorial department of the Manila Freedom.

The Rev. Austin W. Mann, general missionary, will officiate on Sunday in the chapel of Trinity church. From Pittsburgh Mr. Mann goes to Washington to attend the National Missionary council of the Episcopal church. On the way he expects to visit the West Virginia institution at Romney. Last week he filled appointments in the dioceses of Michigan and West Michigan.

Maj. J. G. Pangborn passed through the city last night over the Baltimore & Ohio railroad en route to Chicago. He is also of the Baltimore & Ohio system. He will call at Chicago to get some of the exhibits. One of them will be a miniature of the new passenger station to be erected shortly in Washington, D. C., by the Baltimore & Ohio and the Pennsylvania railroad. The model will be 50x40 feet. Another feature of the B. & O.'s exhibit will include models of transportation facilities since the days of Sir Isaac Newton. Maj. Pangborn has spent several years studying railroad methods of transportation.

Capt. George H. Atkinson, local inspector of steam vessels, returned last night from Dayton, O., where he attended the annual meeting of river veterans. He said that the assembling of the old soldiers brought to his mind vivid recollections of war times when he carried a gun.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

The nearby residents registered at the local hotels last night were as follows:

Colonial—R. A. Smith, Akron; John Guthrie, Grove City; G. D. Williams, Bradford; H. L. Staupie, Clarksburg; John H. Thompson, Punxsutawney; Mrs. Franklin, Sutersville.

Anderson—T. H. Arbogast, Tiffin; James C. McHenry, Punxsutawney, and M. Van Andrews, Dubois.

Lincoln—J. G. Ewing, Parkersburg; R. F. Moore, Brownsville; L. Butler, Butler; John A. Sharp, Emleuton, and E. A. Kimble, Greensburg.

Seventh Avenue—T. Gray, Lancaster; James Fickles, Jeannette; E. K. Stafford, Charleroi; A. D. McCarroll, Washington, and R. C. Thomas, Oil City.

Monongahela House—F. C. Taylor, Sharon; H. K. Metcalf, New Castle; C. H. Stewart, Brownsville, and John McVeat, Youngstown.

Lincoln—J. H. Elliott, Sharon, and G. C. Smith, Canton.

Newells—J. C. Bannen, Youngstown, and Charles T. Bevers, Mercer.

Duquesne—D. A. Smith, Ohio Pyle; W. W. Simmons, Akron; W. H. Osborn, Harrisburg, and William Clark, New Castle.

Henry—E. J. Johnston, Greensburg, P. T. Lowry, Meadville; C. B. Morley, Waynesburg; R. T. VanDoorn, Titusville; M. Harlow, Hawley, P. H. Bigrow, Connellsville, and George Edel, Brownsville.

LITTLE ONES BREATHE FOUL AIR IN SCHOOL

Chemist Alexander Silverman Analyses Samples in Allegheny With Dire Results.

Alexander Silverman, the chemist, read a paper on foul air in public schools at last night's meeting of the Pittsburgh section of the American Chemical society, the chemical section of the Engineers' Society. The meeting was held in the rooms of the Engineers' society, No. 419 Penn avenue.

The samples of air were taken from 22 primary departments in the Allegheny public schools, that department being selected by Mr. Silverman because the ventilation by windows is entirely in charge of the teachers, the children being too young to know whether the air is foul or not, the responsibility being therefore with the authority.

In the prelude of his paper Mr. Silverman explained that carbon dioxide affected the human system in two ways, as a mild poison and as an atmospheric diluent, lowering the oxygen in the air and compelling the organs of the body to do more work than necessary. It was considered that air containing from .03 of 1 per cen of carbon dioxide to .075 was considered good for breathing purposes; air containing 1 per cent was considered poor, and any percentage above was deemed very poor. The samples were taken on fair days in April and May, when ventilation could be secured by regulating the opening and shutting of windows. In some schools this air was very good, in some it was very poor. In others the percentage of dioxide was so high that the air was positively dangerous to breathe.

Samples of air were taken in every ward in Allegheny, and from his experiments Mr. Silverman drew the deduction that the question of school sanitation should be inquired into thoroughly. No criticism of Allegheny schools was intended, as it was probable the same results would be reached in Pittsburgh and other cities.

Mr. Silverman found the air very good in those schools having a ventilating system, particularly the new school in North avenue. Incidentally there was a great variation in the temperature of the rooms, as much as 45 degrees, showing that the rule to keep a certain temperature was not observed. The samples of air were taken in the middle of the school session. Where the percentage of dioxide was high the children were dull and lifeless; where the air was good they seemed to be full of life and alert. Bad odor was found not to be an indication of impure air, for in some schools where the odor was strong the air was found to be quite good.

An analysis of the samples of air taken showed that in 18 per cent of the rooms the air was poor and that in 9 per cent it was dangerous to breathe. In 78 per cent of the rooms the air was found to be good for breathing purposes.

FROHSINN'S CONCERT.

First of Season Made Memorable by a Presentation to Prof. Ferdinand Berger.

The Frohsinn verein gave the first concert of the season last night at the society's hall in Sixth avenue. The attendance was large, and after the concert there was a dance that lasted until midnight. The concert was under the direction of Prof. Ferdinand Berger, the society's musical director. The Frohsinn's chorus sang several selections; Miss Charlotte Wilgrenn sang two solos and Jean de Backer played violin solos. Miss Erma Berger, the professor's daughter, accompanied on the piano.

Previous to the concert Prof. John Riebling, on behalf of the society, presented to Prof. Berger a beautiful album, containing the autograph signatures of the singers. The title page was the work in colors of Charles T. Schofer the artist, a member of the society. The book was bound in padded Russia leather. It was the society's recognition of the work of the director in aiding to secure for it a prize at the recent Saengerfest for its singing of "Geiger's Heimkehr," the "Fiddler's Homecoming."

Proper frocks for the debutante, in The Sunday Gazette.

BUSTER BROWN,
THE FUNNIEST AND MOST REFINED OF COMIC PAGES, IN THE SUNDAY GAZETTE.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.
PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 23, 1903.—9 TO 14 PAGES.

DOINGS OF THE
COON HOLLOW BUNCH
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S GAZETTE
WILL MAKE YOU LAUGH.....

New World's Pacing Mark Is Set by Dan Patch

DAN PATCH IS PACING WONDER

Creates a New World's Mark by Going Mile in 1:56 1-4 Without Wind Shield.

DOLLY DILLON IS A WINNER

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, TENN., Oct. 22.—The third day of the harness racing at the Memphis trotting association track was made memorable by the magnificent performance of Dan Patch in a trial against time. The handsome son of Joe Patchen made the mile in 1:56¼, clipping three-fourths of a second from the world's record of 1:57, held by Prince Alert, and lowered his own record by 2¾ seconds. The mile was paced without a wind shield and at the finish Dan Patch seemed as fresh and vigorous as at the start.

The demonstration that greeted the new world's pacing champion as he flashed under the wire was a memorable one. Horse owners, who stood about the track before the starters stand, had caught the time with their own watches and before the official time was flashed out across the track they set up a mighty shout and threw hats and caps high into the air. The shout was caught up by the people in the grand stand, the space before it and on the club house grounds, and the victory of the new pacing idol was proclaimed in a long, sonorous roar that rose and fell and reached its climax in a frenzy of noise as Driver M. C. McHenry pulled up before the judge's stand and doffed his hat in acknowledgment of the acclamation.

The trial was made with two runners to set the pace, the sulky preceding the pacer, carrying a canvass strip between the wheels. The quarter was reached in 29 seconds, the half in 58 and the three-quarters pole in 1:27¾. As the horse swung into the stretch Dan Patch was pushing the forward runner so closely that scarcely a hand's breadth intervened between his nose and the back of the driver in the forward sulky.

The performance of Dan Patch today in setting a new world's record was a surprise to even his most ardent admirers. Scarcely anyone had dreamed that the enthusiasm in the bay son of Joe Patchen to suggest that he might equal the record of the champion Prince Alert, and certainly no one had predicted that he would accomplish the wonderful feat of 1:57. But he went the mile with so little apparent exertion that tonight his admirers are predicting that he will still further lower the world's record should the circumstances as to weather and track conditions as favorable as they were when he made his wonderful mile today.

With the exception of the 2:08 class trot the events of the card were for favorites, all in straight heats except the first race, which required a third start. In the 2:08 trot Monte Carlo, the favorite, had the second heat at his mercy, but broke and rose in the air within a hundred yards of the wire. Nervolo, driven by S. Hudson, took the 2:08 pace in straight heats and had endurance sufficient to annext the last event of the day, the half mile dash. Summary:

2:10 class trotting, purse $1,000.
Walnut Hall, br. h., by Conductor-
Maggie Yeager, R. Benyon..... 2 1 1
George Wilkes, blk. h., C. Rund..... 1 2 3
Topsy, blk. m., W. Snow..... 5 3 2
Palm Leaf, blk. g., W. McCarty..... 4 4 4
Time, 2:08¼, 2:08¼, 2:08¼.
2:08 class pacing, purse $2,000.
Nervolo, s. h., by Colbert-Nellie D., Hudson..... 1 1
Star Hal, blk. h., Geers..... 3 3
Winfield Stratton, b. h., J. McGuire..... 4 4
Orlando, ch. h., B. Walker..... dis
Time, 2:04½, 2:06½.
Trotting to wagon, amateur drivers.
Debby Dillon, b. m., by Sidney Dillon, Mr. Geers..... 1 1
Queen Wilkes, br. m., Mr. Smathers..... 2 2
Franker, b. g., Mr. Jones..... 3 3
Imogene, ch. m., Mr. Billings..... 4 4
Time, 2:20, 2:20.
Dan Patch to beat 1:59, pacing—Dan Patch, b. h., by Joe Patchen-Zelica, McHenry, won.
Time by quarters, :29, :58, 1:27¾, 1:56¼.
Trotting, to bicycle, purse $1,000.
Fresno, blk. m., by Moro-Hettie Case, E. Benyon..... 1 1
Hawthorne, ro. m., Hudson..... 2 2
Master Carlisle, b. g., H. Walker..... 3 3
Wentworth, blk. g., Spear..... 4 4
Marion Wilkes, b. m., A. McDonald.....dis
Time, 2:06¼, 2:05½.
Half mile dash, pacing, purse $400.
Nervolo, b. h., by Colbert-Nellie D., Hudson..... 1
Fanny Dillard, b. m., Snow..... 2
Chestnut, ch. g., J. Bell..... 3
Dorrie, b. g., Hudson..... 4
Dan P., ch. g., E. Benyon..... 5
Harold H., b. g., Geers..... 6
Time, :59.

ALL-AGED HANDICAP.

It Was Won by By Ways, a Third Choice.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—By Ways, third choice in the betting at 7 to 1, won the all-aged handicap at Worth today and equalled the track record of 1:43 3-5 for the mile and 100 yards. Dr. Stephens was second, and English Lad, the heavily backed favorite, was third. The race was hardly a truly run one, as everything back of the winner met with some kind of interference. Weather clear and cool. Track fast. Summary:

First race, mile—Nellie Bawn, 108, D. Hall, 10 to 1, won; Blue Mint, 103, L. Wilson, 5 to 1, second; Fingal, 108, H. Phillips, 11 to 10, third. Time, 1:41 3-5.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Tekalon, 110, D. Hall, even, won; William Wright, 108, Pollak, 9 to 2, second; Trogon, 97, S. Bonner, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:12 3-5.

Third race, 1 mile and 100 yards—By Ways, 90, S. Bonner, 7 to 2, won; Dr. Stephens, 100, Ferrell, 8 to 2, second; English Lad, 94, H. Phillips, 12 to 5, third. Time, 1:45 3-5.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Golden Rule, 104, Estelle, 10 to 5, won; Dolly Hayman, 105, M. Lowe, 20 to 1, second; Caliant, 90, H. Phillips, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:26 3-5.

Fifth race, 1¼ miles—Tancred, 100, L. Wilson, 6 to 1, won; Dodie S., 98, J. Booker, 8 to 5, second; Antolee, 101, S. Bonner, 15 to 5, third. Time, 2:08.

Sixth race, 6 furlongs—Bummer, 103, J. Hicks, 12 to 5, won; Henry McDaniel, 105, M. Wilson, 9 to 2, second; Stem Winder, 103, Ferrell, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:12 3-5.

HE BEAT CRESCEUS.

A Famous Stallion Purchased by a Pittsburgh Man.

GREENSBURG, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A. B. Moore, a local horseman, a few days ago sold his famous trotting stallion to Charles Rahm of East End, Pittsburgh, together with his dam. This horse has a remarkable record inasmuch as he is the only stallion in the world that ever beat Cresceus, the world's trotting champion, whose record of 1:59¾, made at Wichita, Kas., on Monday, stands without parallel in the history of the trotting turf.

At Columbus, O., August 1, 1897, Watson beat Cresceus out in three straight heats with a strong field. Watson taking the race in 2:08¾, 2:12¼ and 2:14. Cresceus finished 2, 2 and 3. The following year at Fort Erie Pat Watson and Cresceus met again, the Greensburg horse winning.

Greensburg Matinee Races.

GREENSBURG, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Gentlemen's Driving club held matinee races here this afternoon. This was the first held since the big three-day meet last August. Many of the horses have been campaigning in other states, and are home for winter quarters. Robert D. Sheriff, Harry F. Seanor's pacer, with a mark of 2:12, was driven by his owner in an exhibition mile in 2:15. Following are the results:

Eugene..... 1 1
Joe Reed, Dr. C. E. Snyder..... 2 2
Kitty J., Clyde Seanor..... 3 3
Best time, 1:39.
Mixed event, half mile heats.
Sally Ross, H. F. Thomas..... 1 2
Joe Murphy, Ed Sherick..... 2 1
Celia J..... 3 3
Time, 1:17, 1:15.
Pace, mile heats.
Robert D., H. F. Seanor..... 1 1 1
Harry S., Daniel Bierer..... 2 2 2
Best time, 2:24¼.
Pace, half mile heats.
Breville Simpson, John F. Mitinger..... 1 1
Grace M., D. W. G. Cooper..... 2 2

THE YALE GUN CLUB.

It Has Disbanded Because Not Allowed to Wear Insignia.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Yale's gun club has disbanded because the members refuse to shoot unless the athletic committee allows them to wear insignia. As the Yale club has won the intercollegiate championship for two years, and has captured it more than all the other colleges combined since the intercollegiate association was organized 15 years ago, the marksmen think they should be allowed some sort of insignia.

Yale has declined an invitation to send a team to the annual shoot in Cambridge, November 21.

JEFFRIES SAYS THAT MUNROE HAS NO CHANCE

The Miner Must Get a Reputation in Order to Get a Fight. Picks Fitz Against Gardner.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—James J. Jeffries, champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, arrived this morning from Chicago. He looked in good condition and seemed able to defend his title at any moment. Contrary to reports received from Chicago, Jeffries says that he will not give Jack Munroe a chance to fight.

"I am through with that fellow," said the champion. "He had his chance to meet me on the coast, but backed out of it. Now I will pay no more attention to him.

"The only way he can get a fight with me is to defeat some good men. Why, I believe the first man he meets will put him out. I shall pay no attention to him."

In reference to the Fitzsimmons-Gardner fight, Jeffries picks Fitzsimons to win easily. "All those stories that Fitzsimmons and myself are at odds are ridiculous," said Jeffries. "We are as good friends as ever. The reason I did not see him in Chicago was because I did not know he was in town."

WILL LIFT MORTGAGE.

Horsemen Will Repay a Priest for a Race Tip That Brought Much Cash.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The racing men at Brighton Beach are raising a fund to help lift the mortgage on the little Roman Catholic church which stands just outside the race track. The movement grows out of a tip on Unmasked in Wednesday's races, which is attributed to Rev. Father Cullen of the church.

The father liked the noble thoroughbred, and he had seen Unmasked work very fast. He did not withhold the valued information, so that everybody about the paddock seemed to have taken a slice of the "melon," judging by the jubilation immediately after Unmasked came home.

Father Cullen's church is the church of the horsemen, surely, for on any Sunday morning during the summer months a half hundred of very well-known characters of the race course can be numbered among the worshippers. The church was brought into existence by the horsemen, and today its maintenance largely devolves upon them.

After the garnering of the Unmasked harvest the thought of the wrecking mortgage on the Church of the Guardian Angel came to the players benefited by the tip. As a result the building fund of the church will receive a handsome contribution within the next few days.

FOOTBALL NOTES.

Ingram and Suburban will clash Saturday at Ingram in a desperate encounter.

The Idlewood Juniors will meet the Verner A. C. of Carnegie at Idlewood Saturday in a sanguinary contest.

President McGee wants all members of the Foster club to report no later than 1:30 p. m. on Sunday, as there will be a special meeting of the club.

The Eagle A. C. would like to hear from all 25 to 30-pound teams for game Saturday, October 24. Address Louis A. Muth, 1503 Fremont street, Allegheny.

Any good 75 or 80-pound team desiring full expenses and best of treatment can call up 25 ring 5 Brady, between 7 and 8 p. m. and ask for Leslie Dodds.

The Geneva A. C. desires a game for Saturday with some good team in the 75 to 80-pound class. Call J. R. McElveen, 'phone 418, Carnegie building exchange.

The Library players are requested to report for practice Friday evening at 7:30 sharp on Baum street grounds in uniform. Library plays the Bryant A. C. Saturday.

The Flowers Avenue Tigers are without a game for Saturday and would like to hear from any 90-pound team. Address John Graham, 511 Lafayette street, Hazelwood.

The Pastime Reserves will line up against the Suburban A. C. Saturday at Herron Hill park. All Pastime players are requested to report for practice Friday evening.

Dravosburg A. C. plays the Emeralds of Pittsburgh Saturday at Dravosburg park. Dravosburg A. C. is without a game for October 31. Address H. E. Richards, Dravosburg.

The Reliance Eagles challenge all 20 to 30-pound teams, all games to be played on Bellevue grounds. Dates open for all Saturdays. Address Phil K. Rogers, James street, Bellevue.

Coach Chambers of the Madison Tigers requests the players to report in uniform for heavy practice Friday evening at Recreation park to prepare for the hard game Saturday with the New Messengers of Homestead.

The Atlantic A. C. would like to hear from some 85 or 90-pound team for a game at home on October 24. Address D. M. Peterson, 423 Carnegie building, city, or 'phone 3870 Court, sales department.

Maplewood A. C. would like to arrange a game with some good 75 to 80-pound team for Saturday at home. Call up 1953 Court and ask for Kinley or address L. F. Kinley, 41 Vanderbilt street, city.

The Superior A. A. is without a game for Saturday, and would like to hear from any 75 to 80-pound team. Call 1280-2 Grant between 9 and 5 or 25-5 Brady between 6:30 and 8 p. m. Address L. J. Dodds, 638 Penn avenue, city.

The Brushton Indians desire a game for Saturday with any 35 to 45-pound team. Half expenses and good treatment inguied. Call up P. & A. 82 South. C. D. Fox, 1432 Court, or address Dale T. Wadsworth, 317 Brushton avenue, city.

The Arsenal A. C. was playing Pittsburgh College third team on the college campus, when a fumble occurred, and the referee, Mr. Whalen, gave the college the ball, but the Arsenals would not submit to the ruling and left the field with the score 5 to 5.

As the Library seems afraid to face the Lowell second team on neutral ground October 31, Lowell would like to arrange a game with Anchorite or Avalon Rosebuds for that date. Call 915 ring 4 East, or address L. McCallister, 128 Auburn street, East End.

The McKees Rocks High school is without a game for Saturday and would like to arrange with some good 90 or 100-pound team. Address E. J. Clous, McKees Rocks, 720 Railroad street, or call up 28 McKees Rocks, Bell 'phone, and ask for E. Claus.

The Avalon volunteer fire department has organized a football team, the average weight of the players being about 125 pounds. The manager of the team, H. E. Campbell, would like to arrange dates for games with other teams in Western Pennsylvania.

The Brighton Tigers will meet the Rankin A. C. on the Tigers' grounds in a grueling contest. The Brighton Tigers would like to hear from the Y. M. C. A. club of Sewickley or the Superiors of Allegheny. Address P. J. McDonough, Brighton road, Allegheny.

Allentown will play Crafton Saturday at Crafton. Players will meet at corner of Fifth avenue and Market street at 1:30 p. m. Capt. Foear requests all players to appear for practice this evening. Would like Capret or McKeesport and Vitte of Jeannette to be on hand Saturday.

The Northsides would like to hear from Duquesnes, Pequots, Flavels, Sterlings, Lowell second, Crescents, Lawrencevilles, Fosters, Sycamores and Madison Tigers. These teams can secure games by 'phoning 1408 Grant and asking for L. Clark. This Saturday is open to one of the above teams.

The Pequots of Allegheny will try to take a fall out of the Osborne Wonders of Sewickley Saturday on W. V. P. grounds in Allegheny. The Pequots would like to arrange a game mid-week or Saturday, October 31, with either A. H. S. or A. F. S. Address W. B. McVicker, 411 Union Station, city.

Owing to cancellation the Tarentum Tigers are without a game for Saturday. Any good 80 to 90-pound team desiring a game for that date can be accommodated by calling up 1304 Grant or address A. K. Rowswell, 904 Park building, city. Will play at Tarentum or in the city, and will pay half expenses to any team wishing to go to Tarentum.

Company F (Fourteenth regiment) football team desires a game for Saturday with some first-class out-of-town team. Also games for October 31, November 3, November 14, November 21. Address C. W. Campbell, 7346 Hermitage street, Belmar, East End. All players will report at armory on Friday evening at 7:30 sharp for practice.

The Flavels will line up against the Foster club of Lawrenceville Saturday at the Baum field in a fierce combat. All Flavel players are requested to report for practice Friday evening at the Larimer field at 7:30 sharp. Flavel has October 31 open, and any 90-pound team desiring that date address G. A. Tierney, 514 Carnegie building, city.

Capt. Miller of the East End Lyceum requests his boys to report for practice tonight, as he knows they will be up against a strong organization Saturday, when they will line up against the East Pittsburgh team. The Lyceum still has a few dates open, and would like to hear from any 110 or 120-pound team having enclosed grounds. Address Manager Hughes, 5065 Center avenue, city.

The Pastime A. C. will line up on Saturday against the McKeesport National Tube team. The Pastimes have had several hard practices this week, and are prepared for a hard game. All players will meet at the B. & O. depot at 1:15 sharp, as the team leaves at 1:30. The Pastimes have a few open dates and would like to hear from a good team. Address D. Howard Agnew, P. & L. E. depot, Pittsburgh, Pa., or 'phone [illegible] Court.

THE SYCAMORES, 90-LB. CHAMPIONS OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

Top Row—Beam, Schauer, Lautenslager, (Coach), Benner, (Supt. Phipps Playground), Killen, Loughren, Manager Whitesides. Middle Row—Burry, Jenkinson, Smith, Bentel, Stern, Black. Bottom Row—Hamilton, McKenna, Demoss, Feeney, Captain, Frank, Mascot, Rimmel.

HARVARD IS LIKELY TO HAVE DOUBLE VICTORY

Team Golf Championship is Already Bagged and the Individual Honor Seems Sure.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

GARDEN CITY, L. I., Oct. 22.—With four men left in after the qualifying and first rounds of play in the individual championship contest of the Intercollegiate Golf association, Harvard seems to have a royal chance of winning double honors again this year. Having duplicated her team championship victory of last year, over the Garden City Golf club's links yesterday, Harvard sent seven of her strongest players to battle for honors in the individual championship, which was begun this morning with a qualifying round of 18 holes, and all of them qualified.

In the first round of match play three of them met with defeat, but the strongest men, H. C. Egan, W. E. Egan, M. McBurney and W. C. Fownes, survived. Fownes, the defender, who won the individual championship last year, again is well to the fore, notwithstanding the fact that he met and defeated a much weaker player on the Harvard team this afternoon, and as winners play winners, Egan will meet his collegemate, M. McBurney, in the first of the semi-final matches tomorrow morning.

H. C. Egan has been playing very consistently, and he is a prime favorite among the experts, all of whom believe that he will repeat his win of last year. Following is the summary of the first round, 18 holes match play:

C. Truesdale, Yale, beat H. B. Hollins, Jr., Harvard, 3 up and 2 to play; H. B. McFarland, Harvard, beat C. Oliphant, Princeton, 4 up and 3 to play; Walter E. Egan, Harvard, beat P. H. Jennings, Yale, 2 up and 1 to play; E. J. Reinhart, Princeton, beat H. Hardwick, Harvard, 3 up and 2 to play; C. Harvard beat B. D. Smith, Yale, 4 up and 3 to play; J. W. Baker, Princeton, beat G. O. Winston, Harvard, 4 up and 3 to play; H. C. Egan, Harvard, beat Caspell, Pennsylvania, 8 up and 7 to play, and M. McBurney, Harvard, beat H. S. Campbell, Yale, 6 up and 5 to play.

Play will be resumed tomorrow morning, with the following matches of interest: Truesdale versus McFarland, W. E. Egan versus Reinhart, Chick versus Baker and H. C. Egan versus McBurney.

A great many visitors were attracted to the links during the afternoon, as in addition to the intercollegiate golfers, Miss Rhona Adair, champion woman golfer of Great Britain, made her first appearance on the metropolitan links in the foursome contest between Emmett, her partner, against Walter J. Travis, the amateur champion golfer of America, who played against the best half of the pair. Miss Frances Griscom of Philadelphia was to have played Travis' partner in a mixed foursome, but she withdrew at the last moment, and the other match was speedily arranged. Miss Adair's showing was considerably better than that she was a stranger to the links, and that a puzzling cross wind was blowing over the course during the entire afternoon. Miss Adair had poor luck on the fourth hole, but she and her partner were 1 up at the turn, and the match was even on the seventeenth hole. Travis took only two on the home green, and won the match 1 up. Following are the cards of this match:

W. J. Travis:
Out..... 4 5 4 6 5 5 6 6 5 3—42
In..... 5 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 4—47—89

Miss Adair and Emmett, best ball:
Out..... 4 5 5 6 4 6 5 5 4 4—41
In..... 5 5 4 7 4 5 5 6 4 4—44—85

EXPERT WOMEN GOLFERS.

Edgeworth Club Tourney Produces Some Excellent Scores by Members.

Ideal October weather favored the eight women of the Edgeworth club who played the first day of match play over that course yesterday. In the morning the qualifying round was played, determining the order and position of the contestants, and in the afternoon the first games of the series were begun. The women are playing for a cup offered by Mr. Moses Atwood, a member of the club.

The feature of yesterday's play was the excellent work of Mrs. Elliott Rodgers, who made 9 holes in 46. Mrs. Rodgers defeated Mrs. Joseph Rohrbacher by 8 up in brilliant fashion, although Mrs. Rohrbacher's play was comparatively good. Miss Bertha Taylor defeated Mrs. Frederick McVey by 5 up. Mrs. Robert Wardrop and Mrs. E. E. Smart played 27 holes to a tie, which neither was able to break.

This morning they will play the additional nine holes. They are unusually evenly matched. Mrs. Lacy Willock defeated Mrs. W. N. Kerr 5 up and 4 to play. This morning Mrs. Willock meets Mrs. Rodgers, and the winner of that match will then play Miss Bertha Taylor in the afternoon. The contest has aroused much interest among the club members, resulting in play of a high order.

This is for you.
See Home Trust Company ad. in next Sunday's Gazette.

HELLO PROVED TO HAVE SPEED

Won the Winged Foot Handicap in Clever Style on Brighton Beach Track.

WAS A VERY EXCITING FINISH

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Hello, at 11 to 5, won the Winged Foot handicap for two-year-olds, six furlongs, at Brighton Beach today. Juvenal Maxim made the running to within a few yards of the finish when O'Neil brought Hello up and he won by a short head from Juvenal Maxim. Sweet Gretchen was third, Hyer Jenny fourth in a hotly contested finish all through the stretch. Mabel Richardson won the handicap, one mile and a quarter, from the favorite, Caughnawaga. Two favorites won. Summaries:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Dimple, 109, Delaney, 8 to 5 and 1 to 2, won; Graceful, 109, Michaels, 3 to 2 and 1 to 2, second; Niskayuna, 109, Hicks, 20 to 1 and 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 4-5. Escuyer, Wizard, Jasper and Hydrangea also ran.

Second race, handicap steeplechase, short course, about 2 miles—Charawind, 154, Heider, 9 to 2 and 7 to 5, won; Casper, 170, Delaney, 12 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Manlihan, 147, Saffel, 4 to 5 and 1 to 3, third. Time, 4:41. Perion also ran. Gum Honey fell.

Third race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Ernest Parham, 108, Fuller, 15 to 1 and 7 to 5, won; Namtor, 111, Bullman, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Ethics, 108, Cochran, 8 to 1 and 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 3-5. All Gold, Fat, Streeter, Velvet Mitt, Jack Ratliff, Dr. Harrison, Potente and Sir Roche also ran.

Fourth race, the Winged Foot handicap, 6 furlongs—Hello, 111, O'Neil, 11 to 5 and 7 to 10, won; Juvenal Maxim, 109, Michaels, 4 to 1 and 7 to 5, second; Sweet Gretchen, 122, Bullman, 7 to 5 and 1 to 2, third. Time, 1:14 1-5. Hilawatha, Clovis, Moharib and Sir Carter also ran. Moharib and Sweet Gretchen coupled.

Fifth race, handicap, 1¼ miles—Mabel Richardson, 98, Redfern, 3 to 2 and 8 to 5, won; Caughnawaga, 120, Odom, 8 to 5 and 3 to 5, second; Lady Potentate, 102, Higgins, 7 to 2 and 7 to 5, third. Time, 2:06. Wyefield, Pearl and Early Eve also ran.

Sixth race, selling, 5½ furlongs—Biytheness, 107, Fuller, 7 to 5 and 3 to 5, won; Clear The Arena, 104, McSouza, 7 to 1 and 6 to 1, second; Red Roy, 107, Michaels, 4 to 1 and 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:08. Reveille, Ancester Belle of Belle Meade, Arietta, Donnelly, Berosa, Monsoon, Ducky, Willigesse, Pennrock, Dutiful and Tithronic also ran.

STARTING IN EARLY.

Cornell's Baseball Schedule Already Arranged.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Manager Vincent of the Cornell baseball team has announced the schedule for the nine as thus far made up. Harvard will play on Memorial day. The eastern trip, which included games with Harvard, Holy Cross and Williams on their home grounds, has been altogether abandoned. The western trip for the purpose of playing three games with Michigan is a matter of doubt. The definite dates are: April 14, Amherst, at Ithaca; April 30, Columbia, at Ithaca; May 4, Williams, at Ithaca; May 7, Princeton, at Princeton; May 14, Princeton, at Ithaca; May 18, Manhattan, at Ithaca; May 23, Lehigh, at Ithaca; May 28, University of Pennsylvania, at Ithaca; June 4, University of Pennsylvania, at Philadelphia.

Old Scottdale Team Will Play.

SCOTTDALE, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Arrangements have been completed for the game of baseball between the members of the famous Scottdale team of 1880 and Sheet Steel team of this place, the game will take place at Lowek's park next Thursday afternoon. All the men have been communicated with and the famous old team will be seen in action with the players in their regular positions. It is probable that Manofer and Boyd will occupy the points during the first six innings and the game will be finished by Milbee and Cargo. Everybody is enthusiastic over the game and business will practically be at a standstill during Thursday afternoon.

Choynski Is After Grim.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Joe Choynski, who is now in Chicago, having returned from the far west, is one of the many boxers who are after the scalp of Joe Grim, the Italian boxer of Philadelphia. Choynski will agree to meet Grim, and if he fails to stop him inside of the six rounds he will forfeit all the money.

WASH.-JEFF. AND GENEVA TEAMS AGREE TO MEET

Game Will Be Played at the Colosseum November 14 and Great Sport Is Expected.

A contest has finally been arranged between the football elevens representing the Washington and Jefferson and Geneva colleges and Pittsburgh lovers of the gridiron game are assured of at least one good contest this season as the game will be played at the Colosseum, in Allegheny, and the date set is Saturday, November 14.

This was the outcome of a second meeting between the managers of the teams held yesterday afternoon, at which a representative of the Athletic association, who, when the matter of the playing field was brought up he offered the Colosseum, which was gladly accepted, and the game was arranged without further trouble. The meeting between the two elevens, which are the representative teams of this and of the state, promises to be the real football event of the local season. Both teams will bring down large delegations of rooters, and there will be all kinds of enthusiasm.

A wrong report of the practice game between Bellevue Outing club and the Western University of Pennsylvania eleven on the latter's field Thursday, having been inserted by the manager of the Bellevue Outing club.

In the first place, it was a practice game, and the University team had to lend Bellevue players, as the latter's team was crippled. No time was taken and no touchdowns were made. W. U. P. five times carried the ball to Bellevue's goal line, and then gave it to their opponents to see if they could advance it. Bellevue W. U. P. wished to practice on the defensive. At no time could Bellevue advance the ball, except on one kick-off, when a Bellevue man carried the ball to the crowd in the middle fields, where he was stopped by a player. Conon Mosse did the kicking for Bellevue himself.

The showing made by W. U. P. against Pittsburgh college on Tuesday was very creditable, with the exception of the fumbles in the first half, which gave the college a chance to score twice. The W. U. P. team has been greatly strengthened this week by several members from the medical college, and every effort is being made to spring a surprise on State college Saturday.

The East Liberty academy eleven had an afternoon of hard work yesterday preparing for the game with Kiski Saturday. Coach Hill put the first team against the Sterling A. C., which happened to be at hand, and two 15 minute halves were played. The ball was given the Sterlings, who scored two touchdowns, the same number that E. L. A. secured. Coach Hill kept the team on the defense nearly all the while. Moyer and Shaw showed up well in practice.

WILL BE A MANAGER.

Bill Phillips Will Have Charge of Indianapolis Team.

MONESSEN, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—"Big Bill" Phillips of the Cincinnati National league baseball club has returned to his home in Allenport. Phillips was in Monessen on a hunting trip after his large real estate holdings and incidentally talking baseball. After 10 years of playing with but two teams, and nine years under the management of one man, John T. Brush, Phillips ended his National league career this season. After explaining his position to the officials of the Cincinnati club he was permitted to sell his release to Indianapolis of the American association, where he will act as manager. Phillips was only given his freedom with the understanding that he would do no business with any other of the big league teams. His contract with Indianapolis was closed two months ago, and he is already planning for a fast team.

Phillips began his career in Allenport. In 1898 he was signed by Frank Torreyson for McKeesport, and 1899 found him in Chattanooga with Gus Schmelt. After two seasons with Chattanooga he was signed by Indianapolis, and, with the exception of a short engagement at Johnstown, he has been with Indianapolis and Cincinnati under the Brush reign. Phillips did not spend his money in fast living, and today is probably one of the largest property owners in his native town.

LOOKS LIKE CHALLENGE.

Mr. Lever Asked Watson About Building a Yacht.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Despite the fact that W. H. Lever of Birkenhead has denied having any intention to challenge for the America's cup, the fact that he has asked George L. Watson if he would undertake the work of designing and superintending a cup challenger is now admitted to be indisputable.

Mr. Watson, thus far, has neither definitely declined nor accepted, and this, possibly explains Mr. Lever's denial, as he is not likely to act without Mr. Watson. The latter's answer may be affected by a well-known Clyde yachtsman, a lifelong friend of Mr. Watson, who contemplates challenging, and broached the subject to the yacht designer before Mr. Lever.

MANY CRIPPLES FOLLOW THE PLAYS

Yale Is Afraid of the West Point Game—Harvard's Defense Continues to Be Weak.

THE OTHER BIG ELEVENS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 22.—Yale's squad of crippled veterans except Bloomer followed the scrubs on the football field today to keep abreast of plays and signals, but none of them went into active plays. Shevlin was not in uniform at all. The coaches expect that they will find it necessary to put Kinney, Shevlin and Hogan and Horsbach into the West Point game on Saturday to prevent defeat. The plan now under discussion is to move Shevlin into Kinney's place at left tackle and Kinney to right guard, where Bloomer played until injured. Former Capt. "Brink" Thorne came today to help develop the back field.

Hyatt and Rush made the only touchdowns in today's short scrimmage practice.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Harvard played a team of substitutes in the practice today and from the secret practice came reports of very poor work. The "varsity" made two touchdowns in a 17-minute half, but the defense was still weak and no long or consistent gains were made. Le Moyne, Shea, A. Marshall, Robinson and Knowlton are all out of the game on account of injuries and there is no telling when Harvard will be able to get her real eleven together.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—After handling Bucknell in such a merciless fashion yesterday, the regulars went to pieces this afternoon and allowed the scrubs to tear them up at will. Seven times in succession the second team gained its first downs, and Kirkpatrick made the first score of the season against the Princeton regulars. In covering the 40 yards the scrubs never used an end run, but continued to batter the line, gaining steadily. Latta Keith, the second half-back, was the greatest gainer and kept the varsity wondering how he managed to get through the line. The varsity left the field somewhat discouraged after 30 minutes of play, having been scored on and held for downs.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Once again Franklin Field was the scene of secret practice, and rivaling the Princeton team in the shape of new offensive formations or defensive tactics were displayed.

McCabe was back in his old position at center and did much of the finest reliable work on the team. Smith, the spectacular fullback, was in the game. His knee and hand are not in the best of shape, still he will be started in this game. Dunlap will not start the game and will also be used, but he is liable to be put out of the contest at any time owing to his swollen knee.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Not satisfied with the work of the back old, the Cornell coaches today made a decisive change. McAllister, at fullback, has been out of condition, and for that he would not be in form again in time for the Princeton game. Coffin was put in his place. Coffin is one of the strongest punters in the Cornell squad. Smythe has developed rapidly as a right half-back that he is able to take Coffin's place without cutting down the strength of the back field. Capt. Hunt's injury showed much improvement today, and the coaches believe he will be in the lineup again Tuesday, if not before.

TO SHOOT FOR MEDAL.

Eighteenth Regiment Officers to Use the Revolver.

The annual revolver contest of the officers of the Eighteenth regiment, N. G. P., for the Keenan medal will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock on the regiment rifle range at the Works station. This medal was offered by Col. Thomas J. Keenan when he was inspector of rifle practice in the regiment, and he has kept it up and under the conditions of the match the medal becomes the property of any officer who wins it three times in succession, the donor then supplying a new medal.

A majority of the officers are expected to enter the match this afternoon, and in addition to shooting for the medal they will take advantage of the opportunity to qualify with revolver and rifle under the state regulations.

CHEVY CHASE TOURNEY.

Thomas Laughlin of Pittsburgh Qualified for Club Cup.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—Forty-three golfers, representing New York, New Hampshire, Pittsburgh and local clubs, finished the qualifying round of 36 holes today over the Chevy Chase links in the annual fall tournament. The first and second sixteens will compete for the club and consolation cups and a special prize is offered for those who failed to qualify for either of these cups.

Thomas Laughlin, of Pittsburgh, Chase, won the qualifying low score prize, with John C. Davidson, Columbia Golf club, as second best. The course is in perfect condition and almost too fast for the most accurate golf. Thomas Laughlin of Pittsburgh qualified for the club cup with a score of 87-87, 174.

Work Started for Anderson Statue.

Work on the foundation for the statue of Col. James Anderson, to be erected on the Allegheny Carnegie library grounds was started yesterday. It is expected to have the monument completed by next spring, when Andrew Carnegie is expected to unveil it.

SUTTON FINALLY SHOWS REAL BILLIARD SPEED

The Armless Wonder Won Two Games and Made Shots That Surprised Spectators.

For the first time since Sutton, the handless billiard marvel, has been playing exhibition games at the Great Northern billiard parlor, last night and yesterday afternoon he played in something like his regular form. In his game last night against Mr. Miller he only allowed the latter to run up 50 buttons, and Sutton took them on at 500 to 150 and ran the game out in the twenty-seventh inning, securing for himself an average of 18 1-9, his best record to date here. His position playing last night was perfect. He made but six misses, and his frequent runs of 10 or more brought forth great applause.

In the afternoon game he started out poorly, but won out by a garrison finish against Dr. Jack. He played both his opponents to a standstill.

This afternoon and tonight Sutton ends his local engagement. At 2 o'clock he will play Howard Powers, and at 8 o'clock he will take on one of the best local amateurs. The score follows:

Evening game—Total: Sutton, 500; Miller, 59. High runs: Sutton, 55, 52, 52, 35, 33, 32; Miller, 12, 13. Average: Sutton, 11 1-9; Miller, 2 5-27.

Afternoon game—Total: Sutton, 350; Jack, 125. High runs: Sutton, 53, 52, 35, 24; Jack, 18, 9, 7, 6. Average: Sutton, 6 36-44; Jack, 2 31-42.

MINOR LEAGUE MEETING.

The Western Baseball War May Be Adjusted.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Eighteen baseball organizations, composing the National Association of Professional Baseball Leagues, are represented by delegates in the conference which began here this afternoon with President Powers in the chair. The meeting was held behind closed doors, various matters of importance being under consideration.

The Western league and the American association are looking to the National association to adjust any condition of schedule between the two leagues, especially at Milwaukee and Kansas City. The statement is made that the matter will be adjusted by transferring the Western league to Class B and dropping its clubs from Class A.

The most of today's session was occupied by hearing reports from President B. T. Powers of New York and Secretary J. H. Farrell of Albany. This afternoon the reception of all the officers and members of the board of directors. Tonight a banquet was held at the Southern hotel. The convention will be in session several days.

PRACTICED NEW PLAYS.

Wash-Jeff Team Is Ready for Bethany Eleven.

WASHINGTON, PA., Oct. 22.—(Special.)—The Washington-Jefferson football team had the best practice of the week this afternoon at College park. The weather was amazing, and, in spite of the crippled condition of the team, the work was done through in first-class condition. Hayes is still out of practice, and McClung could do but little work this afternoon. The other cripples were able to get into the game from time to time.

The practice today was the last hard one of the week. The team will be given a rest tomorrow in preparation for the game Saturday with Bethany college. In the practice today the coaches gave the half backs special training in receiving the ball from the center on a dead run. This play, it is thought, will be effective and will be used Saturday against Bethany as an experiment at least.

MORRIS STABLE SOLD.

Rapid Water Brought $7,600, the Highest Price.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—A large crowd attended the sale of Green B. Morris's entire stable of horses in training and yearlings, which were sold in the paddocks at Mor

WILL ALL OF THE SAVED BECOME SPIRIT BEINGS AND ENTER HEAVEN?

CLEARNESS OF SCRIPTURAL TEACHINGS DEBATED ON BY ALLEGHENY BIBLE EXPERTS

Dr. Eaton Makes Telling Points on the Affirmative Side, While Pastor Russell Earns Applause on the Negative.

AUDIENCE VERY ENTHUSIASTIC

Standing room was at a premium in Allegheny Carnegie Music hall last night when the third joint debate between the Rev. Dr. E. L. Eaton of the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Allegheny, and Pastor C. T. Russell of the Bible House congregation, opened. The entire floor, gallery and the vestibule leading to the big hall were crowded with people. The audience was probably the largest since the debate began last Sunday afternoon.

The Rev. J. W. Sproull, D. D., presided at the meeting, and after announcing the subject for discussion introduced the debaters. Besides the discussion of the subject, there was a lively and learned debate on the Hebrew words, their definition and application as used in the Scriptures. During the discussion the original subject was almost lost sight of for a time while the speakers discussed Hebrew words.

The big audience was kept in a good humor during the entire debate by the witty remarks made by Dr. Eaton at the cost of his opponent. The audience was very appreciative and throughout the discourse applauded the speakers. During Dr. Eaton's opening he made witty reference to Pastor Russell's understanding of the subject, causing applause and a general laugh. When the applause subsided someone in the audience called out to know what there was funny in the statement and Dr. Eaton replied that the debaters had not promised to furnish brains, but the remainder of his remark was drowned in the roar of applause.

The usual devotional exercises preceded the discussion and a number of hymns were rendered during and at the close of the speeches. Prof. B. Frank Walters of the Bible House congregation, presided at the organ. The stage was occupied by a large number of ministers.

The subject of the debate last night was that "The Scriptures clearly teach that all of the saved will become spirit beings and after the general judgment will enter heaven."

Dr. Eaton affirmed and Pastor Russell denied.

Dr. Eaton opened the affirmative side as follows:

The Basis of the Doctrine.

Mark Hopkins was one of the most distinguished teachers that this country ever produced, and he had a way of teaching what he thought was truth and what was false in evolution, and I will give you a little idea of his that will become the basis of the doctrine I am going to speak on tonight, namely, regeneration. His idea was that the first great law of nature, the most extensive and universal, was the law of gravity, and the next law of nature, not so extensive, but more intensive, was the law of cohesion, which held the particles of matter together. Gravity pulls down, but cohesion holds together in spite of gravity, so that its former is a law higher than the latter, but not as high as the latter. It contains all there is in gravity plus something more, and that something more is from above, and comes by a creative act. It is not therefore evolution, but atheistic evolution, but evolution by creation.

Next above cohesion we get chemical affinity, higher than cohesion, containing all there is of cohesion, gravity and chemical affinity plus something else that comes from above, by creation. Next is the law of vegetable life. We have the vegetables that contain all the first three principles in operation, and something above, the result of a creative act. When we reach life, we reach the great question that has been occupying the minds of scientists specially for the past fifty years and particularly the last twenty-five. Such men as Hegel, Huxley, Spencer, M. Pasteur and Tyndall, keenest brains, are practically agreed that life comes from precedent life, that dead matter cannot become living matter until it comes under the influence of matter previously alive. Life is a creation from God. I am an evolutionist of that kind, theistic evolution. Science stands by that, and I stand by science.

Darwinism Not Sustained.

Next above life is the production of species. Charles Darwin spent his life in trying to show that species originated by natural causes, but Huxley before his death, stated that to place Darwin's doctrine beyond a possibility of assault, ought to have shown two things, namely, that varieties within one species could be so widely divergent by raising or breeding as to be no longer able to breed with another; secondly, that hybrids could be made fertile. Neither of these propositions is sustained, and Darwin's doctrine falls to the ground.

Next above the animal kingdom is man; his body, which is like every other animal, only a little better built, although I have seen some men that do not seem to be so handsome as dogs, and some women that are more homely than horses. But men was made of the dust of the ground, of material things, as the lower animals were. In many respects the animals excel as animals, but in all the superiority of man is not in this physical nature, plainly believe that Moses wrote by God, which states that he formed man's body of the dust of the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life, and man became a living soul. He breathed something into that body, the breath of life. In the Hebrew whenever animals are said to have the breath of life it is always the word ruach that, although it is hevar said to have been breathed into animals; when man is said to have the breath of life it is always nishma chai? All men and animals died at the flood "in which was the breath of life"—nishma ruach chai—the combination showing that destruction of both animals and men.

Man Created Like God.

The creation of man in the image and likeness of God signifies that God constituted man in his basic faculties like God—he had sensibilities like God; he had a will like God; all the beings in the universe can think, feel and act, believe, love and obey, all the beings in the universe that believe God, love God and obey God, are God's children, whever they live. To have consecreated that intellect to God, by believing in him, and that heart to God by loving him, and that will to God by obeying him, constitutes them God's children, whether they were born in heathen or Christian lands. If they did that, they are God's children. That is what Peter said to Cornelius when he said, "In all nations he that feareth God is working righteousness and is accepted by Him."

But man does not stop when he has a soul. That soul is a moral soul, in the sense I described the other night, in the sense that there is no self-existent condition; in the sense that it was made to live, and not to die; in this only is it properly a living soul—it is nowhere in the Scriptures called an immortal soul. The soul's nature is to live, and therefore it cannot sleep or go into non-existence; it is a living soul. Originally it was sinless, but it lost that, as our brother taught the other night. Depravity has smitten the race. What is depravity? It is a moral twist. Depravity does not add any faculty; it does not add any intellectual or physical or moral faculty; it does subtract, blur, weaken them. We all come into the world with that twist, but, thank God, we come with a Redeemer already provided.

When a man builds a state he founds a prison; when God established the world he provided a Redeemer. My brother said that in Christ, as the seed, all the families of the earth shall be blessed; they are being blessed. There would have been no blessing at all if it had not been for Christ. God was not mean enough to make Adam and Eve the father and mother of the race without a Redeemer, and therefore He has blessed every man, every child of the race. They are all blessed in Christ.

Regenerated Man is a Trichotonate.

The spiritual nature comes by regeneration. The animal condition is gravity, cohesion, chemical affinity, vegetable life, plus; man is animal, vegetable and all below it, plus. Plus what? Plus the soul. But does he stop when he gets a soul? No; man is animal, vegetable, and all below, plus a spirit nature. How does spirit come to him? By regeneration. God did not make him a spirit being originally. Man was originally a trichotonate—having two parts, having a body and sould. When he becomes regenerated he is a trichotonate—three parts, body, soul and spirit. That which makes man a trichotonate is a thing—not a quality nor an attribute nor an experience, but a thing, as a body is a thing, a soul is a thing, an identity; a spirit entity is bestowed upon us, or comes within us in regeneration. Go to the first chapter of John, and there you have regeneration squarely. Until you get to it you would never dream that there is any such thing as regeneration. Matthew, Mark or Luke say nothing of it. How did Matthew get saved? He said, "Accept the Messiah and join the procession." But John did not say that. You cannot be saved by joining the church, ape the procession. You have got to have regeneration, by the power of the Holy Ghost, in this life! (Applause.)

The first chapter of John has these words, "To those that received Him, to them gave He power (right, authority) to become the children of God." Were they not children before? No. I repudiate this nonsense that is going about all over the country that everybody is a child of God because he is a human being; that is unscriptural. God's children are those who are born again, by the power of the Holy Ghost. (Applause.)

We hear much of the brotherhood of man, which I affirm, and the Fatherhood of God, which I deny. It is not a corollary. I believe in the unity of humanity, but not that mankind belongs to God unless they get to Him by regeneration. This text proves it. You cannot be born saved, as the followers of Islam believe, you cannot be born saved, as the Catholics believe, nor as some of the members of the Methodist church believe. Belonging to a church won't save anybody. Nothing can save you but being born of the Holy Ghost. That is the doctrine of regeneration squarely.

Can Manufacture Scripture.

We have this gain in the third chapter of John, "Except a man be born from above he cannot inherit the kingdom of God." That which is born of the flesh is flesh; that is simple. "That which is born of the spirit (meaning the Holy Ghost) is a spirit." Manufacturing Scripture again, am I? I said I had a right to manufacture Scripture, to borrow Paul's and Peter's direction. Why do I put in "a" there? Because every Greek scholar knows that when a noun has no article before it, the Greek puts it in, in order to make it sense. "That which is born of the flesh is flesh; that which is born of the spirit is a spirit."

Now you have your spiritual nature, a deposit from the Holy Ghost in men, an entity, not a quality, a faculty, but a thing from God. You are a trichotomy, a three-part being, body, soul and spirit; you are complete now. I go on to say, "Except a man be born of water and the spirit he cannot see the kingdom of God." In regeneration there are two distinct things to think of. One is, the soul needs cleansing of its impurity, its depravity, its corruption, its stranging; it is weak, it needs strengthening. All that work upon the soul is symbolized by water—baptism, if you choose; immersion, if you choose, is like the whole thing and won't quarrel about it.

Water is the symbol of what is to be done to the soul. Depravity must be cured, and is cured by regeneration. The other is the communication of the divine nature, by what is called the breathing in of the spirit. That is the doctrine of regeneration, that is the great thing to be sought after in this life. Nobody is ever made a child of God. The Bible does not call him a child of God until that is done; it calls him a child of wrath, a child of the wicked one—anything but a child of God. I do not recognize anybody as "a child of the devil," because if I had a son who was wicked and remained unconverted, and I called him a child of the devil, it might reflect on me. But if he went to the devil I guess he would have to be called that.

A Natural and a Spiritual Body.

"There is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body"—"natural" here is from the Greek psuche, which means soul, translated Greek psuche, which means soul, translated always soul and life in the Revised New Testament. "There is a soulical body"—I am making an adjective now to fit the word—a soulical body; I am looking at a thousand soulical bodies now—human beings. "There is a soulical body and there is a pneumaticon body." The pneumaticon body is the one that you will have in the resurrection. "The first man Adam was made a living soul"—psuche. We cannot change the Old Testament text that calls an unconverted unregenerate man a spirit or a spiritual man. Oh, yes, it speaks of Pharoah having "lost his spirit." The word spirit is sometimes used in the psychological sense for mental state; when Pharoah lost his spirit he lost his courage. But you cannot find the word applied literally to any unregenerate unconverted man in the Bible. The first man is of the earth, earthy, the second man is the Lord from heaven." "On heaven," says the revised version. The old translators thought there was a contrast there between Lord and Adam; it is not so at all; it is a contrast between the first and the second man, between "I," unregenerate, on the one hand, and "I," regenerate, on the other.

A spiritual man belongs to another species; he is not another variety of man; he belongs to spiritual and heavenly things. Where shall I place him? Not in another form, but in another species. I am just a common, orthodox preacher, but I don't preach any more that regeneration means merely quitting your meanness, although I would like to have that, I don't mean that regeneration is merely doing good. I teach, on the authority of science and the Word of God that in order to be a spiritual man you will have to be made so by the power of the Holy Ghost.

"The psuche man receiveth not the things of the spirit of God, for they are foolishness unto him, neither can he know them, for they are spiritually discerned." You have to be regenerated to see spiritual things. That is why so many unregenerated fools go about and say "I don't think there is anything in the Bible." They are psuche men. They are not regenerated.

Peter Told of Promises.

Our Lord in dying spoke of his "spirit"—pneuma, as did Stephen, but of unregenerate persons in the New Testament this word is not used. Annanias and Sapphira are referred to as giving up the ghost—psuche. Jude ix. also speaks in describing their terribly wicked people, who did not have a spirit nature, and refers to them as psuchechon, soulical people. Peter tells us about exceeding great and precious promises whereby we are made partakers of the divine nature. Do we become divine and become gods? I do not say that at all; we are made partakers of the divine nature, by being regenerated; not imputed a child of God, not pretantly a child of God, not incorporated a child of God, nor adopted a child of God—he is made a child of God? That is where God gets His children, by nature, by nature they become His, by the incoming of His own nature.

To every son of Adam's race, if they turn to God as loyal children, He will give them the great and precious promises to become His spiritual children. Little children when they come to years of accountability, if they follow the right will receive it unconsciously, and it will be a normal thing, so that they cannot recognize the time when they became God's children, as thousands of Christians today cannot recognize such a time. If those children die before accountability I do not know what will be their condition, nor does anybody else know; but we have the Lord's words, "Of such is the kingdom of heaven." God will provide some method of regeneration, and they must get regeneration before they will be made angels. If a man backslides, what comes in? Does he lose his spirit nature? No, but he perverts it, and it becomes devilish, just as those who were possessed of devils were in our Lord's time. He is more able to do devilish things than he was before, and the last state of that man is worse than the first.

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I am glad to notice that our brother has a measure of future probation also. I do not know whether you noticed that or not, because it is quite a step of progress for our brother. He has been somewhat converted since our last meeting! (Loud applause.) Our brother notices that the children are not begotten of the spirit unless they accept the privilege at maturity. Our brother notices that some of those who preceded our Lord's first advent were begotten of the spirit. They all went to Hades, to sheol, and he says that they never can become spirit beings until they be begotten of the spirit, and we agree with that. Our brother seems to have the impression that somehow they will become spirit, and that all children who die in infancy and before they are begotten, will have that privilege some time in the future.

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Second—The words of the Lord to the dying thief, who asked, "Lord, remember me when thou comest into thy kingdom." We won't dispute that the thief went to hades, but did he get paradise there? Our Lord replied, "To-day in Eden; it was a paradise, a garden of God; but that paradise was lost through sin and disobedience, and God in His Word has promised (by through) to restore paradise to earth. Why? Because man was not God's plan. The time of offering the blessing of spiritual nature had not come. It came exactly when our Lord came, had a right to say (privilege to say) to the corn, "Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die it abideth alone." Not a word of reply. "Verily, verily," was in effect, "So be it, amen, amen;" in other words, the Lord was promising him what he had asked. But did the Lord come into his kingdom that day? Surely not. He was three days in the grave, and even after his resurrection the kingdom was not attained, else why do we still pray, "Thy kingdom come, thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven."

The thief will remain in the place of silence and lack of knowledge, the tomb, until the voice of the Great Deliverer shall call him forth, with all others, by the precious blood, in the time when the prophecy shall be fulfilled. "The spirit of the Lord God is upon me, because He hath annointed me to preach the good tidings to the meek, to set at liberty the captives and open the eyes of the blind." This was not fulfilled in our Lord's first advent, because He left even John in prison, instead of releasing him from the thraldom of present evil conditions. Secondly, it will be fulfilled when our Lord takes unto himself His great power and begins His reign, when He shall say to all the prisoners of the tomb, "Go forth, and to those who sit in darkness show yourselves!"

I will read this text, which our brother sets so much store by, and show you how consistent it is with all the others. Instead of saying plain, it could more properly be translated, "Verily, verily, I say unto thee this day, thou shalt be with me in paradise." What change have I made? Simply the transposition of a comma, and we all know that sometimes a comma in the one place as another, as anyone else has, for the punctuation marks were never inspired. (Applause.) The same use of language is illustrated in the phrase, "This day," in the expression, "This day," in the eleventh chapter of Deuteronomy, where the prophet Moses is charging this people "this day" to observe and keep the commandments of God—that the two were all to be kept that day, but the command was given then.

The Lord Was in Hades.

Our Lord was not in paradise, but in hades, and the apostle exulted when he declared that God in His great power delivered him from hades in order that he might accomplish his glorious work in due time. Hades was not a desirable, but a needful place for Jesus, but our Lord wasn't there because it was of that character, but because it was necessary for him to die on behalf of the race in order to redeem them—to die as a ransom sacrifice, absolute death as a payment of their penalty.

The third text is the "gulf" text. We will get to it in the last session, where it properly belongs, and will only touch upon it briefly at this time, any longer for it will take away his last text in support of the intermediate state. (Laughter and applause.)

The reward of the good and the wicked comes not when they die, but at the resurrection of the dead. That there is no promise of punishment to the wicked or reward to the righteous until the resurrection, I present a few texts. Peter says, "The Lord knoweth how to deliver the godly out of temptation, and to reserve the unjust to the day of judgment to be punished." Maybe Peter didn't know, but we think he did. The other is a common text, our Lord's words; our Lord was commending those who would give a cup of cold water or any kindness in his name. They were to call the poor and the impoverished and make a feast, "for they cannot recompense thee; thou shalt be recompensed at the resurrection of the just." (Applause.) Did our Lord know when they would be recompensed? We are sure He did, and that Peter also spoke by inspiration.

Going back to Father Adam, created as our brother expressed it, a soulical man, or, as the common version gives it very well for our purpose, an animal man—not a brutish man, but an animal, earthly being, in God's image in the qualities of his heart, his mind, his will, in that he was able to reason exactly and intelligently. In this condition God pronounced him "very good"—grand indeed the first pair must have been! Then the scriptures proceed to say there was a fall from likeness to God; degradation took the place of perfection, death took the place of the life given to our first parents, and gradually increasing depravity, until the race today is what we see it, comparatively poor in many respects.

Adam Lived 930 Years.

Look, for instance, at the physical quality. Adam the perfect man, able to live 900 years, under the unfavorable conditions of his time. Today we think people who can live a hundred years are living a long time, with all the help of doctors, hospitals and surgery to their advantage. But the perfect man was able to live 930 years notwithstanding death had hold of him and was hurrying him down to the great prison house. The whole human family have gone down with him, but the whole human family has had a Redeemer provided for them.

I was glad our brother brought that point in—"that all are blessed in the Redeemer." I was glad he seems to realize that in some way Christ's redemptive work was applicable to God's whole world of mankind. What has Christ done for the world? Let Him answer himself, when he says, "I came to seek and to save that which was lost." What was lost in the human nature? No, man was created on the human plan. That which was lost was redeemed. What therefore will be restored in due time, when the Lord begins his work of blessing, will be that which was redeemed by Adam's sin and dwarfing, and representatively by him for the whole race—the glorious perfection of human nature, pronounced "very good" by God himself.

Man lost not only perfect physical form, but all the mental and moral qualities constituting him an image of God were impaired and injured; but they were all included in the redemption, and God has provided a time of restoration of these to each individual in the millennial kingdom; when that kingdom shall come for which we are praying, when God's will shall be done on earth as it is done in heaven, when these poor creatures who have been falling mentally and morally and physically, weakened and unable to help themselves, shall have the mighty power of the Savior to help them up to perfection, if they will be submissive to the influences of divine regulation then.

We are doing our best today to help the world in a better condition, with social uplifts of various kinds and we would like to do much more for them than our frail conditions will permit us to do—we stand aghast at the enormous needs in these directions, but think God will have to correct when the glorious and perfect power shall be exercised, when Christ shall take unto Himself His power and begin His reign. (Applause.)

It Was Not God's Plan.

I would like to mention a point in full accord with what our brother has said, throughout the entire Old Testament from the first verse of Genesis to the last of Malachi there is no hint of a future life for the human race. God applies heavenly or spiritual things to any soul of man during that time; not one reference to going to heaven, not one reference to being "spirit beings." Why? Because that was not God's plan. The time of offering the blessing of spiritual nature had not come. It came exactly when our Lord came, had a right to say (privilege to say) to the corn, "Except a corn of wheat fall into the ground and die it abideth alone." Not a word of reply. "Verily, verily," was in effect, "So be it, amen, amen;" in other words, the Lord was promising him what he had asked. But did the Lord come into his kingdom that day? Surely not. He was three days in the grave, and even after his resurrection the kingdom was not attained, else why do we still pray, "Thy kingdom come, thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven."

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MANY CONTRACTS FOR PITTSBURGH

Agents for Foreign Concerns Will Come Here to Place Orders.

MACHINERY FOR NEW ZEALAND

Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company Secures Large Order for Equipment for Electric Traction System at Dunedin.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square.
NEW YORK, Oct. 22.

The Westinghouse interests have secured another important Australian contract, equipment having just been ordered for the big powerhouse and substations of the municipal electric traction system about to be constructed in Dunedin, New Zealand.

The source of energy will be water power. About twenty miles from the city a plant will be constructed. The three-phase system will be employed. The current will be transformed up to 15,000 volts for transmission.

From a point in the vicinity of Dunedin the main transmission line will be decided and branch off to the various substations, which will be equipped with Westinghouse rotary converters and storage batteries. The motors will also be of Westinghouse manufacture.

These contracts were secured through the Australian electrical engineering and contracting firm of Noyes Brothers, which concern represents the Westinghouse and other prominent American manufacturers' interests in the Antipodes.

Pittsburgh material is also to be used in the construction of the Wellington, New Zealand, municipal electric traction system, the contract for the building of the road having been awarded to a British electrical engineering and contracting firm, Macarney & McIlroy & Company of London. Thirty miles of road will be constructed.

The Standard Underground Cable Company of Pittsburgh has been allotted the contract for the trolley wire.

Several foreign visitors have arrived here within the last few days who will visit Pittsburgh for the purpose of placing contracts for various equipments for installation in British, East India and Japanese plants.

Among the principal purchasers will be Charles Churchill, managing director of Charles Churchill & Company, limited, of London, Birmingham, Manchester, New Castle-on-Tyne and Glasgow. The Churchill company has the sole handling of Yankee machinery in Great Britain. They represent the interests of more than 100 American manufacturing concerns on the other side, several of whom operate plants in the Pittsburgh district. The company has several large contracts on hand for various machinery to be installed in the Woolwich Arsenal, the London mint and in many of the big British iron and steel plants now being remodeled on American lines.

The Churchill people have also several important orders for machinery to be installed in the new plant at Trafford Park near Manchester, of the British Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Churchill, who was the first man to introduce American labor saving devices on the other side, in an interview with your correspondent, today said regarding the outlook for Yankee machinery in Great Britain:

"I look for a steady demand, but if American manufacturers expect to make England a dumping ground for all and sundry machinery when the domestic market closed off they will find out their mistake, as the Britisher will not buy more machines than he requires no matter how cheap they are."

W. H. D. De Jongh, a Dutch engineer expert from the East Indies, is also here. He is going to Pittsburgh to place orders for mining machinery.

Kintaro Yamasaki and Y. Tuji, who are connected with the Sumitoma steel works, Japan, will also visit plants in Pittsburgh and vicinity. The Sumitoma works, of which Mr. Yamasaki is the manager, manufactures castings for railroad and shipbuilding purposes. Large contracts for equipment will be placed in the Pittsburgh district.

SPENT HIS BOYHOOD IN JOYLESS PRISON

Childish Escapade Resulted in 13 Years' Incarceration for New York Lad.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Led astray by his brother denied the joys of childhood and the sports of boyhood, kept behind prison bars for 13 years, James Frank Daly came out of Sing Sing today like a lad of seven, despite his 20 years. He never has seen a railroad car, an automobile, the completed Brooklyn bridge, played a game of ball, gone swimming, or done any of the things that are pastimes of youth. All this—12 years in jails—because his elder brother led him to play hookey from school. David Willard, a probation officer, has taken the young man to his home and will try to find work for him at carpentering, which Daly learned in prison.

Daly was but seven when his brother William, three years older, induced him to run away from school. The two got as far as Spuyten Duyvil when they were caught. James was sent to the juvenile asylum, but he does not remember what happened to William.

"It's true that I had a bad temper," said young Daly today, "but it was far from being improved in the asylum. They seemed to cross me all the time and I guess I got worse instead of better. It was in 1891 that they first put me away. I stayed in the asylum until along in 1894 and then they transferred me to the house of refuge on Randall's island. There I was not taught a thing there, and grew so ugly that most of the time they had to keep me in a separate cell. A keeper one day caught me chewing tobacco and he struck me on the head. He cut my cheek open and I fought him back. It was King Sing for me then. That was in 1896, I think. At the penitentiary I learned something for the first time what I was expected to do and my conduct improved right along. I got along so well that I earned six months' good time and I am out before I am of. My folks used to live on either One Hundred Twenty-first or One Hundred Twenty-second street, between First and Second avenues, but there is no trace of any of them now."

FRANK A. PARKER.

HARVESTING COMPANY FORCED TO SUSPEND

PEORIA, ILL., Oct. 22.—The Acme Harvester Company, one of the largest manufacturers of agricultural implements, has been forced to place its affairs in the hands of a committee representing the creditors and ask an extension of time. This committee is composed of D. R. Forgan, vice president of the First National bank, Chicago; A. G. Becker of Becker & Co.; G. H. Burr of Stoare & Burr, Boston; Martin Kingman and Ferdinand Luhity, Peoria. The assets of the company, it is asserted, are nearly $4,000,000 and consider only 1-3 of their liabilities. The company employed 700 men and their business had a large trade in South America.

Excursion to Wheeling Ev'ry Sunday Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Special train leaves Pittsburgh, Smithfield and Water street station, 8:40 a. m. Fare, $1.50, round trip.

Get a Start.

See Home Trust Company ad. in next Sunday's Gazette.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

"BLACK JIM" SAYS HE KILLED BANKS

Colored Man Trembled as He Told Judge Rodgers the Story of a Murder.

JEALOUSY WAS THE CAUSE

Alleged Fake Raid Leads to Suits Against Policemen for Assault—$47,071 Suit Against Coshocton Iron Company. Sloan & McIlvain Sue City.

James Edwards, colored, known as "Black Jim," yesterday pleaded guilty to the murder of Clinton Banks at Bower Hill, near Soreland station, on July 4.

The killing was the result of jealousy of Clara Meyers, whom the prisoner had brought from Charleroi, according to the testimony. Banks paid her a great deal of attention, and while a ball was in progress on July 4 Banks was called out of the hall and shot. After the killing Edwards went to West Virginia and was later captured and brought back by County Detectives Reed and McAllister.

When Edwards was put on the stand in his own behalf he said the trouble started over some money he had given Banks with which to buy whisky.

The jury is out in the case of Police Lieutenant Charles Grimes and Officer Timothy Scanlan, indicted jointly on a charge of assaulting Thomas Connors, and Scanlan being also indicted for assaulting Peter Connors, son of Thomas Connors. The prosecutors said that on August 2 the officers came to their home, No. 28 Penn avenue, and that Scanlan pulled Thomas Connors from the door of the upper room and struck him with a handybully, which broke. They say that between the policeman and his father, and Scanlan struck him in the mouth with his fist.

The defense was that the men were arrested in the raid of an alleged speakeasy which was kept on the lower floor.

The Leggett Spring and Axle Company has entered suit against the Coshocton Iron Company to recover $47,071 41 alleged to be due for money advanced to the defendant firm.

A decree in distribution of $101,851 24 was made yesterday in the estate of Thomas J. Stevenson, by which Adaline Murdock receives $52,273 09; Mary E. Stevenson, $33,853 40; Thomas F. Stevenson, $31,241 14, and each a share of $4,850 01, as by an agreement between them.

Lawrence Sloan and Edward J. McIlvain, for use of the People's National bank, have entered suit against the city of Pittsburg to recover $75,857 59 alleged to be due for the construction of a sewer on Center and Euclid avenues and College street.

Supreme Court Arguments.

The supreme court has finished all western cases save the Allegheny county cases, which will be taken up Monday. The cases yesterday were from Washington county as follows: William McClane et al, appellants, vs. Ebenezer McClane et al., executors of W. W. McClane, deceased, over the interpretation of a will; Pennsylvania Mining Company vs. W. J. Smith, over the option of coal lands; Oil Well Supply Company, appellant in the case of J. D. Downing vs. the Oleo Resin Oil Company, an action involving the validity of a leasehold mortgage; Samuel B. Markley vs. J. W. Ellsworth & Co. et al., appellants, an action for malicious prosecution; Sarah A. Espy, in the matter of the estate of James Espy, deceased, involving the construction of a will.

Mayor Hay's Trial Today.

The case of Mayor William B. Hays, charged with a misdemeanor in discharging old soldiers, was postponed yesterday until this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

LEGAL BRIEFS.

Virginia Shock, late of Pittsburgh, leaves a $15,000 estate to her husband, Levi Shock.

Albert Clare Williams of Osborne, Pa., filed a petition in bankruptcy, giving his liabilities as $3,284 and his assets as $100.

A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed against James F. McMahone, a merchant of Pittsburgh. The total amount of the claims is $1,544 95.

Judge Robert S. Frazer granted decrees in divorce on the grounds of desertion to Anna Barbara Remmert, Priscilla B. McFarland and Florence A. Lanioun.

Margaret Bailey yesterday filed a petition to be declared a femme sole trader, alleging that her husband, W. L. Bailey, has deserted her. Attorney William A. Jordan represents Mrs. Bailey.

The following executions were issued yesterday: City Deposit bank vs. John M. Dougherty et al., $2,513; C. C. Herr, for use, vs. John M. Dougherty, $8,704 57; G. M. Koser vs. same, $741 77.

Sarah Cohen has filed a $10,000 breach of promise to marry suit against Nathan Miller. She avers they became engaged in 1900 in Prussia and that she came to this country at his solicitation.

Joseph Vogel, late of Pittsburgh, leaves a $60,000 estate to his widow for life, with a provision that it be divided among their three children, Anton F., Frederick L. and Louis J. Vogel, at her death.

The master in the divorce case of Mary Gertrude Tinsley against Oliver N. Tinsley has recommended a decree on the grounds that the respondent was convicted of forgery and sentenced to the penitentiary for four years. The couple were married on April 10, 1901.

George Hey was legally declared dead and an order made for the issuance of letters of administration on his estate to proper persons. In 1896 he deserted his wife and children at their home, No. 12 Loraine street, Allegheny, and was a subsequent resident on the grounds of desertion. After his departure a man by the same name committed suicide in Cleveland, but investigation proved it was not the local man. He has since inherited $308 67.

P. J. McNulty and R. M. Gulick, executors of the estate of H. M. Bennett, deceased, filed their pleas in the garnishee proceedings brought by P. McDermott to recover on a $1,500 note signed by Laura Biggar Bennett. Their answer is that they have no property subject to attachment on such a claim. James W. Platt filed his account as the administrator in Allegheny county of the Bennett estate. He charges himself with $38,484 47 and reports a balance of $22,346 65 for distribution.

The will of the Rev. Matthew Carroll, late pastor of the St. Andrew's Catholic church of Allegheny, has been probated, and after leaving a bequest of $100 for masses, gives an estate of unstated value to his sister, Annie Carroll, with the request that what she does not need for her own use during her life, be distributed among charities in accordance with her own judgment. One dollar each is left to Joseph, a brother, and Sister Marie Carroll, with the statement that the decedent did not consider them were in need.

NEW MINISTRY FORMED.

Norwegian Government Organizes Cabinet With Prof. Hagerup as Premier.

CHRISTIANA, Oct. 22.—Prof. Hagerup has succeeded in forming a new cabinet in succession to the Blehr ministry which resigned yesterday in consequence of a parliamentary committee's decision in favor of the opposition in a disputed election case, whereby the opposition gained four seats. The new cabinet is constituted as follows:

Prof. Hagerup, premier and minister of justice; Sigurd Ibsen, a son of Henrik Ibsen, the Norwegian poet and dramatist, Norwegian minister of state at Stockholm; Pastor H. N. Hauge, minister of instruction; M. Schoening, minister of commerce; B. Kildal, minister of finance; M. Hansen, minister of public works; M. Mathiesen, minister of agriculture; Lieut. Col. Strugstad, minister of war.

M. Michelsen, a shipbuilder, and M. Vogt, a lawyer, are appointed ministers of state for Norway in the council of state sitting at Stockholm.

MARK TWAIN TOO BUSY.

Humorist Makes Characteristic Reply to Request to Deliver a Speech.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special.)—"Great Oak" Joseph Johnson of the Order of Acorns, received today a reply from Mark Twain to a letter requesting him to speak for Fusion in the Acorn rooms as he did last year. The reply says:

Dear Mr. Johnson—In boxing and labeling the family for Europe I have been so overwhelmed with labor and errands that I could find time to answer letters. Tomorrow I must work 23 hours, next day 27, then sail Saturday and take a rest.

I know the cause is just as good as it was before, and gladly would have accepted the compliment of your invitation with a word and a shout for the clean ticket of the Acorn platform, for certainly I am for that ticket with all my little might. But I am so crowded that I have not even had a chance to go to Madison Square, which I greatly regret, for now I shall never see "Elijah" this side of ——. (Here Mr. Clemens retouched out a word, making it illegible.) Most sincerely yours,

MARK.

CANADIANS ARE ANGRY AT AWARD

Statesman Declares Dominion's Interests Were Sacrificed for United States.

PROTESTS WERE UNHEEDED

Objections Were Made to Appointments of Root, Lodge and Turner—Wanted Case Tried by Jurists—Resentment Strong Against England.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLE TO THE GAZETTE.]

OTTAWA, ONT., Oct. 22.—The Alaskan boundary correspondence was laid before the house to-day. It consists of messages between the colonial office, Washington and Ottawa. The correspondence shows that Canada agreed to submit the question to jurists of repute, and protested strongly when Messrs. Root, Lodge and Turner were appointed by the United States.

The colonial office expressed its regrets and then urged the acceptance of these gentlemen rather than the breaking off of negotiations.

Mr. Chamberlain asked Canada's consent to this but apparently without waiting for that consent to be given, Sir Michael Herbert for England, and Mr. Hay for the United States signed the treaty. There was nothing for Canada to do then but protest and agree.

In the senate today Sir Mackenzie Bowell, leader of the opposition, asked for information concerning the Alaska boundary award. Mr. Scott for the government replied that the most important reason why the Canadian commissioner did not approve of the award was that it was not a judicial document decision. Lord Alverstone had in the first instance agreed that the center of the Portland canal should form the boundary lines.

The four islands should have gone to either the one country or the other, depending upon the position of the line through the Portland channel. Subsequently Lord Alverstone defected the line so as to throw two of the islands into the United States and two into Canada.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said that it was unfortunate that in every case when negotiations have taken place between the United States and England, where Canada was affected, the United States diplomats had succeeded in securing islands which command most important points of the dominion. There was the island right opposite the harbor of Port Arthur.

In case of difficulty, he said that island would have to be secured by the British people, for if fortified it would command the entrance to that harbor. Unless that were done the United States could secure it and with the guns they have at present would be able to take the whole connection being east and west. It was the same with the island of San Juan, another secured by treaty negotiations.

"Now," said Mr. Mackenzie, "the United States will command Fort Simpson. In every case Canadian interests were sacrified."

Senator McMullen said that the decision would create as much dissatisfaction in Canada as there was in the Transvaal and in Ireland.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—On receipt of official advices concerning the award of the Alaskan boundary commission, President Roosevelt sent the following cablegram to Messrs. Lodge, Turner and Root, the American members of the commission:

"Congratulate you and thank you heartily on behalf of American people."

MINISTER OF GOSPEL DEFENDS THE CANTEEN

Says Its Opponents Are Doubling Drunkenness Among the Soldiers.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Oct. 22.—The army canteen was discussed by the New Jersey Presbyterian synod today and Dr. Cameron of Princeton made a vigorous defense of it.

Dr. Cameron said the value of beer consumed by each soldier amounted to two and one-half cents. Dr. Cameron then read the report of the surgeon general of the army. He said:

"This thing (meaning the canteen) is a means of grace to the United States army."

Dr. Cameron went over the surgeon general's report and added that the results of the abandonment of the canteen had increased alcoholism.

"You are doubling, even trebling drunkenness," he said, by insisting that the government prohibit the canteen."

The speaker said he was a temperate man and if he were the governing power he would make the use of tobacco a legitimate ground for divorce. The other ministers did not agree with Dr. Cameron. No action was taken.

HOSPITAL FORCE STRIKES FOR NOURISHING FOOD

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—Twenty-four men and five girls employed at the Municipal hospital struck for more pure and nourishing food. The force at the hospital is crippled and physicians are acting as ambulance drivers. The strikers include waitresses, laundry girls, ward maids, vegetable gatemen and drivers. They claim the provision furnished them with tainted meat, half cooked sausage and hard potatoes.

HOUSEHOLD WORK MADE EASY

Why should housekeepers be worn out by work, when

FINOLA

the cleanest cleaner known, lightens toil and brightens every spot.

Price 5 cts. and 10 cts. per package. For sale first-class Grocers.

Stinson, Kennedy & CO.

Successors to Halpin, Kennedy & Co.

SANITARY PLUMBING.

FINE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES. INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATERS.

No. 213 Wood St., Pittsburgh

C. D. 'Phone Court 741.

WANTED.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

Agents.

REAL ESTATE AGENT—First-class; none except sober, industrious man need apply; must be of good appearance and be able to intelligently present an outside real estate proposition to the public; a good chance for the right party; state age and where last employed. Address G 55, The Gazette.

Male Help.

ANY intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary; send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

BOY—Office boy wanted. Apply after 9 o'clock, 348 Fourth ave., room 804.

CUPOLA TENDER—First-class cupola tender; good wages and steady work. Address P 88, The Gazette.

CARPENTERS—Two good rough carpenters. Apply foot of Seventeenth st., South Side. The Keystone Lumber Co., Pittsburgh.

CARPENTERS—Three months' work. Bannom & Smith Co., Greensburg, Pa.

MACHINIST—First-class machinist, one who understands care of dies. Write or call 1001 Park Bldg.

MAN—Single man experienced in care of horses, etc. 997 Liberty st.

MUSICIANS — Wanted, clarinet and cornet players for good amateur band. Address Q 86, The Gazette.

OFFICE MAN to take care of order department manufacturing plant; must operate Oliver machine; good position to right party. Address Keesport resident preferred. Write, stating salary expected. P. O. Box 490, Glassport, Pa.

PLUMBER—A first-class plumber of strictly temperate habits, to engage as partner in plumbing business; references will be required; capital not necessary, but desirable. Address M 28, The Gazette.

STATIONARY ENGINEER—To go out of town; $3 day.
PITTSBURGH EMPLOYMENT BUREAU,
Opp. P. & C. depot. 451-453 Water st.

SUPERINTENDENT of refinery; one thoroughly posted as to refining of coal oils and gasolines; also two oilmen. Address, with references, Refiner, Box 84, Oil City, Pa.

WANTED—For the U. S. Marine Corps—Able-bodied, unmarried men, between 21 and 35, good character; must speak, read and write English; pay $13 per week as recruiting officer in all parts of the world; on land in our island possession, and at naval stations in the United States. Apply Recruiting Officer, rooms 414-416, city Councils building; will not approve of the award was that it was not a judicial document decision. Lord Alverstone had in the first instance agreed that the center of the Portland canal should form the boundary lines.

WANTED—Coal miners, laborers for inside work; machinists; highest wages paid. 627 West Robinson st., Allegheny.

YOUNG MEN to learn telegraphy for railroad service, day or evening; references require. PENNSYLVANIA TELEGRAPH COLLEGE, Lewis block.

Female Help.

ALTERATION HANDS—
Young women's coats, skirts, waists.

SKIRT MAKERS—
Only those with experience and accustomed to first-class work need apply. J. G. Rook & Co., 436 Penn ave.

COOK AND CHAMBERMAID, together; wages $5 and $4 per week; references required. Apply at once, Mrs. Kennington, 18 Ninth st., Pittsburgh.

GIRL for general housework, good salary to right party. Apply 7203 Hermitage st., E. E.

GIRL for general housework. Apply 209 Evaline st., near Penn ave.

MILLINERS—Experienced and first-class millinery makers, Boggs & Buhl, Allegheny.

SLEEVE MAKER—First-class; one who can take charge of table. Apply 428 Penn ave.

SKIRT MAKER—Experienced skirt and waist maker, MISS MILLIGAN, 324 Penn ave.

WOMEN—Young, to learn telegraphy; day or evening. Pennsylvania Telegraph College, Lewis block.

WOMEN—A few bright, energetic young women on good salary. Apply Saturday morning between 9 and 11, 417 Ferguson Bldg.

WANTED—Protestant girl of education and refinement from 16 to 20 years old for clerical position; good penmanship required. Address in own handwriting, P 21, The Gazette.

WANTED—A young lady for cashier; must be efficient; reference required. Apply before 11 a. m. Mogi, Emanary & Co., 410 Wood st.

WANTED—Cooks, chambermaids, house girls, waitresses; highest wages paid. 627 West Robinson st., Allegheny.

WANTED—A first-class waist and skirt maker, 1607 Union st., Allegheny.

WANTED—Hotel cook, dishwashers, chambermaids and waitresses. 182 Seventh st.

Male and Female Help.

COLORED COUPLE—First-class private family; wages $50; reference required. Mrs. Kennington, 18 Ninth st., Pittsburgh.

Situations—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 20, well educated, seeks situation in any capacity. N, care Goldston, Eighth ave., Homestead.

BOOKKEEPER desires position; thoroughly competent; first-class reference. Address X 84, The Gazette.

Situations—Female.

STENOGRAPHER—Young lady wants position in a place where advancement is possible; experienced, quick and accurate; can give good reference. Address B 18, The Gazette.

Situations—Male and Female.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker, 641 Smithfield st. 'Phone 880.

Real Estate.

FARM WANTED.

I AM IN THE MARKET for a good farm and can offer a first-class money business. Invoice about $5,000, as part pay; my store is doing a large and profitable business. Principals only call or write.
ROOM 603, TIMES BUILDING.

IF you want to sell your business, farm or property see us at once; we have buyers.
MILLS-SLAUGENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth ave.

WANTED—Good dwelling near Avalon car line; must be cheap; owners only. Address H 85, The Gazette.

WANTED TO RENT—10 acres, with small house. Address Box 143, Oakdale, Pa.

Rooms.

WANTED—By couple, three or four unfurnished rooms or flat in Wilkinsburg for light housekeeping. Address K., 715 Wood st., Wilkinsburg.

ROOM wanted in Allegheny; private family; by young man; must be moderate priced. Address C 21, The Gazette.

HARVARD ST., 5806, E. E. — Large front room, furnished; no objections to light housekeeping; also part of large store room.

Pupils.

BOOKKEEPING—Modern bookkeeping, expert accounting, Gregg's shorthand—English education, day and night schools; none too old to attend. Actual Business College, 316 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. (Big Ten-Cent Store Building). Twenty-fourth year.

Roommate.

WANTED—Two young men for nice furnished front room, with light, heat and use of bath; rent moderate. 4725 Ben Venue.

WANTED—Roommate; by refined gentleman; all conveniences; front room. 1030 Federal.

Financial.

WANTED—To borrow $30,000 for 12 to 18 months, upon $100,000 GOOD COLLATERAL security; upon repayment of loan will issue to loaner $20,000 stock in a company that will earn 30 per cent per annum. Address D 86, The Gazette.

Business Properties.

WANTED—To buy business property on any main street down town. Address at once H 80, The Gazette.

Boarders.

MARION ST., 7—Wanted—Boarders at first-class house.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A small-sized pet dog, toy terrier or King Charles spaniel preferred; state price and give description. Address C 341, The Gazette.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 3821 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Always be sure to mention that you saw this adv. in The Gazette.

City and Suburban.

ATWOOD—429—Desirable furnished room; suitable for two gentlemen.

BATES ST., 3802, Oakland—Furnished rooms to gentlemen; breakfast if desired; reasonable.

CENTER AVE., 1504, near Dinwiddie st.—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences.

DEVILLIER ST., 218—Nicely furnished rooms; gases.

FOR RENT—Second floor of modern house in Bellevue; rent low to a good tenant. Address G 87, The Gazette.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; gases and bath. 619 Kirkpatrick st.

LEMONT ST., 46, roommate wanted for furnished room; every convenience; separate bed.

NIAGARA ST., 311, Oakland—Furnished rooms; all conveniences.

OVERHILL ST., 6—Near Center; large furnished room, suitable for two; rent cheap.

WYLIE AVE., 2520—Nicely furnished front room; bath; both gases; board if desired.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

AURELIA ST., 4562—Nicely furnished large front room; references required.

EVALINE ST., 453, nicely furnished second story rear room in private family.

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms on third floor, 802 N. Highland ave., E. E.

FULTON ST., 16, near Bedford, nicely furnished front room; bath, gases.

FOR RENT—Suite of rooms on second floor, 502 N. Highland ave., E. E.

HIGHLAND AVE., SOUTH, 213—Nicely furnished second-story room; suitable for one gentleman.

HAMILTON AVE., 6856—Two furnished or unfurnished rooms; also roommate; all conveniences.

IVY ST., 706, East End, second story front room; elegantly furnished; convenient to Roup station.

LIBERTY AVE., 5824, furnished rooms; both gases and bath.

MATHILDA ST., 262, East End, nicely furnished room, all conveniences; fine location.

MARCHAND ST., 6501—Two large comfortable rooms; conveniences.

NICELY furnished room, reasonable board; also roommate. Address E 26, The Gazette.

NICELY furnished room; terms reasonable. Address G 30, The Gazette.

PENN AVE., 5417, East End, furnished rooms for light housekeeping; every convenience.

ST. CLAIR ST., 311, three elegantly furnished rooms, near good boarding and car lines.

SOUTH HIGHLAND—335—Elegantly furnished rooms, with the best of board.

Allegheny.

ALLEGHENY AVE., 1210—Nicely furnished room and bath; private family.

FEDERAL ST., 1413—Nicely furnished rooms; convenient and reasonable.

FEDERAL ST., 1312—Furnished rooms; all conveniences.

HEMLOCK ST., 404—Nicely furnished front room; all conveniences.

JACKSON ST., 604—Nicely furnished front rooms; bath, gases; good location.

JACKSON ST., 602—Nicely furnished room; all conveniences.

NORTH AVE., WEST, 412—Two connecting rooms; suitable for four young men; reasonable.

NORTH AVE., WEST, 6—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; splendid location.

SANDUSKY ST., 1215—Two furnished housekeeping rooms; $3.50 per week.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

TRENTON AVE., 1105, WILKINSBURG—Three or four unfurnished rooms; conveniences; light housekeeping.

STANWIX ST., 75, Mt. Washington, nice unfurnished front room; private family.

WILKINSBURG, SOUTH AVE., 203—Two unfurnished rooms, first floor front, best location; convenient to cars.

East End.

FOR RENT—Suit of rooms, first floor, 802 N. Highland ave., E. E.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

FURNISHED rooms, 311 Dithridge st., between Forbes and Fifth ave.

East End.

FORBES ST., 5326—Nicely furnished front rooms, all conveniences. Table board unexcelled.

WANTED—Roomers and boarders, the Arlington, fashional, Corner Howard and Sheridan aves. Take Highland ave. car.

Allegheny.

ESPLANADE ST., 1209—Furnished rooms and board for young men; office men or students preferred.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

TO LET.
HOUSES WITH MODERN CONVENIENCES.

DESIRABLY LOCATED.

Portland Place, nr. Stanton ave., brick house, 6 rooms $37.50
Morningside Rd. and Stanton ave., brick house, reception hall, 10 rooms $38.00
Trenton ave., nr. Penn, Wilkinsburg, flat of 5 rooms on second floor $30.00
Moline st., new brick house, 9 rooms $35.00
Shetland st., nr. Lincoln ave., frame house, 8 rooms, large lot $30.00
Dallas ave., between Penn and Forbes, brick house, reception, 9 rooms $45.00
Oakland ave., nr. Forbes st., brick house, 9 rooms $42.50
Kennett sq., nr. Craft ave., brick house, hall, 9 rooms $45.00
S. Highland ave., nr. Fifth, brick house, hall, 9 rooms $60.00

SEND CARD FOR COMPLETE LIST AND MAP OF EAST END; FREE.
S. H. LLOYD,
6022 Penn Ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT—$65 per month; very desirable house, twelve rooms, center hall, large lot, stable; location one of the best in Edgewood and near steam and electric cars; possession November 1.
SEE COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE & TRUST CO., 327-329 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT—$30 per month; 2805 Wylie ave., brick house, eight rooms, hall, bath, range, gases. See Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Co., 327-329 Fourth ave.

A DESIRABLE nine-roomed house, situated on West Pittsburgh Terrace; lease until April 1 at an advantageous figure; all improvements. For information address J. W. Binder, 619 Penn ave., Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—Houses of 6, 8, 9 and 10 rooms ..... C. S. HUDLESTON, 5 second square below end of Avalon car line. No. 312.

658 BELMONT AVE., West Pittsburgh—For Rent—Three good rooms on second floor and one attic room, with modern conveniences; near to the car line.

East End Residences.

ONE 9-roomed house on car line; $37.50.
One 10-roomed house; $45.
One 8-roomed house; $30.
One 6-roomed house in Highland district; $30.
One 6-roomed house; $18.
One 6-roomed furnished house, Highland district; $35.

HARTFORD & JONES,
200 PENN AVE.

ROOM 201, 209 Sheridan ave, about November 1.

FOR RENT.
Collins ave., near Station st.,
Flat of 5 rooms on first floor, modern improvements.
Steam heat free. $35.
S. H. LLOYD,
No. 6022 Penn ave., E. E.,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Allegheny Residences.

TO LET OR RENT.
Allegheny; 12 room brick, stone front; the finest residence for the lowest rent in the two cities; $65 per month.
UNION REALTY CO.,
Penn ave. and Ninth st.

Apartments.

FOR RENT.
THE BUCKINGHAM APARTMENTS.

The finest and most complete apartments in Pennsylvania; Craft avenue and Kennett square; four to eight rooms with bath; $40 to $70 per month; electric light, heat, hot water, janitor service and every modern appointment. For further and full information see
UNION REALTY CO.,
Penn Ave. and Ninth St.

Storerooms.

FOR RENT
From April 1, 1904,
FIVE STORY BRICK STORE BUILDING,
82 by 90 feet,
Nos. 15 and 17 Ninth st., Pittsburgh.
Apply to WM. KAUFMAN,
412 4th ave.

FOR RENT.
FOR RENT—Store room on West Ohio st., near postoffice, size 16x50 feet; water, gas and electric light; toilet room. Apply Postmaster, November 1. Rent $72 per month. CAL. or WM. A. R. HAY, JR.,
108 West Ohio st., Allegheny.

FOR RENT—Large well-lighted room, suitable for wholesale or light manufacturing purposes, completely furnished. Apply seventh floor, 711 Penn ave.

Offices.

$500—Two fine offices, best offer in Pittsburgh, Home Trust bldg., Sixth ave. and Wood st., large office, 11x17, private office, 9x11; vault 6x6; closet 3x8; heat, light and janitor service first-class; building modern, location most convenient in city; close lease now for possession now or 15 any time up to April 1.
HOME TRUST CO.,
541 Wood st.

OFFICE rooms, 2d floor front, 432-34 Seventh ave.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE.

$5,000—Within 15 minutes' ride of the court house, on three car lines, frame dwelling, 8 rooms, good repair; lot 22x120 to 20 foot alley. Easy terms.
ADAMS, HEMPHILL & CO.,
412-416-420 Penn ave., Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.
NOTICE.

THREE WILKINSBURG BARGAINS!

$6,500—For fine 8-room frame, lot 88x132, three blocks from depot, cost from $8,000; $2,200 cash.

$8,350—9-room two brick, two blocks from depot, all modern; premium street; $1,000 cash.

$8,700—10-room rec. hall buff brick, four blocks from depot; everything modern; nice lot; $1,000 cash.

BARGAIN—KNOXVILLE—BARGAIN

$3,000—COST $4,000.

New brick house of 6 rooms, hall, bathroom, cabinet mantels, large porch, etc.; lot 22x150; one block from cars.

H. R. SCOTT,
1401 FARMERS BANK BUILDING.

AVALON—New dwelling, 8 rooms; all conveniences. J. C. Reed, 211 Wood st., Pittsburgh.

East End Residences.

FOR A MODERATE PRICED HOME come out or send your wife and her relatives out, and have her look over our new 7-room and tile bathroom brick houses; we have sold 15 since September 2. If we get your wife out she will not rest until she gets you out, as the location is the best homes ever built for a good home; we make the terms so that any one can buy; take Frankstown ave. cars to Sterrett st., walk four blocks to Hermitage st.

Real Estate—Special.

Brokers and dealers in real estate, I will trade for vacant lots that I can build on, my block 4771 Liberty ave., E. E., rents $2,500 per year, also one or both of my apartment houses, Nos. 211 and 213 Millvale ave., E. E., both rented for $4,000 each. GEO. H. SHICKLER, 1307 Arrott Building.

FOR SALE—We have choice lists of business chances, farms and property; see us before buying; we can suit you.
MILLS-SLAUGENHOUPT CO.,
428 Fourth ave.

Farms.

FARMS.

40 acres, ½ mile from station, P. & W. R. R., 26 miles from city, good land, good orchard, near school and church, plenty of water; four-room house, stable, etc. A great bargain, at $2,500.

ZAHNISER & CO.,
429 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Here is something fine in the farm line; a beautiful, level and fertile farm of 307 acres, three barns, large orchard, modern house that cost over $4,000; 54 miles from either Niles or Warren; no encumbrance; good reasons for selling; send for my list of farms; that will give full particulars of this farm and others. S. V. Wilson, Niles, O.

SEND for free illustrated Ohio farm list. Neill & Sinclair, Clarion, Pa.

VIRGINIA COUNTRY HOMES—$10,000 to $150; pamphlet free. H. W. Hilleary, Staunton, Va.

Lots.

FOR SALE—$350 buys a lot in the city of Niagara Falls, the coming greatest manufacturing city of America; write for maps. Duane E. Belden, 403 Mooney bldg., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE—Two small lots on Mt. Washington car line, within 15 minutes' riding distance; level, cheap and on easy terms. Walter Becker, 444 Fourth ave.

Lands and Acreage.

FOR SALE—Small acreage within 10 miles of court house, in rapidly improving district; a bargain. Price, only $100 per acre, on easy terms. Walter Becker, 444 Fourth ave.

For Sale or Exchange.

EXCHANGE—
We will exchange improved property in busy district, valued at $8,500 for gent's furnishing, drygoods or shoe store.

Will exchange new frame house, 5 rooms and finished attic, all modern improvements, lot 25 x150 feet, value $2,500, for unimproved property.

Will exchange new brick house, 5 rooms, modern improvements, lot 22x150 feet to alley, for unimproved property in good location.

Will exchange brick house, 5 rooms, lot 12x75 feet, only 4 years' old, for small house, for improved property, 14th, 19th or 20th ward.
BLACK & BAIRD,
410 Fourth ave., opposite postoffice.

FOR EXCHANGE.

Penn Ave.—In Commission District.

Lot fronting on Penn ave. and running back to Spring alley and having erected thereon two brick dwellings. Rents for $736 per year. After April 1 will rent for $900. Price $15,000; mortgage $7,500, which has 2½ years to run. Wanted, house and good lot for equity.
C. C. HAMILTON,
Room 20, 314 Fourth ave.
'Phones: Bell, 135 Court; P. & A., 2321 M.

EXCHANGE.

$8,000, equity in 2½ $5,500 property, 19 rooms, in a booming town 20 minutes from city, 5 miles from city; will exchange for farm or stock of goods.
ZAHNISER & CO.,
427 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Good $1,900 equity in paved street, vacant, level 2 lots, clear $600, for improved property. Address box 1013.

GOOD farm to exchange for a grocery store. Call 227 Brighton ave., Rochester, Pa.

Business Opportunities.

IF YOU WANT an absolutely safe investment that pays 12 per cent annually, payable quarterly, and secured by $500,000 business men, and secured by $500,000 securities deposited in Trust Company, write at once to 407 N. I., Arrott

STOCK MARKETS LESS EXCITED AND NARROWER

Decision Adverse to Amalgamated Copper Caused a Decline—Crucible Steel Made New Low Records. Tendency Appears Toward Dullness.

Appreciable narrowing of the trading was a feature of both the New York and Pittsburgh markets. Sales locally were little more than half of the aggregate for Wednesday or for Tuesday. On the New York board they were also much smaller. This apparently portends a dull market and while such a market is not agreeable to room traders it will hardly be objectionable to any one else. This narrowing tends to confirm the opinion widely held since the latter part of last week that many stocks have been taken off the market by interests able to hold them. The result is that bear raids can only carry prices for a point or two and the raiders are apt to be caught in the reaction. The bears being thus discouraged and the public lacking courage to do much buying, the markets grow dull.

Traders of long experience confine to hold the opinion that the selling has been over done that many stocks are depressed below their real value. No doubt the public has an impression that this is true, but having suffered on the slump has lost its nerve. This condition is usual after great declines in the speculative markets. It is simply a symptom of shaken confidence, fed by pessimistic rumors which grow out of the soreness of those who have been beaten. The man who has been so unfortunate as to have bought some of the worst stocks at the height of their inflation and to have sold at about the bottom exemplifies the proverb that "misery loves company" by declaring to his friends that a lot of other stocks are no better than those which caused his grief. However, his remark does not make it so. It may tend to spread the pessimistic feeling and cause good properties to come under suspicion, but it cannot affect their ultimate value.

There was strength with the comparative inactivity in the New York market until reports were circulated that Judge Clancy had rendered a decision in the Minnie Healy mine case in favor of Helmse. The decision rendered was to make perpetual the injunction against paying any dividend to Amalgamated Copper. The judge reserved decision on the application for a receivership. On this news Copper was sold and the general list sympathized in an irregular way. Opinion is about evenly divided whether or not there will be any further effect from this decision. It was expected to prove adverse to Amalgamated and it may have been fully discounted.

Republic Iron and Steel proved a weak spot earlier in the day, the preferred shares selling down from 56 to 51¼, upon a report freely circulated that the dividend would be passed. This rumor had no confirmation. It served to illustrate the extreme sensitiveness of the market, however. At such times idle words or jokes or jolnders are magnified to importance where in ordinary times they would pass without a thought.

United States Steel resisted the general weakness near the close. The preferred sold down nearly a point in sympathy and then rallied, closing a full point above the lowest for the day. The common closed at the same figure as on the day before. This is indicative of the fickleness of the speculative heart, the United States issues having been the weakest spots in the market a week ago, when all of the industrials were being depressed more than the railroad stocks.

In the local market Crucible Steel continued the most prominent feature in the trading. Both the common and preferred made new low records, with a reaction toward the close, when the New York downward movement was on, showing how independent of New York the trading in these issues has been. A good deal of soreness is displayed toward Crucible Steel in which connection it may be said that personal resentment is a mighty poor standard to apply to stock values. There is general agreement that the Crucible company properties are good and that the unfavorable factors have been wiped out in plain view of the public. The new management is conceded to be of the best, and predictions are not wanting that in another year it will be found the earnings are all right and the company in first class conditon.

London was heavy again and at the New York opening was reported selling Americans below parity. The far eastern situation continues to worry Europe and the reports of bank failures when they reach London cannot be gauged at their true value. Of course cables assert the triviality of these embarrassments in their possible bearing upon the securities market, but they exert some depressing influence, nevertheless, upon American securities in general.

New York reports continued good buying of bonds for investment and the movement has reached Pittsburgh. Several institutions which deal in bonds, not on the exchange, report considerable transactions in which the buyers are acquiring for permanent holding. One such deal was effected yesterday, the purchaser appearing from a small town in Ohio with over $10,000 cash on his person, which he admitted had not been on deposit in bank, but had been hoarded in secret. The seller of the bonds was one of the largest financial institutions in the city. The appearance of funds from the "stockings savings banks," the facetious designation applied in financial circles to private hoards, is a welcome sign that liquidation has run its course.

THE MONEY MARKET

The local money market continued at 6 per cent on time and call loans. Clearing house comparisons:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Today	$5,903,417 20	$1,020,467 07
Same day last week	7,878,774 48	1,169,058 48
Same day last year	8,420,384 59	964,080 41

Foreign Money Market.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Money, 1¼@2 per cent; the discount for short bills is 2 5-16@2⅜ per cent; three months' bills, 2 6-16@2⅜ per cent. Consols for money, 88 7-16; consols for account, 88 7-16. The rate of discount of the Bank of England was unchanged today, at 4 per cent. The withdrawal of $75,000 gold was taken into the Bank of England today and £25,000 was withdrawn for shipment to South America.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Three per cent rentas, 97 francs 7½ centimes; exchange on London, 25 francs 13 centimes for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 41½ pfgs. for checks; discount rates, short bills, 2½ per cent; three months' bills, 4 per cent.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $226,107,706; gold, $101,968,462; silver, $17,916,486; United States notes, $7,911,070; national bank notes, $2,257,175; total receipts, $11,890,879; total receipts this day, $2,113,633; total receipts this month, $23,736,436; total receipts this year, $177,220,488; total expenditures this day, $1,965,496; total expenditures this year, $175,088,697; deposits in national banks, $172,081,827.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Transactions on the Pittsburgh exchange yesterday foot up a total of 5,840 shares of stock, as follows:

10 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

Shares		Shares	
10	Crucible pfd	80	25
50	do	29	25
25	do	29	12
50	do	29	65
15	do	28½	50
50	do	28½	17
10	do	28½	100
20	do	28½	100
25	do	28½	50
30	do	29	200
50	do	29	60
50	do	29	500
50	do	29	100

Crucible pfd. 80; do 29; do 29; Electric 2ds 65½; do 65; Fire Proof pf. 23; do 23½; do 23½; do 24; do 24; do 24

HARD LUCK TALK FAVORS REALTY

Losses in Stocks and Banks; Gains and Good Revenues in Real Estate.

SQUIRREL HILL SALE OF $18,000

Local Manufacturer Will Build Many Houses—Fine Flats for Swissvale. New Companies Will Improve Suburban Houses—Latest Building News.

Financial troubles terminating in the temporary closing of two banks have turned the drift of public sentiment very strongly in favor of real estate as a safe and profitable investment. Judging by the comment heard in all quarters, this sentiment should soon develop into action that means a steady and lucrative business in properties of all kinds during the winter months. Where the man who put his savings in stocks is groaning over his losses, the man who bought real estate, even in the boom of last spring, has his deed and is drawing a handsome revenue on his investment. Two facts stand out very prominently in the opinions freely expressed. One is that real estate, even in times of financial depression, does not fall off in value more than 5 or 10 per cent, and if well located holds its own. The other is that the dozens of men who have persistently held up real estate as an investment for years are away ahead of the game. Examples of sales at good profits are not infrequent even now. A conspicuous one that turned up this week is that of the sale of No. 1616 Penn avenue for $16,000. Eleven months ago the property, which belonged to the Abercrombie estate, was offered to several investors before it was finally picked up by James H. Wallace for $8,000. This investment thus made him nearly $10,000 or nearly $1,000 a month; a very forcible lesson to stock gamblers who are now figuring how much they would be worth if they had not got hold of the olive wire.

Squirrel Hill House Purchased.

A downtown physician is the buyer of another Squirrel Hill residence property formerly owned by Harry M. Gross. The property is known as No. 5631 Bartlett street and was sold yesterday through the agency of Adams, Hemphill & Co. for $18,000. It is in the north side of the street, between Murray and Shady avenues, and consists of a 12-room center hall brick house on lot 70x150 feet. The house is finished in hardwood and has three bathrooms, with modern conveniences. This is the twelfth one of the 15 houses which Mr. Gross built in Bartlett street over two years ago.

Ernest F. Slocum has bought from Ernest G. Schaiaer 114x162 feet, at the southwest corner of Laurel and Cayuga streets, Sixteenth ward, for $10,000.

Will Build on Choice Frontage.

E. B. McAbee, the powder manufacturer, who owns considerable frontage in the Twenty-second ward, on which he is preparing to improve it with at least 25 good houses. The largest plot of the frontage is 500 feet, in Swissvale avenue, near Edgewood station. Twenty houses are planned in this section, to cost about $3,500 each. Mr. McAbee also owns 100 feet in Northumberland street, Dalzell place and Edgewood avenue, which he will improve with houses costing about $5,000 each. This frontage has a depth of 138 feet and is in a neighborhood where only the better class of houses are allowed. Plans are now being considered, and the work of building is likely to begin soon.

Another building project that will bring a marked improvement to the neighborhood is the apartment house which C. C. Hamilton, the real estate broker, proposes to build on 60x100 feet, at Westmoreland and Braddock avenues, Swissvale. Plans for the building are being drawn by the Century Architectural and Engineering Company. It will be three stories high and contain 12 flats of four rooms and bath each. The estimated cost is $20,000.

New Companies Plan Innovation.

The decided halt in building operations is likely to result in a very marked improvement in the kind of houses erected each year by speculative builders. The tremendous boom in suburban lot sales that only two years has thrown open hundreds of good lots on every side of the city, on which almost no building has been done, owing to the strikes and tight money the last summer, with the increasing scarcity of houses of every description for rent and the desire of lot plan owners to have their allotments built up as fast as possible, there has come a determination on the part of a few well-known operative builders to inaugurate a new era in suburban house building. Two companies are now being formed with a capital of $50,000 or more. Each will do this kind of building exclusively next summer if the conditions are at all favorable. It is the aim of these companies to provide rows of houses that shall not be "rows," but which will have an individuality that will entice the buyer and renter alike. To get the eastern idea of the suburban cottage, cheap in cost but tasty and convenient in construction, members of these companies went to New York and Boston last fall to make a thorough investigation of the suburban homes there. The chief complaint with people coming here from other large cities has been that the bunches of houses built on lot plans here are too much like the proverbial tenement, and it is the purpose of the new companies to provide houses at a similar cost that will appeal to the newcomer for a home.

How Building is Progressing.

Architect John T. Comes is taking estimates on the alterations and additions to St. Mark's Episcopal church at Sidney and Eighteenth streets, South Side, to cost $8,000.

William F. Trimble & Sons have the contract from Architects George S. Orth & Bros. for the erection of the building of the Bridgeville Tube Company, to cost $40,000.

Building projects came forward yesterday in largeer numbers than for some time, according to the permits issued in the two cities, which amounted to $122,200. The Pittsburgh Christian Home for Working Girls was granted permission to build a brick addition to its building at Duquesne way and Evans alley, to cost $60,000. Other permits were issued to John G. Kepp for a two-story brick veneered house in Beltzhoover avenue, Thirty-second ward, to cost $3,480, and to H. Nensy for a frame house in O'Neil street, Thirty-fifth ward, to cost $2,500.

Allegheny permits were issued to Swift & Co. for a four-story brick warehouse at Anderson and Lacock streets, to cost $37,000.

Sales Made by Brokers.

Wylie avenue: The Sachs Real Estate Company sold for Philip Pearlman to Jacob Eber No. 1811 Wylie avenue, Eleventh ward, an eight-room brick house, lot 22x107 feet, for $5,000.

Grandview avenue: The Commonwealth Real Estate and Trust Company sold for Amelia E. Auer to Charles Auer, Jr., a frame house, lot 20x150 feet, in Grandview avenue, Thirty-second ward, for $2,500.

McKeesport: The Commercial Realty Company sold to the Tube Works allotment at McKeesport to Mrs. Harry Grover 10 No. 251 for $850, to Charles J. Jacobs of Braddock lot No. 450 for $850, to C. H. Sullivan of McKeesport lot No. 558 for $850, to Edward Wood of Franklin, Pa., lots Nos. 113-115, for $1,740.

Liberty avenue: Damian Wahl sold to Henry Wetter an improved lot 20x100 feet on the east side of Liberty avenue, near Pearl street, Twentieth ward, for $5,500.

Atlantic avenue: T. A. Watkins sold to Henrietta Wheeler an improved lot 28x120 feet on the north side of Atlantic avenue, near Millvale avenue, Twentieth ward, for $7,000.

Lloyd street: James J. Leahy sold to C. C. Burgess an improved lot 28x118 feet on the west side of Lloyd street, near Edgerton avenue, Twenty-second ward, for $5,600.

Miller street: J. F. Moore sold to Joseph Singer an improved lot 20x100 feet in Miller street, Eleventh ward, for $5,200.

Beechwood boulevard: The Boulevard Land Company sold to Emanual Lewis 45x123 feet in Beechwood avenue, Twenty-second ward, for $2,000.

Eleanor street: Simon Barnecheuer sold to Thomas Anjeszewski an improved lot 20x98 feet in Eleanor street, Twenty-seventh ward, for $1,400.

Transfers Recorded.

Wm Flinn to city of Pgh, June 16, '02. 23d wd, Pgh, 14 acres $25,875

F B Nimick to C L Wright, Sept 29, '03, 32d wd, Pgh, 100x140, Katharine st 4,500

C F Wright to Free Meth Ch, Mt Wash, Oct 6, '03, 32d wd, Pgh, 100x140, Katharine st 4,500

M Dunn to D Goldstein, Oct 16, '03, 21st wd, Pgh, 45x120, Lang ave 5,000

W F Berger to R J McLaughlin, Oct 13, '03, Etna, 25x100, Wilson st 2,000

T J Reineman to J Shallat, Oct 17, '03, 11th wd, Ally, 28x97, Roberts st 4,100

Jno Murphy to W J Boyd, Sept 30, '03, Port Vue, 80x110, Monongahela ave 1,150

S Walker to Mary McCue, Dec 29, '02, Collier twp, 4 acres 1,612

Clara Messner to Jacob Krauth, Sept 24, '03, 22d wd, Pgh, 60x84, Paul st 1,400

Realty Co to E R Spear, Oct 1, '03, 3d wd, McKeesport, 40x175, Jenny Lind st 1,300

Jos Harper to P Gentner, Oct 16, '03, Braddock twp, 20x120, Morrow st 1,025

Coffee and Sugar.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at a partial advance of 5 points, but soon lost the gain and, notwithstanding generally firm outside markets and smaller receipts under realizing. Later, however, profit-taking became less insistent, and as the outside demand continued very active, the market turned much firmer and closed steady, 5 to 10 points higher; sales were 146,750 bags, representing the largest day's business since the present upward movement first inaugurated. Transactions included November at 6.10@5.20c; December 5.30@5.45c; January, 5.35 @5.50c; February, 5.50c; March, 5.55@5.65c; May, 5.75@5.85c; July, 5.85@5.95c; September, 5.90@6.05c. Spot Rio firm; No. 7 invoice, 5¾c; mild, steady; Cordova, 7¼@12c. Sugar—Raw, steady; refined quiet.

WHEAT CLOSED LOWER; CORN AND OATS HIGHER

General Selling Influenced the Chicago Market—Provisions Advanced.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—General selling of December wheat was the chief feature of trading in the grain and provision pits here to-day. Opening prices were barely steady on favorable weather for the movement and on easier cables. December later lost ½c to ¾c higher at 80@80¼c. The heavy selling of yesterday was also a bear factor early in the day, as was the easier tone in all outside markets. Elevator interests and longs sold freely the first hour and with scarcely any demand December slumped off to 78¾c. A report that Minneapolis to the effect that there was little demand there for the cash article from millers was a factor in depressing prices. The market was quiet and steady the latter part of the session and December closed at 79¼@79¾c, a loss of ¾@¾c. May delivery was comparatively firm throughout the entire session and closed unchanged to ¼c lower to ¼c higher at 79@79¼c.

Primary receipts were 901,800 bushels, against 1,280,920 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Chicago and Duluth reported receipts of 500 cars, against 742 cars last week and 1,084 cars a year ago.

A better demand for corn existed than for some time past and the market ruled firm. Local traders were generally bullish, influenced by the recent good cash demand and by the continued receipt of reports from nearly all sections of the corn belt showing poor results from husking. Scalpers and commission houses bought freely of both December and May, and there was some selling of May by provision interests, but offerings on the whole were light. Closing prices were steady, with December ¼@¾c higher, at 44c, after selling between 43¾ and 44¾c, and May ¼c higher at 42¾c. Local receipts were 287 cars, with 15 of contract grade.

Firmness characterized the trading in oats, due largely to the better tone in corn. There was considerable covering by local shorts and the selling was scattered, but mostly by longs with profits. After ranging between 33¾c and 33¾c December closed ¼c higher at 33¾@34c. Local receipts were 192 cars.

Provisions were extremely quiet, but a trifle firmer selling prevailed, influenced by an advance of 10c in the price of hogs. The only feature was a demand for lard by brokers. January pork closed 5c higher at $11 87½; January lard was up 2½c at 6c 55, while ribs were 7½c higher at $6 22½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow—Wheat, 90 cars; corn, 425 cars; oats, 218 cars; hogs, 15,000 head.

The leading futures, reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., members of the Chicago Board of Trade, Farmers Bank Building, are as follows:

Article.	Open.	High	Low.	Close.	Yesterday's Close.
WHEAT—					
No. 2 red, Dec. n	80¼	80¾	79¾	79¾	80½
May ..	78¾	79	78½	78½	78¾
CORN—					
No. 2—					
Oct ..	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	44¼
Dec. ..	44½	44¾	43¾	44	43¾
May ..	42¾	43¼	42¾	43¼	42¾
OATS—					
No. 2—					
Oct ..				35¾	35¾
Dec. ..	33¾	33¾	33½	33¾	33¾
May ..	36¾	36¾	36¾	36½	36¾
MESS PORK—					
Oct ..				11 10	11 10
Jan. ..	11 85	11 87½	11 80	11 87½	11 82½
May ..	11 90	11 97½	11 87½	11 97½	11 90
LARD—					
Oct ..	6 47½	6 47½	6 45	6 45	6 45
Dec. ..	6 45	6 47½	6 45	6 47½	6 45
Jan. ..	6 32½	6 37½	6 32½	6 35	6 47½
May ..	6 09	6 09	6 09	6 05	6 02½
SHORT RIBS—					
Oct ..	6 50	6 50	6 25	6 25	6 50
Jan. ..	6 20	6 22½	6 20	6 22½	6 20
May ..	6 32½	6 37½	6 32½	6 32½	6 32½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; No. 3 spring wheat, 77@84c; No. 2 red, 80¾@83c; No. 2 corn, 44c; No. 2 yellow, 45¾c; No. 2 oats, 35¾c; No. 3 white, 35¾@35¾c; No. 2 white, 34¾@35¼c; fair to choice malting barley, 47@48c; No. 1 flaxseed, 92c; No. 1 northwestern, 98c; prime timothy seed, $2 72½; mess pork, $11 10@11 12½; lard, $6 42½; short ribs sides (loose), $6 12½@6 25; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $6 12½@6 37½; short clear sides (boxed), $7 12½@7 25; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 26; clover, contract grade, $10 75.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	34,500	17,700
Wheat, bu	118,800	84,700
Corn, bu	261,700	448,800
Oats, bu	273,900	169,100
Rye, bu	1,600	6,900
Barley, bu	20,900	30,900

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Flour—Receipts, 27,651 barrels; exports, 2,813 barrels; steady, but with trade checked by the advance in wheat. Rye flour firm. Buckwheat flour firm. Buckwheat quiet. Cornmeal quiet. Rye steady. Barley steady.

Grain—Wheat—Receipts, 37,575 bushels; spot easy; No. 2 red, 80c elevator; No. 2 red, 85¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 87½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, nominal, f. o. b. afloat; options had an irregular opening with December easy and May firm as a result of unloading, spreading and buying by St. Louis at Chicago and by the northwest here, partly on talk of increasing spring wheat receipts, and exporters reduced bids, curtailing business, and the close was unsettled at ½@¾c net decline. May, $2 11-16@$3 5-16c, closed 82¾c; July closed 79¾c; December, 85¾@86¾c, closed 86c. Corn—Receipts, 210,150 bushels; exports, 123,855 bushels; spot steady; No. 2, 51¾c elevator and 52c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 54¼c; No. 2 white, 52c; option market was firm this morning on cables, fair clearances, complaints of poor handling of grain and covering; while it finally eased off a little, with wheat, the close was still ½@¾c above last night. May, 48¾@48 11-16c, closed 48¾c; December, 49@49¼c, closed 49¼c. Oats—Receipts, 28,800 bushels; spot quiet; No. 2, 42c; standard white, 43c; No. 3, 40½c; No. 2 white, 43c; No. 3 white, 42¼c; track, white, 41@45c.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 22.—Wheat weak; No. 1 northern, 85½@86c; No. 2 northern, 82¼@83c; December, 78¼@78¾c. Rye dull; No. 1, 56@56½c. Barley steady; No. 2, 65c; sample, 42@62c. Corn—December, 45¾@46c.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Wheat—No. 2 red, cash, 86c; December, 86c; May, 82¾c; No. 2 hard, 78@80¼c. Corn—No. 2 cash, 42c; December, 39¼c; May, 40c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 30c; May, 28@28¾c. Rye—No. 2 white, 52½c. No. 2 cash, 50c; May, 50½@51c. Flour steady, 80¼@40c.

DULUTH, Oct. 22.—Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 86c; No. 1 northern, 82c; No. 2 northern, 78½c; October, 82c; December, 77¼c; May, 77¾c.

Gloomy Outlook for Operators in the Lower Southwest Fields

Developments in the lower southwest fields are not such as to inspire any great amount of confidence or lead to the belief that the downward trend of the old fields can be stayed for even a brief period. The wells now coming in are small, with few exceptions, and those that were once above the average are declining rapidly. Taking the entire producing region and there are fewer large wells at this time than in all of the past years of development work.

The largest producer drilled in yesterday is located in the Plum Grove section in Westmoreland county, W. Va. It is owned by L. S. Hoyt & Co., and is this company's No. 82 on the L. S. Hoyt tract. The well produced 100 barrels the first 24 hours after the pay was encountered. Aside from this production the Hoyt interest connected with it as it is located inside of defined limits.

In Lincoln district, Marion county, the Fayette Oil & Gas Company has drilled in its test on the L. D. Martin farm and has a show for a producer. The well filled up 100 feet with fluid and was then shut down to move back the boiler.

In the Big Injun sand development on Fallen Timber run, Wetzel county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled its test on the A. A. Merrifield farm into the Big Injun 35 feet and has developed no oil. It is still drilling and expects a pay in the bottom of the sand.

In the north end of the Folsom district, the South Penn has drilled its second test on the D. N. Hunter farm into the top of the stray, but has developed no oil.

The same company on No. 25 on the B. W. Peterson farm is still drilling in the stray but has not reached the pay.

In the Wallace district in Harrison county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled its second test on the J. L. Loman farm 40 feet into the Stray sand and has developed no oil or gas. In the same district the same company has drilled its test on the George Feldreth farm 44 feet into the stray and has encountered no oil or gas.

In the Fairview district, Marion county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled its second test on the R. A. Daily farm into the Big Injun and will drill to the Fifth sand unless a paying producer is found in the formation in which it is now drilling.

In the Salem district, Harrison county, the South Penn has given its No. 3 on the R. G. Hall farm a shot and increased its production to 140 barrels a day.

North of the Kyle pool on Indian creek, Tyler county, the Philadelphia Company has completed its test on the C. B. Riggs farm in the Big Injun sand and has a duster in that formation. It is now drilling to the Gordon.

On the South fork of Hughes river in Ritchie county, the Cairo Oil Company has drilled its No. 11 on the John Lyons farm into the salt sand, the well produced 50 barrels the first 24 hours, and it has been shut down to move back the boiler. It will be drilled deeper into the sand tomorrow and is expected to increase its production.

On McFarlan creek, in the same district, the South Penn Oil Company has completed its No. 15 on the Eddy Rollins farm and has a show for a 10-barrel pumper in the salt sand.

In the Clear Fork district on the Ohio side in Monroe county, the Southern Oil Company has completed its No. 7 on the Albert Hedges farm and has a show for a 10-barrel pumper in the Keener sand.

In the Chester Hill development in Morgan county, C. M. Hukill & Co. completed No. 2 on the Monroe Metzger farm and has a show for a small pumper.

In the Leginoville district, Beaver county, the Bennet-Mensinger Oil Company has completed its No. 4 on the John Hatpenny farm and will have a 5-barrel pumper in the 100-foot sand.

In the Smiths Ferry district in Beaver county, M. Finnegan has completed a second test on the J. W. Bickel farm and has a show for a very small pumper.

In the same district, Thomas C. Dawson & Co. have drilled their test on the Elizabeth Paisley farm through the sand and have a duster.

West of McKees Rocks, Allegheny county, J. M. Guffey & Co. have drilled No. 11 on the Arbuckle farm through the Gordon and have a show for a 10-barrel pumper in that formation.

In the Bristonia field, Greene county, the South Penn Oil Company has drilled its second test on the J. T. Elbin farm through the sand and has a small gasser.

The gauge of the American Natural Gas Company's Leigh farm well, north of Undercliffe, Allegheny county, was 200 barrels for the 24 hours ending at noon yesterday.

Shipments and Runs.

Shipments and runs of the Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana fields:

PENNSYLVANIA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
October 21	79,954	October 20	90,167
Previously	1,521,778	Previously	1,334,808
Total	1,601,732	Total	1,453,975
Daily average	76,273	Daily average	72,698

LIMA OIL.

SHIPMENTS.		RUNS.	
October 21	58,847	October 20	78,774
Previously	1,351,342	Previously	1,051,997
Total	1,410,200	Total	1,105,771
Daily average	70,010	Daily average	55,889

Cruiser Denver Fails to Make Speed.

BOSTON, MASS., Oct. 22.—The second-class protected cruiser Denver failed to make her contract speed, 17 knots an hour, in the government's speed trial test off Cape Ann today. The Denver was assigned 1612 knots, and while the tidal corrections will probably be in her favor, they will not be sufficient to bring her up to the required speed.

ANOTHER ADVANCE IN PACKAGE COFFEE

String Beans Command Higher Figures—Strong Market for Fancy Chestnuts.

As was expected, the increasing strength in the green coffee market for some weeks has brought about another advance in some brands of roasted package goods, and the situation is very firm. Just a week ago the Arbuckles Company made an advance of ½c in standard package coffee, which was followed later by roasters of the Lion brand. Yesterday Arbuckles again increased the price 1c, making a total advance of 1c from the low point which ruled before the first advance of this fall. Dilworth's, who had as yet made no advance, have now put their package forward ½c to the level occupied by the Lion brand, both of which are ½c lower than Arbuckles. The condition of the market fully warrants the higher prices now prevailing, and it declared it would not be at all strange if other advances are not unlikely. Crop news from Brazil is all of such a nature as to add strength to the situation, and the season of heaviest demand is now approaching, which will tend to keep the market firm.

Sugar demand is quiet, but the difference between the price of refined and the cost of raw is so small that there is no real inducement for any reduction in quotations. However, there is less talk than there was of advances, on account of the lessened sale of sugar. Flour is steady as quoted, with no new features, and the demand is large.

Hay receipts were heavy again yesterday, but the list of quotations was not changed, the commodity demand absorbing large quantities of hay, and the call for fancy timothy being particularly good. Oats were firmer yesterday than at the opening of the week, but quotations are allowed to remain as last given. Corn is fairly steady, and milfeed is unchanged.

Produce trade was quiet, and there were not many changes in price, except for some further advances in vegetables and fruits from nearby growers. String beans are scarce, and brought as high as $2 60 per bushel, with demand very good. Corn is unchanged at last quoted, but is reported by the country as less plentiful. Cauliflower touched $5 00 a dozen as the high point of the range, and found sale at this price. Lima beans have advanced to 30c per qt. Celery is firmer, Spring chicken market is steady at these figures. Tomatoes hold to a range of 50@60c a crate, with some fancy stock bringing as high as $1 00 a basket. Cabbage is selling by the crate, with Domestic bringing $12 00@14 00 and Danish $15 00@16 00.

A few peaches are still to be found in the market, but they are offering in lighter quantities and are selling by the basket. The season is fast drawing to a close, and will soon be over. Concord grapes are fairly plentiful, but bring high figures. Chestnuts are in active demand, although the majority of sales ruled at low to fair, the fancy and large lots Tropical fruits were all unchanged.

Butter, eggs, cheese and poultry continued at prices which have prevailed since the opening of the week, with the market just about steady.

HAY, GRAIN AND FEED

Receipts quiet—Pennsylvania lines, 65 cars hay, 2 cars straw, 15 cars oats, 2 cars corn, 2 cars oats and corn, 4 cars feed; Lake Erie railroad, 15 cars hay, 1 car corn, 2 cars feed; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 7 cars hay, 1 car oats, 2 cars corn. Total receipts, 126 cars.

Hay, No. 1 timothy ..... $14 50@14 50
do No. 2 ..... $12 50@13 50
No. 1 clover ..... $12 00@12 50
do No. 2 ..... $11 00@11 50
No. 1 prairie ..... $12 50@13 00
Loose from wagon ..... $12 00@13 00
Straw, oat ..... $8 50@9 00
do wheat ..... $8 50@9 00
do rye ..... $10 00@10 50
Oats, No. 2 white ..... 41¼@42c
do No. 3 white ..... 40¼@41c
do No. 4 ..... 39½@40c
Corn, No. 2 yellow ..... 48½@49c
do ear ..... 48½@49c
Mixed ..... 48½@49c
Rye, No. 2 ..... 61@62c
White middlings, No. 2 ..... $28 00@28 50
do brown ..... $22 00@23 00
Brown middlings ..... $18 00@18 50
Wheat, No. 2 red ..... 80@81c
Corn, No. 2 yellow ..... 48½@49c
Oats, No. 2 white ..... 41¼@42c
Rye, No. 2 ..... 61@62c
High mix ..... $27 00@28 00

GROCERIES

Flour.	Sugar, 5-lb cotton bags
Fancy spg p'k'd $4 20@4 50	do powdered
Fancy winter patent	do pow'd xxxx
Straight win $4 10@4 15	do cubes
Baker's spr $3 40@3 60	do cuff
Rye	do No. 1 yellow
Graham	do No. 2 yellow
Cornmeal bbl $3 50@3 40	do No. 3 yellow
bags	Matrose, bu
Rolled oats, bbl	Navy, H. P.
bbl	Navy, ord
do keg	Red kidney
Roasted Coffee, Rio	Cal. lima, lb

Sugar, 5-lb cotton bags	
do powdered	4.55c
do pow'd xxxx	5.60c
do cubes	5.60c
do cuff	5.45c
do cuff, A	4.65@4.75c
do No. 1 yellow	4.50c
do No. 2 yellow	4.45c
do No. 3 yellow	4.40c
Beans	
Marrow, bu	$3.00@3.10
Navy, H. P.	$2.45@2.55
Navy, ord	$2.20@2.30
Red kidney	$1.45@4.55
Cal. lima, lb	5@5½c

Peas, dried,	
bu	$1.45@1.50
do split, lb	3½c
do marrow, bu	$2.00@2.10
Oil, carbon, 110 deg	11¾c
do headlight	12½c
do water white	12¼c
do Ohio W. W. test 150 deg	12½c
do miners	25@40c
do Elaine	18½c
do special brands	26@40c
Rice, ex-fancy head, lb	7½@7¾c
do fancy	6½@6¾c
Japan	5¾@6¼c
do choice Carolina	5¾@6c
Soda, bbl	$4 50
Salt, No. 1 bbl	$1 00
do No. 1 extra	$1 10
do gran. rock	$1 00
do pocket	$1 15@1 20
Hay dairy	$1 35

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, std, sic	$1 10
do 2-lb, gal	$1 50@1 60
do California	
L. C	$1 50@2 25
do Mary-land	$1 15@1 65
do California	
Y. F	$1 90@2 00
Corn, fancy	$1 20@1 40
do std	$1 10@1 15
Cherries, Cal. white	$2 00@2 25
Lima beans	$1 10@1 40
Pineapples	$1 40@2 25
String beans, 2-lb	65c
do 3-lb	
Stringless	
Beans	$1 25@1 70
Peas, Marrow-fat	85c@$1 00
do early June	$1 00@1 50
do sifted	$1 40@1 50
Apples, No. 2	$1 00@1 25
Pineapples	$1 00@2 25

Plums, damson	$1 00
do green gage	$1 00@1 75
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	95@$1 00
Tomatoes, std	85c
do fancy	$1 15@1 25
do gal	$3 00@3 10
Succotash, 1-lb	85c
do 2-lb	$1 40@1 50
Baked beans, cans, tomato sc	80@$1 40
Salmon, doz	85@$2 00
Clam chowder	85@$1 25
Corned beef, 2-lb	$2 25@2 75
Chipped beef, 2-lb	
can	$2 25@2 40
do 1-lb	
Roast beef	$1 30@1 35
Sardines, domestic, ½s	3½@4c
do ¼s	5@6c
do mustards, ¼s	$2 75@3 00
do French, ¼s	$3 00@13 75

DRIED FRUITS

Apricots, evap, bags	9@12c
do sun, boxes	8¼@11½c
Apples, bulk	5½@6c
do 1-lb carton	
do 2-lb carton	9½@10c
Peaches	7@10½c
Raspberries	20@27½c
Raisins, seeded, 1-lb pkgs	7½@8c

FRUITS	
Raisins, Muscatel, 2 crown	
do Ondara	
Val	5¾@6c
do Ot. Val	7@7½c
Currants, Cleaned, bulk	5½@6c
Package, 1-lb	6½@7c
Bananas, lots	$2 00@2 50
do 2d	$1 25@1 50
Lemons, Messina, crate	$2 50@3 00
Pineapples, Cal. crate	$2 50@3 00
Plums, California, box	$1 25@1 50
Pears, California, box	$1 25
Nuts	$1 50
do Calrgena	$2 75

SALT FISH

Mackerel, No. 1	Mackerel, No. 2,
do mess	$20 00
do half bbl	$11 50
do quar. bbls	$6 00
Mackerel, No. 1	do 20-lb pails
do 10-lb pails	do 10-lb pails
do half bbls	Lake herring, 100 lbs
do quar. bbls	do
do 20-lb pails	do 10-lb quar
do 10-lb pails	do 10-lb

SEEDS

Clover, from store, recleaned	Alfalfa
Timothy, prime	Millet
do mammoth	Orchard Grass
do extra	do
Flaxseed	do blue
do white	do red top
Dutch	Timothy
Alsike	

PRODUCE.

Potatoes, bu, store	Garlic, lb
do track	Spinach, bu
Sweets, Virginia	Eggs plant, bu
do Jerseys	String beans, bu
do medium	do
Turnips, bbl	Cauliflower, doz
Onions, bbl	Cabbage, doz
do bulk, bu	Watercress, doz
do new, doz	Tomatoes, crate
do Spanish, crate	do
Celery	Brussels sprouts, quart
Cucumbers, hothouse, doz	Peppers, green, doz
do	Squash, Hubbard, bbl
Cabbage, Ohio, bbl	do
do	do marrow, bbl
Beets, bbl	Corn, bu
Parsley, doz	Pumpkins
Radishes, doz	Lima beans
Celery	Potatoes, bbl
Kalamazoo	Parsnips, bbl
do Ohio	Rutabagas
Kale, bu	Popcorn, lb
Lettuce, head, doz	Horseradish, bbl
do	
do Ashtabula, bushel	

TROPICAL FRUITS

Lemons, Messina	Bananas, lots
do Verdelli	do 2d
do Californ	Pineapples, crate
ple	Plums, California, box
Limes, per 100	Pears, California, box
Oranges, California	Nuts
Figs	do Calrgena
Dates	

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.	Cheese, Ohio Swiss
Prints	Limburger
Ohio creamery	do Wis. Swiss
Ohio creamery	do York
Imitation	do 20-lb block Swiss
Country roll	Cheese, N. Y. full
Cheese, N. Y. full cream	do flatfoot
Eggs, strictly fresh	do select
do Ohio	do storage
do 5s trad	

POULTRY

Live hens, lb	Roosters
Live spring	Geese
Roosters	Turkeys, fresh
Turkeys	dressed
Geese	do frozen
Ducks	Dressed hens
Dressed ducks	Capons, lb
Dressed springs	L. I. ducks

PROVISIONS

Hams.	Breakfast bacon,
16 lbs and up	bank strips
Over 14 to 16 lbs	Dry salt sides, extra
Over 12 to 14 lbs	short clears
10 lbs and under	Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs
Skinned	16 lbs
Boneless rolled	do 14 to 20 lbs
California	do under 14 lbs
Shoulders, N. Y.	Dry salted
cut	sides, extra
do skinned	short clears
Breakfast bacon, fancy	Bellies, 20 to 25
do ordinary	do 16 to 20 lbs
do 10 to 12 lbs	do 14 to 16 lbs
do bank strips	do under 14 lbs
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	Lard, pure, tierces
do 6 to 8 lbs	tubs
do 10 to 12 lbs	

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Butter—Receipts, 6,796 packages; firm; extra creamery, 25½c; creamery, common to choice, 16@25c; state dairy, common to choice, 16@24c; imitation creamery, 17@22c; factory, 15@20c; June creamery, 23c; fancy small rolls, 25c; small white, 25c; large colored, 24½c; large white, 24½c. Eggs—Receipts, 7,-168 packages; firm; fancy selected, 30c; choice, 28@29c; fair to good, 26@27c; western, 26@27c; Pennsylvania, 28@29c; Jersey, 28@29c; western, 28@29c; western fancy, 28@29c; storage packed, 24@25c; refrigerator, 23@24c. Cheese—Receipts, 1,-113 packages; steady; fancy, 13½c; choice, 13c; fair to good, 12½@12¾c.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Butter steady; creameries, 15½@22c; dairies, 14@15c. Eggs steady; at mark, cases included, 18@19½c. Cheese, easier, 10½@11½c.

The Drygoods Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The dry goods market is not doing much in strength, but there is a slight confirmation to increase of confidence, caused principally by the financial situation. Buyers do not seem inclined to anticipate their wants, and yet there are those more or less looking for better terms for spring and sellers are securing their prices.

MOVEMENTS IN TRADE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The Northern Pacific Railway Company has declared an extra dividend of 1½ per cent, and an extra dividend of ½ of 1 per cent. This makes 1 per cent for the present calendar year, the February, September, parties also being 1½ per cent and ½ of 1 per cent, while in May and August 1½ per cent was declared.

JOLIET, Ill., Oct. 22.—Officials of the Illinois Steel Company have received orders for mining operations at the steel plant to be started Monday in all departments. This will give employment to 2,000 men. The plant shut down two weeks ago under a general order for an indefinite time.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—The Minneapolis Cold Storage Company has filed a petition in bankruptcy and John Bell has been appointed receiver. The liabilities may reach $400,000, while the assets are about $200,000. It is said the company has been handicapped by the lack of working capital. The company will probably be reorganized.

JEFFERSONVILLE, IND., Oct. 22.—Seven hundred employes of the American Car and Foundry Company, who struck three weeks ago, returned to work today. Both sides claim concessions, but the men get an increase in wages.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

F. N. KONDOLF PRESIDENT.

Directors of American Sewer Pipe Company Choose Local Man and Issue Statement.

Ulysses D. Eddy of New York, who has held the office of president of the American Sewer Pipe Company yesterday tendered his resignation and Frank N. Kendolf of Pittsburgh, who has been the general manager and chief executive officer of the company for the past two years, was elected president. The change was made at the directors' quarterly meeting. The following statement of the condition of the company on September 30 was issued:

ASSETS.

Cost of properties, including improvements to date, less depreciation for 1902		$ 9,251,142 84
CURRENT ASSETS.		
Accounts and bills receivable (after deducting amount reserved for discounts and allowances)	$632,227 45	
Cash	144,064 55	
Material and supplies on hand	681,378 17	
		1,358,685 17
		$10,609,808 01

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock (authorized $8,000,000) issued		$ 7,805,700 00
First mortgage 6 per cent sinking fund gold bonds	$2,550,000 00	
Less redeemed and cancelled	$405,500 00	
Less treasury bonds	507,500 00	
	913,000 00	
		1,637,000 00
CURRENT LIABILITIES.		
Bills payable	$75,000 00	
Accounts payable, including

BRYAN TO DEFEND BENNETT'S WILL

Hopes to Thus Establish Rights of Institutions Named as Beneficiaries.

THE WIDOW WILL CONTEST IT

Mr. Bryan's Various Propositions Looking Toward a Settlement Not Accepted. Changes Mind Concerinig Bequest of $50,000 to Himself and Family.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Oct. 22.—In the probate court here today William J. Bryan, former presidential candidate, beneficiary under the will of Philo S. Bennett, a New York merchant, gave testimony concerning the will which he drew. Mr. Bryan and his family are named for bequests for $50,000 and the payment of this is opposed by the widow of Mr. Bennett.

Mr. Bryan today retained counsel. The hearing today developed more opposition to Mr. Bryan receiving any part of the estate. Col. Bryan was on the witness stand and was under sharp examination by the widow's counsel at the hearing.

Mr. Bryan stated that last night his intention was to relinquish all claim upon the estate, but afterward he decided that by so doing he would jeopardize the rights of the institution to which he was asked by Mr. Bennett to distribute parts of the estate. That the interests of these institutions might be preserved Mr. Bryan said that he would defend the will. Col. Bryan said:

"I told Mrs. Bennett that the gift was made to provide for me in old age, or against a breakdown; that I didn't need it while my health was good; that when my share was paid me, $25,000, I would give her $2,500 in trust to be used for purposes which we had talked over.

"It concerned three persons, two of whom were her relatives. I thought that if the will were made this year instead of three years ago Mr. Bennett might make some provisions differently. So I proposed that the balance be invested in government bonds and that the income be paid to Mrs. Bennett as long as she needed it, or until my health became impaired or in the event of my death. She was to be the sole judge whether she needed it."

PARKS' BONDSMAN IS DEAF TO APPEALS

The Walking Delegate Goes to Tombs in Default of Bail on Perjury Charge.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Samuel Parks, convicted walking delegate, sleeps in the Tombs tonight, with a prospect of staying there several days. Confident that John J. Byrne, his bondsman for $18,000, would furnish $5,000 additional for his appearance to answer the charge of perjury, he walked into the criminal courts building and was at once placed under arrest. He was a disconsolate figure, when, after waiting for hours for Byrne to come to him with one of the many messengers he had sent scurrying after Byrne, he was taken across the Bridge of Sighs and into the Tombs.

"Why do they not take me out at sunrise and shoot me?" he said. "I might as well go to the Tombs, and I suppose I will stay there until they are ready to send me away."

He did not know that Byrne had been in the building while he was there. He is now practically relieved of obligation under his bonds, as Parks is in custody. It was this phase of the matter which compelled Parks to go to prison. For he readily could have furnished bonds on the perjury charge and had $2,000 in bills to offer.

"I'd like to get something to eat," said Parks about 4 o'clock.

"You will have to eat in the Tombs," the detective replied, and thither he took the walking delegate.

FRANK A. PARKER.

JANAUSCHEK RELICS ARE PLACED ON SALE

Magnificent Robes Once Worn by Great Tragedienne on Exhibition.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Ghosts of bygone days, but withal magnificently apparaled ghosts, pervade the dimly-lighted rooms of the old Hilton mansion, where today, tomorrow and Saturday takes place the sale of the effects of the tragedienne, Mme. Janauschek. Rich brocades, old laces, jewels and brilliant stage accoutrements brush cheek by jowl with old mahogany dressers, old paintings, Sevres china and the everyday furnishings of domestic living.

Superintending the arrangement of these mementoes is Mr. N. S. Wood, an old friend of the noted actress. "There are 70 costumes here," said Mr. Wood, "all of them of the richest texture, real laces and hand embroideries. This is a court gown worn as Queen Catherine of England, indicating a magnificent robe of red velvet with real ermine collar and trimmings." And the gown of hand embroidered white silk cost $450 and was worn as Catherine of Russia. Even the point d'Alencon lace on this pearl satin brocaded costume alone cost $60.

"This is the $1,000 gown presented to madame by the duchess of Meiningen."

The costume for Medea and many of the Grecian robes were embroidered by Mme. Janauschek who was an expert needlewoman. A magnificent set of jewels exposed in a glass case with a coronet and the initial "J" emblazoned in the lid. They consisted of necklace, earrings, tiara, brooches and a snake-shaped bracelet of turquoise, diamonds and pearls.

FRANK A. PARKER.

SMUGGLER ARRESTED.

Former French Naval Officer Had $25,000 Worth of Gems When Caught.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—(Special)—The arrest today of Capt. S. Gelat, a Frenchman, said to be a retired navy officer, who reached port on the steamship Teutonic, and the seizure of jewels worth $25,000, which he attempted to smuggle, is thought to have revealed the existence of a band of men and women organized for wholesale smuggling.

Capt. Gelat had the jewels in packages hidden in his clothes. He protested that he was not a smuggler until he was arraigned before the United States commissioner, when he admitted that he intended to smuggle the jewels. He declared he came of a noble family and that the disgrace would ruin him.

In the lapel of his coat he wore the cross of the Legion of Honor. A magnificent gold signet ring on his hand contained, he said, his family coat-of-arms.

EX-SECRETARY LONG OPENS INDIAN CONFERENCE

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., Oct. 22.—The Mohonk Indian conference opened its session today with ex-Secretary of the Navy John D. Long in the chair. In his opening remarks Mr. Long dwelt upon the brighter and more hopeful phases of the situation among the Indians and especially among the people of Porto Rico and the Philippines, where he said highly gratifying progress had been made in education and general enlightenment.

PAYNE REQUESTS OFFICIAL TO QUIT

William H. Landvoight Resigns Place in the Postoffice Department.

ORDERED TOO MANY BLANKS

Investigation Results in Decapitation of the Superintendent of the Classification of the Third Assistant Postmaster General's Office.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Postmaster General Payne today announced that he had received the resignation of William H. Landvoight, superintendent of the classification division of the third assistant's office. The resignation is the result of the investigation by the postoffice inspectors of the charges growing out of the employment of Mr. Landvoight's son by the General Manifold Company of Franklin, Pa., which had a contract for supplying patented registry books to the department. Landvoight was formerly superintendent of the registry system and when transferred to the classification division was succeeded by Louis Kempner, who was summarily removed yesterday.

It is charged that while occupying that position Landvoight was extravagant in ordering manifold books, procuring large quantities for distribution among the smaller registry offices throughout the country where no use could be found for them. It was also charged that thousands of these manifold books had been found by postoffice officials in storage, where they had remained so long as to become practically worthless.

This is the fifth removal by Mr. Payne in two days and the end is not yet. Section by section the report of Gen. Bristow has been submitted to Postmaster General Payne, the charges and evidence read, and the recommendations considered.

An extended conference was held at the White House today between the President, Attorney General Knox, Charles J. Bonaparte and Holmes Conrad, special government counsel on the prosecution of those persons indicted for criminal irregularities in the postoffice department. Prior to this, Attorney General Knox conferred with District Attorney Beach, Assistant Attorney General Robb and several other officials. The conferences related to the prosecution of some of the cases in which indictments have been returned and to certain phases in the postoffice investigation which have not yet been thoroughly developed.

The Bonaparte-Conrad report recently submitted to the president dealt with things rather than with persons, and it is understood did not contain recommendations as to the retention or dismissal of suspected officials except in a general way. The report will be made public at an early date.

DIVORCEES WHO MARRY SHOULD BE OSTRACIZED

Archbishop Farley Favors Adoption of This Course by Catholics.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The recent address of the Rev. Father McMahon of the Catholic library on the question of divorce may develop into a social boycott on divorcees who have remarried, so far as the Catholic people can carry it out. The Rev. P. J. Hayes, chancellor to Archbishop Farley, said today on the subject:

"The position of the church is very positive on the question of divorce. The archbishop has expressed himself several times as opposed to the social recognition of divorced persons who remarry. He holds that they are not married and consequently should not be admitted to Catholic homes. Neither should Catholics attend social functions at which they are present, and particularly of which they are the prime instigators.

"We know that Catholics cannot control society, but they can do a great deal toward cleansing their social sphere. Archbishop Farley, in his letter to Father McMahon, expressed his views on the remarriage of divorced people very thoroughly and in no uncertain words. There is absolutely no loophole for divorced people to avoid the ban of the church in the event of their remarriage, therefore there should be no chance for them to avoid the ban of Catholic people."

MEETING FOR NEGROES.

Good Speakers Will Address Gathering in the A. M. E. Church Sunday.

An educational mass meeting will be held Sunday at 2:30 p. m. in the Wylie avenue A. M. E. church, Wylie avenue and Elm street, under the auspices of Morris Brown college, Atlanta, Ga., and Wilberforce university, Xenia, O. The two schools are said to be among the best in the country for the uplifting of the negro.

The speakers will be Prof. H. Y. Arnett, financial secretary of Wilberforce; the Rev. R. D. Stinson of Morris Brown college, Dr. Edward S. Young, pastor Second Presbyterian church; the Rev. Dr. J. W. Jeffries, Euclid Methodist church, and the Rev. Dr. W. J. Johnson, Wylie Methodist church. The Rev. Dr. I. S. Lee will preside.

IS YOUR STOMACH ON A STRIKE?

There Is Nothing to Prevent You Employing a Substitute to Do Its Work.

There is such a thing as forbearance ceasing to be a virtue even in the case of one's stomach. There is no question but that some stomachs will stand a great deal more wear and tear and abuse than others, but even they have their limit, and when that limit is reached the stomach must be reckoned with as sure as fate. The best way, and really the only effective way, to treat your stomach when it rebels is to employ a substitute to do its work. This will give the overtaxed and worn out an opportunity to rest and regain its strength and health.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets relieve the stomach of its work by taking up the work and doing it just as one set or shift of workmen relieves another; they actually digest the food in just the same manner and just the same time as the digestive fluids of a sound stomach do. In fact, when dissolved in the stomach they are digestive fluids, for they contain exactly the same constituents and amount of the gastric juice and other digestive fluids of the stomach. No matter what the condition of the stomach is, their work is just the same. They work in their own natural way without regard to surrounding conditions.

The stomach being thus relieved by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is restored and renewed by Nature and the rest of the human body does not suffer in the least on account of its failure to perform its work.

A Wisconsin man says: "I suffered the pange of dyspepsia for 10 years. I tried every known remedy with indifferent results until I was told of the remarkable cures of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. I bought a box, began taking them and forgot I had a stomach. Three boxes cured me completely. I have had no trouble whatever for a year and have an appetite like a harvest hand and can eat anything that is set before me without fear of bad results."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50 cents a box. The druggist never fails to have them in stock, because the demand for them is so great and so pronounced that he cannot afford to be without them. People who could not get them of one druggist would go to another, and would get in the habit of buying their other drugs there as well as their Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Just Closed Out
384 Hart, Schaffner & Marx
Swell
Top Coats

Coats that are made as only H. S. & M. know kow to make them—one, two, three of a kind—a great many of them silk lined. Coats that sold as high as $30.00—not one sold for less than $18.00. Unrestricted choice as long as they last for..... $15

Tomorrow Positively Last Day of Our Great Unloading Sale of
MEN'S SUITS

Tomorrow, last chance to buy $12.00 and $13.50 Suits at $9.85

Tomorrow, last chance to buy $15.00 and $16.50 Suits at $12.85

Tomorrow, last chance to buy $18.00 and $20.00 Suits at $15.85

Remember, the Suits we offer at this sale are all this season's newest and most up-to-date garments and include such celebrated makes as *H. S. & M., L. Adler Bros. & Co., B. Kuppenheimer & Co. and I. Hamburger & Sons.*

RAIN COATS
A complete line of Rain Coats with and without belts, in plain and fancy mixtures—from..... $10 to $30

"YOUR NEXT" HAT
ARNFELDS
1111 1119 PENN AVENUE Near 11th Street

Ribbon Special
Several thousand yards of All-Silk Ribbons, in black and all the choice shades in this lot. Four kinds:—
—3½-inch Plaids.
—3½-inch Roman Stripes.
—3½-inch Plain Satin Taffetas.
—3½-inch Plain Metallic Taffetas.
Our Friday price for these regular 20c and 25c ribbons will throng this section of the store, for we let them go for..... 12½c

FRIDAY

Handkerchiefs
Run a line from each of the four corners of our store to a common center and about where these four lines would come together you would find on Friday several trays full of Ladies' 10c All-linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs. The hems come in a variety of widths to meet every wish and whim of all kinds of customers; 10c would be a reasonable price for them. To gather a crowd in the center of the store we will let them go Friday for..... 3c

STORE OPENS 8 A. M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P. M.

LADIES' COATS — Black Kersey Jackets, 19 inches long, lined with satin and made fly front; the same type of garments for which we have been getting up to $10—Your choice for..... $4.98

UMBRELLAS—Ladies' $3.50 Umbrellas, with tape edge and taffeta covering, in a lovely line of long pearl and silver-mounted handles with silk tassels. Our Special Friday price..... $1.98

CAMPBELL'S
THE PEOPLE'S STORE

STAIR OILCLOTH—Ten of our best patterns in Stair Oilcloth, 50 inches wide, for..... 61¼c

KID GLOVES—Ladies' two-clasp Kids, in black and colors. All sizes in the lot. Real value 75c per pair—Friday price..... 44c

STORE OPENS 8 A. M.
STORE CLOSES 5:30 P. M.

Wall Papers
Wall Paper manufacturers change their patterns every season, so good things give out and cannot be duplicated. We have gone over the list of patterns that will be dropped at the end of this year and have made up packages of 12c and 15c papers for a Friday feature. You can get them tomorrow for, a bolt..... 5c
Borders same price.

IRON BEDS THAT ARE MARRED. A lot of Iron Beds sent out by the factory were not properly packed and the enamel got slightly scuffed in consequence. Some are white and some are green. While they last the Friday price will be..... $1.75

BRUSSELS RUGS — The designs and colorings are pleasing. The size is 8¼x9 ft. The regular price is $12. Our Friday price is..... $6.98

Crowning Silk Special
To wind up a wonder week in our silk department we give you the choice from our entire line of 75c Colored Taffetas—150 pieces in fifty different shades, the taffetas that other stores are selling right along for 85c and $1.00. Our price Friday and Saturday..... 63c

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Feel Your Pulse
If it beats fast, then slow—skips beats, your heart is weak and should be treated at once. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is the best and safest remedy. Sold on guarantee. Send for book on the heart. DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

THIS NUMBER 601 MAY SECURE
A Lot in
Riverview Park Plan
On Saturday, October 24, 1903, At 5 P. M., at Office
CITY REALTY TRUST,
Cor. Perrysville Avenue and Valley Street, ALLEGHENY, PA.
CALL AND GET TICKET.

TYPEWRITERS.
Special Sale.
For the next 30 days we will sell No. 4 and 5 Manhattan Typewriters at $42.50, and No. 3 Manhattan Typewriters at $50.00. A rare opportunity. All other makes of machines sold and repaired. F. S. Webster Co.'s Carbons and Ribbons.
F. S. WEBSTER CO.
433 Diamond St.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

(No. 90.)

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing "The Walker Place Land Company" to construct a lateral sewer on Mansion avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue.

Section 1—Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Walker Place Land Company, owners of abutting property on Mansion avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue, be and is hereby authorized to construct at their own cost and expense an adequate sewer on Mansion avenue, Eleventh ward, from California avenue to Hiawatha avenue. Said sewer to be constructed under the supervision and subject to the approval of the Director of the Department of Public Works, it being expressly understood that the said abutting property owners shall, upon the completion of said sewer, by a written instrument, dedicate the same without stipulation or reservation to the City of Allegheny. And the said "The Walker Place Land Company" shall be forever free from any fee for connecting houses on said Mansion avenue with the above mentioned sewer.

Section 2—That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

F. J. TORRANCE,
President of Select Council.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS,
City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH,
City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 17, A. D. 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

(No. 126.)

AN ORDINANCE—Granting the Crucible Steel Company the right to construct and maintain a railroad switch on and along Belmont street, in the Fifth ward, from its present siding connecting with the Pittsburgh & Western railroad to Ridge avenue.

Section 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the select and common councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Crucible Steel Company be and it is hereby granted permission to construct and maintain a railroad switch on and along Belmont street, in the Fifth ward, from Ridge avenue to its present siding connecting with the Pittsburgh & Western railroad, beginning at a point about eighty (80) feet east of Belmont street and running to Ridge avenue, according to the accompanying plan.

Sec. 2. Said switch shall be constructed and maintained, and the payment of the required license fee shall be made in accordance with ordinances now or hereafter enacted, and in accordance with the directions of the department of public works and the commissioner of public works. Provided that the Crucible Steel Company shall keep said switch and Belmont street at the place where it is constructed in good repair as long as said switch is maintained, and in case the same shall at any time be removed shall thoroughly repair the injury done by such removal.

Provided, further, that the right to maintain said switch shall be revocable by the city at any time after ten (10) years, and provided further, that said switch must be constructed within six (6) months from the passage of this ordinance.

Sec. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law in councils this 15th day of October, A. D. 1903.

C. F. KIRSCHLER,
President of Select Council pro tem.

Attest:
LAFAYETTE WILLS, City Clerk.
SAMUEL McELROY,
President of Common Council.
ROBERT DILWORTH, City Clerk.

Mayor's Office, City of Allegheny, Pa., October 21, A. D. 1903. The above ordinance examined and approved.
JAMES G. WYMAN,
Mayor.

IN the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 60, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the grading and paving of Turner alley, from Pike street to Guckert alley, Third ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

FREDK WALDSCHMIDT,
ADAM HOFFMANN,
SAM'L T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 62, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the grading and paving of Carlisle alley, from Morgan street to Scott street, Fourth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 11 o'clock a. m., and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

CHAS. A. LOCKE,
JNO. A. FAIRMAN,
WM. A. SCANDRETT,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 58, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the vacation of Davis avenue as formerly located, from Fearnley & Gilliford's plan of lots westerly to Davis avenue as now located, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

FREDK WALDSCHMIDT,
ADAM HOFFMANN,
SAM'L T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 61, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the opening of Hendricks street, from Bartlett street to Stayton street, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

FREDK WALDSCHMIDT,
ADAM HOFFMANN,
SAM'L T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 63, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the vacation of Derry street, from Mc-Shall's north line to the park, Fifteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

CHAS. A. LOCKE,
JNO. A. FAIRMAN,
WM. A. SCANDRETT,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 58, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the vacation of Derry street, from the entrance to Choctaw street, Fifteenth ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

CHAS. A. LOCKE,
JNO. A. FAIRMAN,
WM. A. SCANDRETT,
Viewers.

IN the court of common pleas, No. 1, No. 57, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the grading and paving of Friendship alley, from Jackson street to Alpine avenue, Second ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

FREDK WALDSCHMIDT,
ADAM HOFFMANN,
SAM'L T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

OFFICIAL—ALLEGHENY.

IN the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 50, December term, 1903.

In the matter of the petition of the city of Allegheny for the appointment of viewers to ascertain the costs, damages and expenses, and assess the benefits for the vacation and relocation of Ferry lane, from a point in the center line of said lane distant 174.15 feet north from the southerly line of Reserve street, south to Reserve street, Eleventh ward.

Notice is hereby given to all parties in interest that the undersigned viewers, duly appointed by the court in the foregoing matter, have prepared a schedule showing the damages, costs and expenses ascertained and allowed, and the benefits assessed for the foregoing improvement, and that said viewers will meet and exhibit the same at their office, Municipal hall, Allegheny, on the 5th day of November, A. D. 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m. and will then and thereupon hear all exceptions thereto and evidence thereon.

FREDK WALDSCHMIDT,
ADAM HOFFMANN,
SAM'L T. M'CLELLAND,
Viewers.

RAILROADS

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New York Limited, daily..... 7:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... 7:50 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily..... 8:00 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily..... 10:45 a. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily..... 4:45 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily..... 4:50 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily..... 7:10 p. m.
Fast Line, daily..... 9:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York only..... 10:00 p. m.
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For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 5:05 and 11:00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 6:15, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.
For Butler, 6:15, 9:00 a. m., 1:30 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge), all-rail route, 9:00 a. m. and 9:00 p. m. daily. Parlor cars and coaches. Dining car service. Pittsburgh and New York Limited, 7:15 a. m. week-days.
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For Greensburg, 8:00, 10:05 a. m., 12:50 and 4:20 p. m. week-days. For Mount Pleasant only, 8:25 a. m. week-days. For Scottdale, 7:00 a. m. and 1:05 p. m. Sundays. For West Newton, 7:00 a. m., 1:05, 2:35, 6:40 and 11:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00 a. m., 1:05 p. m. Sundays. For Dravosburg, West Elizabeth, Monongahela City and Belle Vernon, 7:00, 9:20, 10:35 a. m., 1:05, 3:25, 4:55, 5:25 p. m. Monongahela City, 9:40 a. m., 1:25 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00, 9:20 a. m., 1:05, 5:00 and 9:40 p. m.

FROM ALLEGHENY CITY.
For Butler, 8:25, 9:50, 10:15 a. m., 3:05 and 6:10 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 7:00 a. m., 3:32 p. m.

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Columbus and Cincinnati	* 8:00 am	* 8:50 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Wheeling and Steuben	* 8:30 am	* 5:35 pm
Akron and Cleveland	* 8:30 am	* 1:35 pm
Akron and Cleveland	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Ohio Valley Express	* 8:00 am	* 8:50 pm
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Wheeling and Steuben	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
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Akron and Cleveland	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Erie Mail	* 8:30 am	* 5:35 pm
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Erie Mail	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Conneaut and Erie	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
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Columbus and Chicago	* 8:30 am	* 5:35 pm
Columbus and Chicago Express	* 1:00 pm	* 8:50 pm
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Cleveland and Buffalo	* 1:00 pm	* 8:50 pm
Cleveland and Buffalo	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Akron and Toledo	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
New Castle and Erie	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Mansfield and City	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Youngstown and Ashtabula	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
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Cleveland and Buffalo	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
New Castle and Ashtabula	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Cleveland and Buffalo	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Cleveland and Toledo	* 4:30 pm	* 1:30 am
Youngstown